ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended September 30, 2022



Prepared by Department of Finance

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS Year Ended September 30, 2022

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Fable of Contents	. i
City Officials	
Drganization Chart	
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	.vi
Letter of Transmittal	

FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Activities	19
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Net Position	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	22
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	23
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	
Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	27
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	28
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds	30
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds	31
Notes to the Financial Statements	32
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP Basis):	
General Fund	72
Local Option Sales Tax	76
City Retirement Plan Schedules and Notes:	
General Employees' Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
City Only GE Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Police Officers' Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Firefighters' Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
General Employees' Schedule of Actuarially Determined Contributions	
Police Officers' Schedule of Actuarially Determined Contributions	
Firefighters' Schedule of Actuarially Determined Contributions	
Money-weighted Rate of Return	86
City Other Postemployment Benefits Plan Schedule:	
Schedule of Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	87

Other Supplemental Information:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet – All Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – All Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP Basis):	
Local Option Gas Tax	
Recreation Impact Fee Fund	
Community Redevelopment Agency Downtown	
Community Redevelopment Agency Vine Street	
Building Division	
Federal Grants Fund	
State Grants Fund	
Shingle Creek Regional Trail	
Mobility Fee	
State Housing Initiative Program	
Victims of Crime Act	
Justice Assistance Grant	
Paving Assessments	
Charter School	
Neighborhood Stabilization and HOME	
Community Development Block Grant	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	-
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP Basis):	
FmHA Bond	
2015B Refunding Revenue Note	
2014A Refunding Revenue Note	
2016 Revenue Note	
2010A Refunding Revenue Note	
2010B Refunding Revenue Note	
2010C Refunding Revenue Note	
2011B Capital Refunding Note	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP Basis):	
2016 Revenue Note Construction	
2018 Line of Credit	
2017 Note Capital Projects	
2022 Bonds Capital Projects	
Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	
Fund Net Position – Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	
5	

STATISTICAL SECTION

Schedule 1	Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	146
Schedule 2	Change in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Schedule 3	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	149
Schedule 4	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	150
Schedule 5	Assessed and Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years	151
Schedule 6	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Fiscal Years	152
Schedule 7	Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years	153
Schedule 8	Principal Property Taxpayers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	154
Schedule 9	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	155
Schedule 10	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	157
Schedule 11	Pledged Revenue Coverage – Last Ten Fiscal Years	158
Schedule 12	Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	160
Schedule 13	Principal Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	161
Schedule 14	Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program – Las	t Ten
	Fiscal Years	162
Schedule 15	Operating Indicators by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Schedule 16	Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	164

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	l
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	166
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Co	ontrol over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	168
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	171
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	173
Independent Auditor's Management Letter	
Independent Accountant's Report	177
Management's Responses	178
Impact Fee Affidavit	179

The City of Kissimmee, Florida City Officials As of September 30, 2022

Elected Officials

Mayor/Commissioner	Olga Gonzalez
Commissioner/Vice Mayor	Olga Castano
Commissioner/Mayor Pro Tem	Angela Eady
Commissioner	Carlos Alvarez III
Commissioner	Janette Martinez

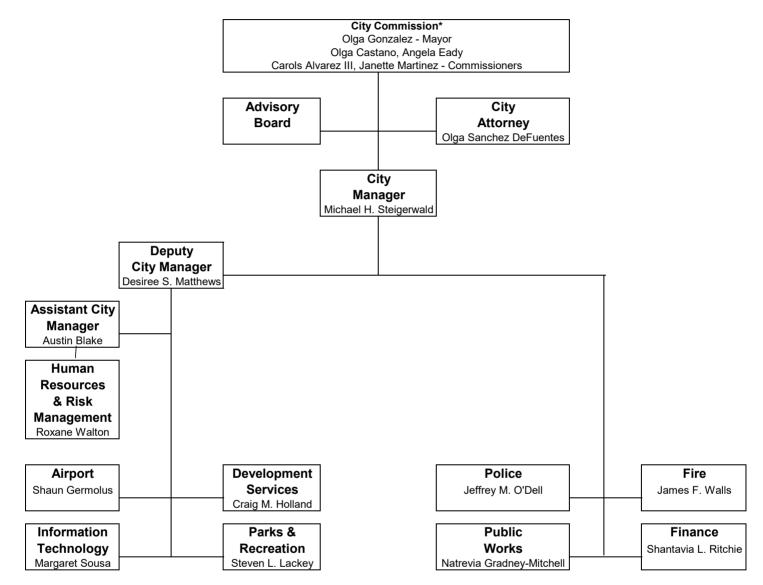
Financial Related Management

City Manager	Michael H. Steigerwald
Deputy City Manager	Desiree S. Matthews
Finance Director	Shantavia L. Ritchie
Assistant Finance Director	Sandra N. Pereira

Other Departmental Officials

Airport Director	Shaun Germolus
City Attorney	Olga Sanchez DeFuentes
Development Services Director	Craig M. Holland
Fire Chief	James F. Walls
Information Technology Director	Margaret R. Sousa
Parks & Recreation Director	Steven L. Lackey
Human Resources & Risk Management Director	Roxane Walton
Police Chief	Jeffrey M. O'Dell
Public Works & Engineering Director	Natrevia Gradney-Mitchell





* The City Commission is composed of representatives elected by the citizens of the City of Kissimmee.

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Kissimmee Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCE DEPARTMENT

101 CHURCH STREET - KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA 34741 - 407.518.2210

May 23, 2023

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee, Florida

Florida Statutes require that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby submit the annual comprehensive financial report of the City of Kissimmee, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Kissimmee. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of the City of Kissimmee has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Kissimmee's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Kissimmee's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Kissimmee's financial statements have been audited by Purvis, Gray and Company, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Kissimmee for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amount and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Kissimmee's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Kissimmee was performed in conjunction with a federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Kissimmee's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.



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THE CITY

The City of Kissimmee (the "City"), near the geographic center of Florida, is the county seat of Osceola County. Of Florida's 67 counties, Osceola is the State's sixth largest in geographical size, with a land area of 1,506 square miles. There are approximately 22.2 square miles within the corporate limits of the City. The 2020 U.S. Census reported 79,226 people living within the City. The current State population estimate for the City is 82,108.

The City has a commission/manager form of government, with a Mayor-Commissioner and four other Commissioners who are elected at large for four-year staggered terms. Elections are held on the Tuesday, nine (9) weeks prior to the State of Florida General Elections. The City employs a full-time manager who is the chief executive and administrative officer of the City.

The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police, fire, public works, community development and housing services, public improvements, planning, economic development, zoning, recreational services and general administrative services. The City also provides garbage and trash collection and operates a municipal airport, stormwater utility as well as a charter school.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM, INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS, AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The City's accounting records for General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds are maintained on a modified accrual basis. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available, while expenditures are recorded at the time the related fund liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for Enterprise, Internal Service and Pension Trust Funds are maintained on a full accrual basis.

In designing and developing the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding:

- 1. The safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and
- 2. The reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

- 1. The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and
- 2. The evaluation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The Director of Finance maintains budgetary control, in conformance with the City Charter and Florida Statutes, through constant review. Budgetary responsibility for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Enterprise Funds is established at the sub-object of expenditure level. The City Manager is authorized to approve transfers between non-salary sub-object line items within departments; however, transfers from salary line items, transfers between departments and changes in total budget appropriations for a fund must have prior approval of the City Commission. However, the City Manager can approve transfers of unused amounts in salary account line items to advertising, recruiting and/or professional service account line items. Interim financial reports are provided for internal use.



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THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The funds and entities related to the City, included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, are controlled by or dependent on the City. Determination of "controlled by or dependent on" is based on criteria and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number *14 Defining the Reporting Entity*. The criteria deal with the selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. Based on these criteria, the various funds shown in the Table of Contents are included in this report. This report, together with the accounting and budgeting systems, have been designed to conform to the standards set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Fund structure has also been designed to comply with the legal requirements of the various revenue bond covenants and resolutions.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City is primarily residential in character but also serves as a regional retail and commercial center. It derives a substantial portion of its economic activity from its proximity to Walt Disney World, its medical district which is the third largest in central Florida, its rapidly expanding airport and its position as the County seat.

The City's Medical District has seen over \$150 million invested by HCA FL – Osceola Hospital and over \$120 million by Advent Health – Kissimmee. Over \$200 Million has been invested by Osceola County and local groups towards infrastructure at the NeoCity project site that will provide a state-of-the-art advanced manufacturing research and development center for the nano sensor industry. This 500-acre technology and research district currently contains The Center for NeoVation, a 90,000 square foot semiconductor facility, a 100,000 square foot Class A office facility and NeoCity Academy, a STEM focused public magnet high school engaged in project-based learning recognized as one of the top high schools in the country. The center is expected to have a positive impact on the State of Florida's economy and presents significant opportunities for Kissimmee's future.

There are more than 50 attractions easily accessible from the Kissimmee Resort area. In addition to Walt Disney World, located approximately 7 miles west of the City, some of the tourist attractions near the City include Sea World, Gatorland Zoo, Reptile World Serpentarium, Medieval Times, and Kennedy Space Center. Special events that take place in the City each year are the Silver Spurs Rodeo, RAM National Rodeo, the festival series at Lakefront Park, and the Mecum Auto Auction.

The City's comprehensive plan, including a five-year capital growth program, has been developed to establish goals, objectives and policies for effective and realistic growth management. This plan is reviewed annually and revised as necessary. Management is committed and prepared to implement proactive alternatives that will insure the City's economic viability. The City will continue to budget and manage all resources in the most cost-effective manner. The City will maintain strict due-diligence measures and aggressively seek out opportunities to reduce or maintain expenditures on operations to within budgetary limits in order to develop and maintain the community's infrastructure and to enhance City services.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City prepares a rolling five-year capital budget each year. During this process, revenues and expenditures for key operating funds, such as General Fund, Local Option Sales Tax, Local Option Gas Tax, Stormwater, Sanitation and Airport funds, are analyzed to ensure the financial sustainability of each fund over the long term.



With regard to the General Fund and Enterprise Funds, the goal is to ensure that a minimum reserve of 20% will be maintained at the end of each five-year period. This exercise allows the City to plan for major capital expenditures. Therefore, during the fiscal year 2022-2023 capital budget process, various projects for continued road and road related improvements, technology improvements, drainage projects, airport enhancements, parks and park land projects, and various pieces of heavy equipment were planned. The total projected cost for capital improvements identified in the 2023-2027 capital improvement plan totaled \$82,300,293.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City continues to make progress on the Shingle Creek Regional Trail. Progress was also made on its road improvement plan, stormwater improvement projects, the Quiet Zone project and various grant funded projects. The municipally owned airport continued to embark on several improvement projects this past year as well. In fiscal year 2022, the City completed the Mill Slough Restoration project along with over \$10 million in Housing and Social Services Assistance. The implementation of a new permitting ERP was also completed. In addition to the myriad of capital projects that the City worked on during FY 2022, a tremendous amount of effort was focused on continuing the City's response to the global pandemic. Since many City residents were negatively impacted by the pandemic, the City received and administered grant monies focused on assisting residents with rental/mortgage assistance as a result of the significant job loss experienced in the Kissimmee community.

FUND BALANCE

The City has established a fund balance policy in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". The purpose of the fund balance policy is to establish a key element of the financial stability of the City by setting guidelines for fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is an important measure of economic stability. It is essential that the City maintain adequate levels of unassigned fund balance to mitigate financial risk that can occur from unforeseen revenue fluctuations, unanticipated expenditures, and similar circumstances.

REVELANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies. In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the City now includes in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the cost-sharing and single employer pension plans in which it participates. This proportionate amount represents a share of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the cost sharing and single employer pension plans to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total pension liability), less the amount of the cost-sharing and single employer pension plan's fiduciary net position. See note 8 to the financial statements for more information. In addition, the City previously implemented GASB 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This standard replaced GASB 45 and moves the accounting for other postemployment benefits to the balance sheet and income statement rather than being in the notes to the financial statements. Lastly, the City most recently implemented GASB 87 – Leases which requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.



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FIDUCIARY OPERATIONS

The City has fiduciary responsibility for the self-directed deferred compensation plan that allows employees to defer a portion of salary for future years. The City also has separate Pension Trust Funds for General Employees, Police Officers and Firefighters.

These Funds were created to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for the retirement annuities of all City employees. The City continues to contribute to these funds in accordance with City Commission established criteria that includes annual independent actuarial analyses.

STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS - INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Florida Statutes require the City's financial statements to be subjected to an annual examination by an independent Certified Public Accountant. Those provisions have been satisfied and the opinion of the independent accountant is included.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Kissimmee, Florida for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe the City's current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The presentation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. We would also like to thank the Commissioners for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

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Mike Steigerwald City Manager

Sudan

Tavia Ritchie, CPA, CGFO Finance Director



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PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kissimmee, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of a Matter

As described in Note 14 to the financial statements, in 2022, the City adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Gainesville | Ocala | Tallahassee | Sarasota | Orlando | Lakeland | Tampa purvisgray.com Members of American and Florida Institutes of Certified Public Accountants An Independent Member of the BDO Alliance USA Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Fund, City Retirement Plan Schedules and Notes, and City Other Postemployment Benefits Plan Schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, internal service funds financial statements, related budgetary comparison schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to. the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, internal services funds financial statements, related budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 23, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City 's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Purvis Gray

May 23, 2023 Ocala, Florida

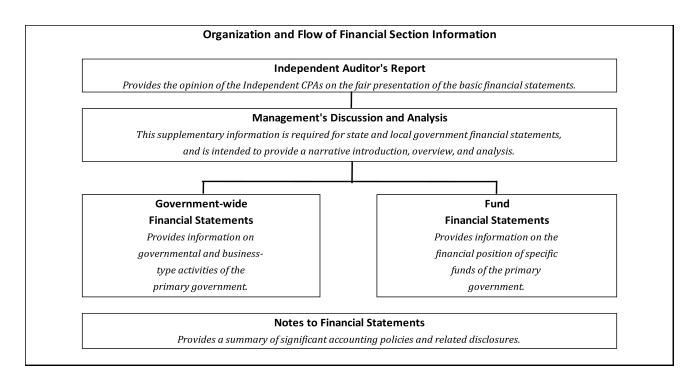
The City of Kissimmee, Florida's (the "City") Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A") presents an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the letter of transmittal in the introductory section, and the City's financial statements following the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2022 by \$300,801 (net position).
- The City's net position increased by \$19,464 from current year activities, of which governmental activities contributed \$15,555 of this increase.
- The fund balance for governmental funds increased by \$30,084 from the prior year. The majority of this increase resulted from increased revenues for the use of the City's services as operations opened back up after the pandemic shutdowns.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.



Government-wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements*, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Additionally, nonfinancial factors, such as a change in the City's property tax base or the condition of City facilities and infrastructure, should be considered to assess the overall financial health of the City.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during fiscal year 2022. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected but earned revenue and unused vacation leave).

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, transportation, economic environment, and culture/recreation. The business-type activities of the City include sanitation services, storm water services, and the operation of an airport. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following the MD&A.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government) but also legally separate entities known as component units. Component units, which are other governmental units over which the City Commission can exercise influence and/or may be obligated to provide financial subsidy, are presented within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, and as individual special revenue funds in the fund financial statements. The City's component units (the Community Redevelopment Agencies) are nonmajor special revenue funds of the City.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Local Option Sales Tax, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation noted as Nonmajor Governmental Funds. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the other supplemental information section of this report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, most capital projects funds, most debt service funds, and most special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate budgetary compliance.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. The *enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the fiscal activities relating to stormwater, sanitation, and airport operations. The *internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its risk management programs and to allocate costs from central services (such as information technology, warehouse, garage, and building maintenance). Because these activities predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Stormwater Utility Fund, the Airport Fund and the Sanitation Fund, which are considered to be major funds of the City, and the aggregate of the internal service funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to proprietary funds. The City has three pension trust funds to account for the general employees' pension plan, the police officers' pension plan, and the firefighters' pension plan.

Notes to the financial statements and Other Information

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, *required supplementary information* is included which presents budgetary comparison schedules for the City's General Fund and Local Option Sales Tax; schedule of total OPEB liability and related ratios for the City's Other Postemployment Benefits Plan; and required pension schedules for the City's three pension plans. Required supplementary information can be found following the notes to the financial statements.

The other supplementary information section of this report includes the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds. Combining statements for internal service funds are also presented in this section. Combining and individual fund budgetary comparison schedules for nonmajor funds can be found after the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$300,801 at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. At the end of fiscal year 2022, the City is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position for its business-type activities, and its governmental activities.

The largest portion of the City's net position of \$239,962 reflects its net investment in capital assets (land, buildings, infrastructure and equipment less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The City has restricted net position of \$51,673 for construction projects, public safety programs, supplementary care, and other purposes. The remaining balance is unrestricted net position of \$6,443.

City of Kissimmee, Florida Net Position (In Thousands)

	Governme	ental Activities	Business-t	ype Activities	Total				
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 144,331	\$ 106,574	\$ 9,245	\$ 7,460	\$ 153,576	\$ 114,034			
Capital Assets (Net)	264,555	263,993	53,812	51,688	318,367	315,681			
Total Assets	408,886	370,567	63,057	59,148	471,943	429,715			
Deferred Outflows	36,522	11,807	2,493	494	39,015	12,301			
Current and Other Liabilities	25,085	18,274	1,163	1,611	26,248	19,885			
Long-term Liabilities	175,331	114,722	5,867	1,804	181,198	116,526			
Total Liabilities	200,416	132,996	7,030	3,415	207,446	136,411			
Deferred Inflows	2,546	22,487	165	1,781	2,711	24,268			
Net Position: Net Investment in									
Capital Assets	186,416	184,731	53,546	51,601	239,962	236,332			
Restricted	54,396	40,052	-	-	54,396	40,052			
Unrestricted	1,634	2,108	4,809	2,845	6,443	4,953			
Total Net Position	\$ 242,446	\$ 226,891	\$ 58,355	\$ 54,446	\$ 300,801	\$ 281,337			

There was a net increase of \$19,464 in the City's net position over fiscal year 2021. There was a net increase of \$15,555 in net position reported in connection with the City's governmental activities and a \$3,909 increase in business-type activities. Reasons for these changes are presented in the following pages for governmental and business-type activities.

Capital assets increased by \$2,686 from the prior year due to several large park improvements, transportation projects and right to use leases. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in the current year which resulted in the reporting of right to use intangible assets for leases. Long term liabilities increased by \$64,672 from the prior year, including a increase of \$60,609 in connection with governmental activities for a significant increase in the net pension liability.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

City of Kissimmee, Florida Change in Net Position (In Thousands)

	Governm	enta	al Ao	ctivities	Business-type Activities				Total			
	2022			2021		2022	2021		2022			2021
REVENUES												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for Services	\$ 45,46	7	\$	38,564	\$	13,502	\$	12,754	\$	58,969	\$	51,318
Operating Grants and Contributions	5,64	6		2,400		312		254		5,958		2,654
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,58	9		9,125		2,879		1,007		7,468		10,132
General Revenues:												
Property Taxes	19,32	6		17,739		-		-		19,326		17,739
Other Taxes	31,99	3		29,371		-		-		31,993		29,371
Other	36,21	6		33,252		1,581		46		37,797		33,298
Total Revenues	143,23	7		130,451		18,274		14,061		161,511		144,512
EXPENSES												
General Government	50,39	2		46,066		-		-		50,392		46,066
Public Safety	50,25	9		44,709		-		-		50,259		44,709
Transportation	14,31	2		9,079		-		-		14,312		9,079
Economic Environment	1,22	8		1,468		-		-		1,228		1,468
Culture/Recreation	9,21	1		8,183		-		-		9,211		8,183
Interest on Long-term Debt	2,94	4		2,495		-		-		2,944		2,495
Stormwater		-		-		5,258		5,363		5,258		5,363
Airport		-		-		2,423		1,751		2,423		1,751
Sanitation		-		-		6,020		5,489		6,020		5,489
Total Expenses	128,34	6		112,000		13,701		12,603		142,047		124,603
Excess Before Transfers	14,89	1		18,451		4,573		1,458		19,464		19,909
Transfers	66	4		558		(664)		(558)		-		-
Change in Net Position	15,55	5		19,009		3,909		900		19,464		19,909
Net Position - Beginning	226,89	1		207,882		54,446		53,546		281,337		261,428
Net Position - Ending	\$ 242,44	6	\$	226,891	\$	58,355	\$	54,446	\$	300,801	\$	281,337

Governmental activities

Governmental activities accounted for an increase of \$15,555 from the prior year net position. Charges for services increased by \$6,903 from increased use of City services by citizens and businesses after the COVID-19 shutdowns of many City facilities. Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$(4,536) due to slow down in transportation grant projects in the current year. Other taxes increased by \$2,622 from the prior year as spending within the State increased to pre-pandemic levels.

Total governmental activities expenses increased by \$16,346 from the prior year. The majority of this increase resulted from the effects of change in net pension liability.

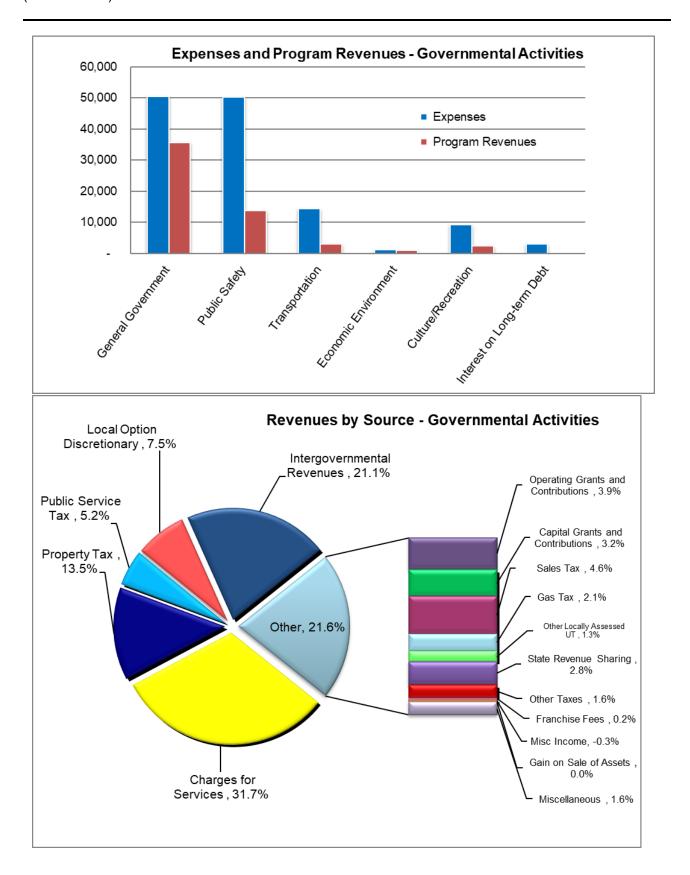
The following tables and graphs show the results of governmental activities for fiscal year ended 2022.

					,		mousan	103)								
	Expenses										N	et C	ost of Servi	ces		
		% of														
		2022	T	Total		Total		2021		% Change		2022		2021		% Change
Functions/Programs																
General Government	\$	50,392		39	%	\$	46,066	ç	%	\$	(14,829)	\$	(16,811)	(12) %		
Public Safety		50,259		39	%		44,709	12	%		(36,553)		(35,506)	3 %		
Transportation		14,312		11	%		9,079	58	%		(11,300)		(3,660)	209 %		
Economic Environment		1,228		1	%		1,468	(16) %		(215)		137	(257) %		
Culture/Recreation		9,211		7	%		8,183	13	%		(6,803)		(3,576)	90 %		
Interest on Long-term Debt		2,944		2	%		2,495	18	%		(2,944)		(2,495)	18 %		
-	\$	128,346		100	%	\$	112,000			\$	(72,644)	\$	(61,911)			

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities (In Thousands)

Revenue by Source – Governmental Activities (In Thousands)

Description		2022	% of Total			2021	% Change	
•		2022	Total			2021	% Change	
Program Revenues	¢	45 407	24	0/	¢	20 504	40	0/
Charges for services	\$	45,467	31	%	\$	38,564	18	%
Operating grants and contributions		5,646	4	%		2,400	135	
Capital grants and contributions		4,589	3	%		9,125	(50)	%
General Revenues								
Property tax		19,326	13	%		17,739	9	%
Sales tax		6,618	5	%		5,460	21	%
Public service tax		7,459	5	%		7,233	3	%
Gas tax		2,968	2	%		2,767	7	%
Local option discretionary tax		10,783	7	%		8,555	26	%
Other locally assessed utility tax		1,838	1	%		1,727	6	%
Other taxes		2,327	2	%		3,629	(36)	%
State revenue sharing		3,941	3	%		3,178	24	%
Unrestricted intergovernmental								
revenues		30,159	21	%		27,090	11	%
Franchise fees		230	0	%		197	17	%
Investment income (loss)		(406)	-	%		(71)	472	%
Gain on sale of capital assets		-	0	%		942	(100)	%
Miscellaneous		2,292	2	%		1,916	20	%
Transfers		664	-	%		558	19	%
	\$	143,901	100	%	\$	131,009		
				-				



Business-type activities

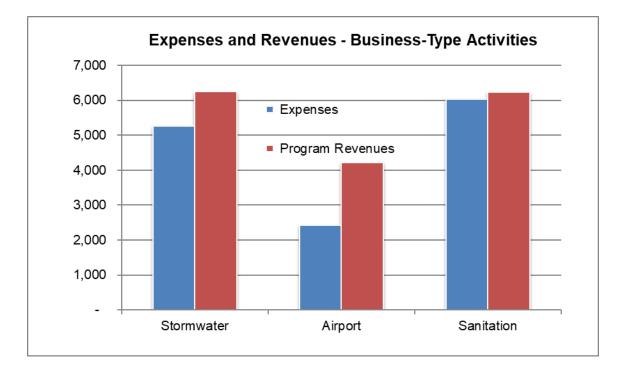
Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$3,909, in line with the increase in the prior year. The Stormwater, Airport, and Sanitation expenses remained relatively unchanged from the prior year from operating strategies to provide cost effective services to users during the year. Additional information on the results of individual business-type activity funds is discussed in a different section.

		Expenses		Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position							
	 2022	2021	% Change		2022		2021	% Change			
Functions/Programs											
Stormwater	\$ 5,258	\$ 5,363	(2) %	\$	995	\$	660	51 %			
Airport	2,423	1,751	38 %		1,788		303	490 %			
Sanitation	6,020	5,489	10 %		209		449	(53) %			
	\$ 13,701	\$ 12,603		\$	2,992	\$	1,412				

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities (In Thousands)

Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities (In Thousands)

	 2022	% of Total		 2021	% Change	
Charges for services	\$ 13,502	74	%	\$ 12,754	6	%
Operating grants and contributions	312	2	%	254	100	%
Capital grants and contributions	2,879	16	%	1,007	186	%
Investment income	(19)	-	%	5	(480)	%
Miscellaneous	` 3́	-	%	4	(25)	%
Gain on sale of capital assets	1,597	9	%	37	4,216	%
	\$ 18,274	100	%	\$ 14,061		



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable resources*. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$-, an increase of \$30,084 in comparison with the prior year. This increase was largely the result of COVID-19 relief funds that reimbursed the City for some revenue lost in the prior years during the shutdown. Components of fund balance are now comprised of nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The components of committed, assigned and unassigned are considered spendable unrestricted fund balance. The total spendable unrestricted fund balance of governmental funds in fiscal year 2022 was \$43,755 compared to \$38,535 for fiscal year 2021, an increase of \$5,220 for all governmental funds. The main cause of this increase was effective budgeting for services provided primarily from general revenue sources along with receipt of COVID-19 pandemic relief.

The City has two major governmental funds - the General Fund and Local Option Sales Tax fund. More detailed information regarding these major funds is provided in the following section.

Major Funds - Governmental

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2022, the spendable unrestricted fund balance (assigned for budgetary carryforward \$7,203 and unassigned fund balance \$36,588) of the General Fund totaled \$43,791 compared to \$38,515 in fiscal year 2021, an increase of \$5,276. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the spendable unrestricted fund balance of \$43,791 to the total fund's expenditures of \$80,610. This represents 54.3% of total expenditures compared to 48.4% in the prior fiscal year. Thus, the City was able to maintain its liquidity available to meet upcoming expenditures. The fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$5,519 during the current fiscal year. The General Fund overall maintained the same level of spending as the prior year. Taxes increased by \$1,726 mainly from property taxes as property values continue to increase each year. Although expenditures increased from the prior year by \$8,072, this was offset by increased intergovernmental revenues of \$7,418 in line with that increase.

Local Option Sales Tax

The Local Option Sales Tax total fund balance was increased by \$7,463. Current year tax revenues were \$2,228 greater than the prior year due to a spending increase in the City closer to pre-pandemic levels. Expenditures for capital improvement projects were \$3,421 lower than the prior year as several projects are in their pre-construction phase.

Major funds - Enterprise

The City's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City has three major enterprise funds – the Stormwater Fund, the Airport Fund, and the Sanitation Fund. Unrestricted net position in the Stormwater Fund increased by \$1,455, in the Airport Fund increased by \$1,068, and in the Sanitation Fund decreased by \$559 over the prior year. All three funds experienced minimal increases in operating revenues for continued use of services.

Stormwater Fund

The Stormwater Fund had an increase in net position of \$653. The minimal increase of \$653 shows the fund is operating effectively on current rates. Operating expenses were consistent with the prior year.

Airport Fund

The Airport Fund had an increase in net position of \$3,350. The Airport benefited from capital contributions for current improvements of \$2,878; and the minimal increase in operating expenses over the prior year was offset by a gain on sale of land.

Sanitation Fund

The Sanitation Fund had a minimal decrease in net position of \$(94) from the prior year. Operating revenues were greater than operating expenses by \$280 in the current year, confirming that the City's rates are sufficient to cover operational costs of the sanitation system.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund's original budget was amended to increase expenditures by \$21,325 (not including transfers out). The changes for expenditures within functions are summarized in the table below. Adjustments were made for additional grant-funded expenditures, COVID-19 related expenditures, and personnel changes during the course of the year.

	Orig	Original Budget		inal Budget	 Change
General Government	\$	17,859	\$	34,026	\$ 16,167
Public Safety		44,920		45,989	1,069
Transportation		5,854		7,282	1,428
Culture/Recreation		8,054		8,859	805
Non-departmental		30,880		32,736	 1,856
	\$	107,567	\$	128,892	\$ 21,325

The General Fund under-spent the final budget by \$48,246 during fiscal year 2022. All departments spent less than their final budget (from reduced personnel costs and delayed capital purchases) during the year except for Public Works while trying to provide the same levels of service to the City's citizens. Public Works overspent their budget due to new lease accounting changes. The largest reduction resulted as the

non-departmental budget included reserves for operating and capital that were not spent in the current year. The general government and public safety functions experienced the greatest reductions from the final budget totals primarily in personnel costs. The changes within functions are summarized in the table presented here.

		Actual				
	E	Expenditures		nal Budget	D	ifference
General Government	\$	17,638	\$	34,026	\$	16,388
Public Safety		43,556		45,989		2,433
Transportation		9,743		7,282		(2,461)
Culture/Recreation		7,445		8,859		1,414
Non-departmental		2,228		32,736		30,508
Transfers Out		5,297		5,261		(36)
	\$	85,907	\$	134,153	\$	48,246

Capital Assets and Long-term Debt

Capital Assets

The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022 amounts to \$318,367 (net of accumulated depreciation). These capital assets include land, software, right to use lease assets, parking capacity, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total increase in the City's capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$2,686. Governmental activities increased capital assets by \$562 and business-type activities increased by \$2,124.

Within governmental activities, the largest increases from the beginning balances were in improvements for \$2,276, construction in progress for \$2,266 and intangibles for \$4,488. These were primarily attributed to transportation projects and changes to accounting for leases. Right to use intangible assets are now recorded for the City's leases. Additionally, depreciation expense remained in line with the prior year.

The capital assets of business-type activities increased for improvements for \$3,034. Depreciation expense remained consistent with the prior year.

City of Kissimmee, Florida Capital Assets (Net) (In Thousands)

	Governmer	tal Activities	Business-ty	ype Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Land	\$ 46,296	\$ 45,857	\$ 1,892	\$ 1,892	\$ 48,188	\$ 47,749		
Intangibles	22,334	17,846	329	329	22,663	18,175		
Buildings	18,617	18,525	13,679	13,666	32,296	32,191		
Improvements Other than Buildings	207,154	204,878	50,181	47,147	257,335	252,025		
Equipment	41,397	39,785	14,064	13,050	55,461	52,835		
Construction in Progress	49,903	47,637	4,772	3,748	54,675	51,385		
	385,701	374,528	84,917	79,832	470,618	454,360		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(121,146)	(110,535)	(31,105)	(28,144)	(152,251)	(138,679)		
Capital Assets, net	\$ 264,555	\$ 263,993	\$ 53,812	\$ 51,688	\$ 318,367	\$ 315,681		

Additional information on the City's capital assets, including major construction commitments, can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of fiscal year 2022, governmental activities had total debt outstanding of \$88,740. This is an increase of \$8,997 from the prior year, due to additional leases payable and financed purchases of \$3,441. Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements and revenue bonds account for the majority of the City's overall outstanding debt. Notes from direct borrowing decreased by \$(19,450) and revenue bonds increased by \$25,006 due to refunding of the notes by a bond issuance in the current year. Additional information on the refunding can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

City of Kissimmee, Florida Outstanding Long-term Debt (In Thousands)

	Ģ	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Total				
		2022		2021		22	2021		2022			2021		
Notes from Direct														
Borrowings and Placements	\$	16,535	\$	35,985	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,535	\$	35,985		
Revenue Bonds		65,395		40,389		-		-		65,395		40,389		
Financed Purchases and														
Leases Payable		6,810		3,369		-		-		6,810		3,369		
	\$	88,740	\$	79,743	\$	-	\$	-	\$	88,740	\$	79,743		

Additional information on the City's debt, including the current year issuance and any major changes to the City's credit ratings, can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the City at September 30, 2022 was 2.9%, which is a decrease of 1.6% from the 4.5% unemployment rate from the prior year, primarily due to lifting of local COVID-19 lockdowns.
- Population increased minimally by 210 to 79,436 compared to 79,226 in the prior fiscal year.
- The ad valorem tax rate for the General Fund stayed constant at 4.6253 for the 2023 approved fiscal year budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's Finance Department, 101 Church Street, Kissimmee, Florida 34741.

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CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

400570	G	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS	¢	67,101	\$ 12,247	\$	79,348
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Investments	\$	54,396	φ 12,247	φ	54,396
Receivables (net)		4,236	1,197		5,433
Due from Other Governments		9,874	543		10,417
Due from KUA		2,099	-		2,099
Internal balances		1,131	(1,131)		_,
Due from TWA		1,014	10		1,024
Inventories		135	-		135
Lease Receivable		399	19		418
Prepaid Items		306	-		306
Advances		3,640	(3,640)		-
Capital Assets:					
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		96,199	6,664		102,863
Capital Assets Being Amortized (Net)		1,056	212		1,268
Capital Assets Being Depreciated (Net)		167,300	46,936		214,236
Total Capital Assets		264,555	53,812		318,367
Total Assets		408,886	63,057		471,943
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		1,194	92		1,286
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		35,328	2,401		37,729
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		36,522	2,493		39,015
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable		3,256	1,025		4,281
Contracts Payable		-	82		82
Accrued Liabilities		6,148	23		6,171
Due to Other Governments		1,200	-		1,200
Unearned Revenue		14,461	33		14,494
Deposits		20	-		20
Long-term Liabilities:					
Due Within One Year		9,666	36		9,702
Due in More Than One Year		165,665	5,831		171,496
Total Liabilities		200,416	7,030		207,446
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1 671	120		1 000
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		1,671	138		1,809
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows Related to Leases		479 396	8 19		487 415
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,546	165		2,711
NET POSITION		,			,
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:		186,416	53,546		239,962
Supplementary Care - Nonexpendable		1,209	-		1,209
Construction Projects		28,459	-		28,459
Public Safety		794	-		794
Charter School		2,948	-		2,948
Building Safety		6,742	-		6,742
Recreation Projects		2,723	-		2,723
Community Redevelopment		7,077	-		7,077
Other Purposes		4,444	-		4,444
Unrestricted		1,634	4,809		6,443
Total Net Position	\$	242,446	\$ 58,355	\$	300,801

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

				Pro	ogram Revenues	5		Net (Expense) R	eve	nue and Change	s in I	let Position
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		pital Grants and ontributions		vernmental		Business-type Activities		Total
Governmental Activities:													
General Government	\$	50,392	\$ 30,52	6\$	5,037	\$	-	\$	(14,829)	\$	-	\$	(14,829)
Public Safety		50,259	13,32	1	385		-		(36,553)		-		(36,553)
Transportation		14,312	47:	2	-		2,540		(11,300)		-		(11,300)
Economic Environment		1,228		-	198		815		(215)		-		(215)
Culture/Recreation		9,211	1,148	В	26		1,234		(6,803)		-		(6,803)
Interest on Long-term Debt		2,944			-	-	-		(2,944)		-		(2,944)
Total Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities:		128,346	45,46	7	5,646		4,589		(72,644)				(72,644)
Stormwater		5,258	6,088	8	164		1		-		995		995
Airport		2,423	1,18	5	148		2,878		-		1,788		1,788
Sanitation		6,020	6,229	9	-		-		-		209		209
Total Business-Type Activities		13,701	13,502	2	312		2,879		-		2,992		2,992
Total	\$	142,047	\$ 58,969	9 \$	5,958	\$	7,468		(72,644)		2,992		(69,652)
	Proper Sales Public Gas Ta Other I Other Local 0 State F Unrest Franch Investr Gain o	Service Tax ax Locally Asses Taxes Option Discret Revenue Shar	ing vernmental Revenu (Loss)	ues					19,326 6,618 7,459 2,968 1,838 2,327 10,783 3,941 30,159 230 (406) - 2,292		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		19,326 6,618 7,459 2,968 1,838 2,327 10,783 3,941 30,159 230 (425) 1,597 2,295
	Transfe	ers							664		(664)		
	Total G	eneral Reven	ues and Transfers						88,199		917		89,116
	Change	e in Net Positio	on						15,555		3,909		19,464

 Net Position - Beginning
 226,891
 54,446
 281,337

 Net Position - Ending
 \$ 242,446
 \$ 58,355
 \$ 300,801

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 General		Local Option Sales Tax		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 47,696	\$	12,272	\$	39,647	\$	99,615
Restricted Cash and Investments	36		-		12,977		13,013
Accounts Receivable (net)	4,002		-		187		4,189
Special Assessments Receivable (net)	17		-		-		17
Due from KUA	2,074		-		-		2,074
Due from TWA	-		-		3		3
Due from Other Funds	1,777		-		-		1,777
Due from Other Governments	6,075		1,859		1,369		9,303
Prepaid Items	257		-		49		306
Inventories	60		-		-		60
Advance to Other Funds	-		-		3,640		3,640
Total Assets	\$ 61,994	\$	14,131	\$	57,872	\$	133,997
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilties:							
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,276	\$	16	\$	1,180	\$	2,472
Accrued Liabilities	-		-		6,148		6,148
Due to Other Funds	-		-		646		646
Due to Other Governments	1,200		-		-		1,200
Deposits Payable	20		-		-		20
Advanced Grants	13,742		-		719		14,461
Total Liabilities	 16,238		16		8,693		24,947
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	 -,				- ,		<u>, ,</u>
Unavailable Earned Revenues	845		-		418		1,263
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 845		-		418		1,263
Fund Balances (Deficits):							
Nonspendable Prepaids and Inventories	317		-		49		366
Nonspendable Advances	-		-		3,640		3,640
Nonspendable Supplementary Care	-		-		1,209		1,209
Restricted for Transportation Projects	-		-		13,054		13,054
Restricted for Public Safety Projects	792		-		2		794
Restricted for Development Services	-		-		6,742		6,742
Restricted for Economic Development	-		-		7,299		7,299
Restricted for Recreation Projects	-		-		2,723		2,723
Restricted for Charter School	-		-		2,948		2,948
Restricted for Construction Projects	-		-		7,881		7,881
Restricted for Other Capital Improvements	11		14,115		3,250		17,376
Assigned for Budgetary Carryforward	7,203		-		-,		7,203
Assigned for Debt Service Unassigned (Deficits)	-		-		96		96
General Fund	36,588		-		-		36,588
Special Revenue Funds	-		-		(132)		(132)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	 44,911		14,115		48,761		107,787
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 61,994	\$	14,131	\$	57,872	\$	133,997
· · · · ·	. ,	- <u>-</u>	,	÷	. ,	÷	

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION as of September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

Total fund balances of governmental funds		\$	107,787
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$377,325, the accumulated depreciation is \$98,519, and the accumulated amortization is \$16,832. The difference does not include the net capital assets of the internal service funds which are included below.			261,974
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of risk management services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.			5,554
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities-both current and long term-are reported in the statement of net position. The amount does not include the long-term liabilities of the internal service funds which are included above. Long-term liabilities at yearend consist of: Bonds payable Bonds premium Notes from direct borrowing and direct placements Financed purchases Leases payable Other postemployment benefits liability Compensated absences	\$	(61,523) (3,872) (16,535) (2,801) (3,995) (6,613) (2,453)	(97,792)
Net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			(69,207)
 Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position. Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to PEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions 		1,120 33,774 (1,568) (459)	32,867
			1,203
Total net position of governmental activities The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial staten	nents.	\$	242,446

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES</u> <u>GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

		General	Local Option Sales Tax		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governme Funds	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	26,983	\$ 10,783	\$	2,968	\$ 40.	734
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	Ŧ	237	-	Ŧ	5,438		675
Intergovernmental Revenues		46,245	-		13,335		580
Charges for Services		10,626	169		1,421		216
Fines and Forfeitures		655	-		-		655
Investment Income (Loss)		(240)	68		(183)		355)
Miscellaneous Revenues		1,106	-		534		640
Total Revenues		85,612	11,020		23,513	120,	145
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General Government		19,069	289		6,448		806
Public Safety		43,556	224		4,572		352
Transportation		9,743	552		2,559		854
Economic Environment		-	-		1,937		937
Culture/Recreation		7,445	102		220	7,	767
Debt Service:		755	251		4,663	F	660
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges		12	62		4,003 2,641		669 715
Professional Fees		30	02		2,041		390
Capital Outlay		- 50	-		18		18
Total Expenditures		80,610	1,480		23,418	105,	
•			,		-, -)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		5,002	9,540		95	14,	637
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES and (USES)							
Transfers In		1,381	2,323		9,689	13,	393
Transfers (Out)		(5,297)	(4,400)		(3,062)	(12,	759)
Issuance of Notes Payable/Refunded							
Notes Payable		-	-		26,730	26,	730
Payment to Refunded Notes Escrow					(40.050)	(4.0.)	0.50)
Agent		-	-		(16,350)		350)
Issuance of Leases		4,433	-		-	4,	433
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		517	(2,077)		17,007	15	447
Net Change in Fund Balances		5,519	7,463		17,102		084
Fund Balances - Beginning		39,392	6,652		31,659	77,	703
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	44,911	\$ 14,115	\$	48,761	\$ 107,	787

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,</u> <u>EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> <u>TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u> For The Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	30,084
Governmental funds report capital purchases as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated and amortized over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital purchases (\$11,538) and donations (\$0) exceeds depreciation (\$10,121, which excludes the amount related to internal service funds accounted for below) and amortization (\$774).			643
The issuance of bonds and similar long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds and thus contributes to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The amounts of the items that make up these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are:			
Debt issued or incurred: Proceeds from bonds Proceeds from leases Principal repayments: Bonds Amortization of bond premium Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements Leases payable Financed purchases	\$ (26,730) (4,433) 1,563 161 19,450 438 568		(8,983)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. These adjustments are as follows:			
Compensated absences	 2	_	2

Continued

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,</u> <u>EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> <u>TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - Continued</u> For The Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

Cash pension and OPEB contributions recorded in the funds were less than the calculated pension and OPEB expenses on the statement of activities and therefore decreased net position.	\$ (6,409)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, governmental revenues are recognized when both the measureable and available criteria have been met. Those revenues earned in the current year were not recognized since the availability criteria	(717)
was not met. Under full accrual accounting, all revenues would be recognized. In the statement of activities, only the loss on the sale/disposal of capital assets	(717)
is reported. The change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold/disposed or adjusted in value.	(226)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of risk management services to other funds. The net revenue of the internal service fund is reported	
with governmental activities.	 1,161
Change in net position of governmental activities The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.	\$ 15,555

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u> <u>PROPRIETARY FUNDS</u> September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Bus	ds	overnmental Activities - Internal				
	Stormwater		Airport	 Sanitation		Total	 Service Funds
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,222	2 \$	665	\$ 5,360	\$	12,247	\$ 8,869
Accounts Receivable (net)	411		226	560		1,197	30
Due from Other Governments	1		542	-		543	571
Due from KUA		-	-	-		-	25
Due from TWA		-	-	10		10	1,012
Inventories		-	-	-		-	75
Leases Receivable	·		19	 -		19	 399
Total Current Assets	6,634	L	1,452	 5,930		14,016	 10,981
Capital Assets:							
Land	1,583	3	309	-		1,892	-
Buildings	509		12,763	407		13,679	289
Improvements Other Than Buildings	30,242		19,734	205		50,181	4,975
Software, Net	37	7	175	-		212	27
Right-to-Use Equipment, Net of							
Amortization		-					13
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	6,500		776	6,788		14,064	3,059
Construction in Progress	914		3,858	-		4,772	-
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(13,212		(13,317)	 (4,459)		(30,988)	 (5,782)
Total Capital Assets	26,573		24,298	 2,941		53,812	 2,581
Total Noncurrent Assets	26,573	<u> </u>	24,298	 2,941		53,812	 2,581
Total Assets	33,207	7	25,750	 8,871		67,828	 13,562
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	43	3	12	37		92	74
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	1,097		307	 997		2,401	 1,554
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,140)	319	 1,034		2,493	 1,628

Continued

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - Continued</u> <u>PROPRIETARY FUNDS</u> September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

		Busin	ds		vernmental Activities - Internal						
	St	ormwater	Airport			Sanitation		Total	Service Funds		
LIABILITIES											
Current Liabilities:											
Accounts Payable	\$	293	\$	67	\$	665	\$	1,025	\$	784	
Contracts Payable		-		82		-		82		-	
Accrued Liabilities		-		23		-		23		-	
Due to KUA		-		-		-		-		1	
Due to Other Funds		-		1,131		-		1,131		-	
Deposits		-		23		10		33		-	
Advances from Other Funds		- 18		- 6		3,640 12		3,640 36		- 36	
Compensated Absences Payable Estimated Claims Payable		10		0		12		30		2,315	
Total Current Liabilities		311		1,332		4,327		5,970		3,136	
		511		1,002		4,527		5,570		5,150	
Noncurrent Liabilities:		70		00		40				4.40	
Compensated Absences Payable		70 359		26		48		144		146	
Other Postemployment Benefits				87 591		308		754		447	
Net Pension Liability Lease Liability		2,286		581		2,066		4,933		3,058 14	
Estimated Claims Payable		-		-		-		-		2,316	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,715		694		2,422		5,831		5,981	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,715		034		2,422		5,051		5,901	
Total Liabilities		3,026		2,026		6,749		11,801		9,117	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred Inflows Related to Leases		-		19		-		19		396	
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		66		19		53		138		103	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		8		-		-		8		20	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		74		38		53		165		519	
NET POSITION											
Net Investment in Capital Assets		26,525		24,080		2,941		53,546		2,567	
Unrestricted		4,722		(75)		162		4,809		2,987	
Total Net Position	\$	31,247	\$	24,005	\$	3,103	\$	58,355	\$	5,554	
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	·		,	<u> </u>	·	

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

	Busin	Governmental Activities - Internal			
	Stormwater	Airport	Sanitation	Total	Service Funds
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 6,088 	\$	\$ 6,229 3	\$	\$ 23,124 140
Total Operating Revenues	6,088	1,166	6,232	13,486	23,264
Operating Expenses: Personal Services Contracted Services Supplies and Materials Repairs and Maintenance Other Services and Charges Depreciation Claims/Premium Expense	2,577 636 242 308 53 1,367 75	805 21 61 100 198 1,215 17	2,325 1,602 386 492 371 695 81	5,707 2,259 689 900 622 3,277 173	3,741 2,636 188 2,916 2,025 469 10,703
Total Operating Expenses	5,258	2,417	5,952	13,627	22,678
Operating Income (Loss)	830	(1,251)	280	(141)	586
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Operating Grants Interest Expense Investment Income (Loss) Lease Revenues Insurance Recoveries Gain or (Loss) from Sale of Capital Assets	164 (7) 19	148 (6) (4) 19 - 1,568	- (68) (8) - - 10	312 (74) (19) 19 - 1,597	(51) 99 483 14
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	176	1,725	(66)	1,835	545
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	1,006	474	214	1,694	1,131
Capital Contributions Transfers In Transfers (Out)	1 - (354)	2,878 - (2)	- - (308)	2,879 - (664)	- 30 -
Change in Net Position	653	3,350	(94)	3,909	1,161
Net Position - Beginning	30,594	20,655	3,197	54,446	4,393
Net Position - Ending	\$ 31,247	\$ 24,005	\$ 3,103	\$ 58,355	\$ 5,554

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS</u> <u>PROPRIETARY FUNDS</u> For The Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
	Sto	rmwater		sirport	Sa	anitation		Total	A	vernmental ctivities - Internal Service Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	¢	6 440	¢	1 101	¢	6.047	¢	10 001	¢	00.000	
Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers	\$	6,413	\$	1,191 (762)	\$	6,217 (3,278)	\$	13,821	\$	23,026	
Payments to Employees		(1,315) (2,397)		(762)		(3,278) (2,142)		(5,355) (5,277)		(18,318) (3,467)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by		(2,001)		(100)		(_,)		(0,211)		(0,101)	
Operating Activities		2,701		(309)		797		3,189		1,241	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities											
Grants		164		148		-		312		-	
Transfers (to) Other Funds Transfers from Other Funds		(354) -		(461) -		(308) -		(1,123) -		- 30	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(190)		(313)		(308)		(811)		30	
Nonouplai i manoing Activitio		(100)		(010)		(000)		(011)		00	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities											
Acquisition/Construction of Capital Assets		(567)		(3,410)		(1,190)		(5,167)		(477)	
Capital Contributions		1		2,800		-		2,801		-	
Proceeds from Fund Advance Proceeds from Leasing Activities		-		- 19		3,640		3,640 19		- 96	
Lease Payable Principal Payments		-		19		-		19		90 (12)	
Lease Payable Interest Payments		-		(6)		-		(6)		(12)	
Proceeds from Insurance Recoveries		-		-		-		-		483	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		21		1,568		40		1,629		21	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital											
and Related Financing Activities		(545)		971		2,422		2,848		111	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Income (Loss) on Investments		(7)		(4)		(8)		(19)		(51)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by											
Investing Activities		(7)		(4)		(8)		(19)		(51)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,959		345		2,903		5,207		1,331	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		4,263		320		2,457		7,040		7,538	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	6,222	\$	665	\$	5,360	\$	12,247	\$	8,869	

Continued

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - Continued</u> <u>PROPRIETARY FUNDS</u> For The Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

							inds		
	Sto	rmwater	A	Airport Sanitation			 Total	Ac Ir	ernmental tivities - iternal ice Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)									
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating									
Activities									
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	830	\$ ((1,251)	\$	280	\$ (141)	\$	586
Depreciation		1,367		1,215		695	3,277		469
Change in Assets and Liabilities:									
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(10)		28		(15)	3		(14)
(Increase) Decrease in Due from									
Other Governments		-		-		-	-		(281)
(Increase) Decrease in Due from KUA		335		-		-	335		-
(Increase) Decrease in Due from TWA		-		-		-	-		57
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		-		-		-	-		2
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows OPEB		(2)		(1)		(1)	(4)		(3)
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows Pensions	;	(905)		(266)		(824)	(1,995)		(1,303)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(1)		(278)		(346)	(625)		269
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		-		(3)		-	(3)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities		-		1		-	1		-
Increase (Decrease) in OPEB		19		8		17	44		33
Increase (Decrease) in									
Compensated Absences		(26)		3		(5)	(28)		(25)
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		-		-		-	-		(121)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		1,840		539		1,668	4,047		2,616
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows OPEB		(12)		(4)		(11)	(27)		(20)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows Pensions		(734)		(213)		(661)	(1,608)		(1,024)
Total Adjustments		1,871		942		517	 3,330		655
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating							 		
Activities	\$	2,701	\$	(309)	\$	797	\$ 3,189	\$	1,241

There are no noncash investing, capital, and financing activities in the Proprietary Funds.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION</u> <u>PENSION TRUST FUNDS</u> September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,517
Receivables:	
Interest Receivable	222
Total Receivables	 222
Investments, at Fair Value:	
Fixed Income	57,496
Equities	120,016
Mutual Funds	39,448
Commingled Funds	19,621
Total Investments	236,581
Total Assets	 241,320
Net Position Restricted	
for Pension Benefits	\$ 241,320

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION <u>PENSION TRUST FUNDS</u> For The Year Ended September 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

ADDITIONS Contributions:		
Employer	\$	8,421
Plan Members	Ψ	1,567
State		1,669
Total Contributions		11,657
Investment earnings:		
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		(50,336)
Interest and dividends		8,343
Total Investment Earnings (Loss)		(41,993)
Less Investment Expense ¹		1,539
Net Investment Earnings (Loss)		(43,532)
Other		1,504
Total Additions		(30,371)
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits		15,671
Administrative Expense		183
Total Deductions		15,854
Change in Net Position		(46,225)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		287,545
Net Position - End of Year	\$	241,320

¹ Investment related expenses include investment advisory, custodial and performance monitoring fees.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Kissimmee, Florida (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant City accounting policies are described below.

A. The Reporting Entity

The City was established pursuant to 65-1775 laws of Florida. The legislative branch of the City is composed of a five (5) member elected Commission, including a city-wide elected mayor. The City Commission is governed by the City Charter, and by state and local laws and regulations. The City Commission is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy. The execution of such policy is the responsibility of the Commission-appointed City Manager.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate, are in substance, part of the City's operations. The City has two blended component units, the Community Redevelopment Agency Downtown (the "Downtown CRA") and the Community Redevelopment Agency Vine Street (the "Vine St CRA"). The CRAs are incremental taxing districts created by City Ordinance #1893, in April of 1993, pursuant to Florida Statute 163.356. The City Commission serves as the governing board, approves the budgets, provides funding and performs all accounting functions for both of the CRAs. The CRA's services are provided exclusively to the City. The CRAs have been presented as blended component units classified as special revenue funds. The CRAs issue stand-alone statements that can be obtained from the City's Finance Department. The City has no discretely presented component units. Additionally, the City has three fiduciary component units and they are reported as the City's pension trust funds. More information on the pension trust funds can be found in Note 8.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities,* which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities,* which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses and indirect costs of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Indirect expenses* are those costs that are allocated to functions and activities in accordance with the City's adopted indirect cost allocation plan. The "Expenses" column includes both direct and indirect expenses. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items properly not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, enterprise funds, internal service funds and the pension trust funds. The pension trust funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The internal service funds are grouped together and shown alongside the enterprise funds. The internal service funds are combined with the governmental funds to aggregate governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

2. Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Local Option Sales Tax fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the City's share of the local option sales tax revenues designated for improvements and infrastructure projects.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

- The Stormwater Fund accounts for the fiscal activities of the City's stormwater operations and maintenance.
- The *Airport Fund* accounts for the fiscal activities of the City's airport operations and maintenance.
- The Sanitation Fund accounts for the fiscal activities of the City's solid waste removal service operations.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes.
- Debt Service Funds account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.
- Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays (excluding proprietary fund capital outlays).
- Internal Service Funds account for certain activities of the City's centralized services and risk management program. Centralized services include information technology, purchasing, warehouse, garage, building maintenance, and printing. Risk management activities include legal expenses incurred related to activities not specifically covered by City insurance policies and collections of settlements or refunds from related cases.
- Pension Trust Funds account for the activities of the City's General Employees', Police Officers', and Firefighters' Pension Plans, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, claims expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use unrestricted resources first, and then restricted resources, as they are needed for their intended purposes. For unrestricted resources, the City considers that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

D. Budgetary Requirements

The following procedures are used to establish the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements pursuant to Florida Statutes and the City Charter:

- 1) The City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. Work sessions are held to review the proposed budget.
- 2) Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3) Prior to October 1, the City Commission conducts the final budget hearing to consider additional public comments and to adopt the final ad valorem millage and final budget.
- 4) Budgets are legally adopted and formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, certain special revenue funds, certain debt service funds, and certain capital projects funds. Budgets are not adopted for the Pension Trust Funds, CARES Act Relief, Police and Firefighters Premium Tax Fund, Section 8 HAPP Fund, Supplementary Care, 2021 Line of Credit Debt, 2022A Revenue Refunding Bond Debt, 2022B Revenue Refunding Bond Debt,

2014A Note Capital Project, 2010C Note Capital Project, Lakefront Sales Tax 2009A Capital Project and 2021 Line of Credit funds.

- 5) Budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6) The City Manager is authorized to approve transfers between line items other than salary accounts within any department, with all such adjustments reported on a monthly basis to the City Commission. However, the City Manager can approve transfers of unused amounts in salary account line items to advertising, recruiting and/or professional service account line items. Transfers between departments, other transfers between salary account line items and changes in total budget appropriations for a fund must have prior approval of the City Commission. During the current fiscal year, various appropriations were approved in accordance with this policy. Budgeted amounts shown in the financial statements are as originally adopted and as further amended.
- 7) Budget appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are charged against the ensuing year's budget, and thus are not shown in budget to actual presentations and are carried forward.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, savings accounts, investments in the State Board of Administration (SBA) Florida PRIME (Florida PRIME), and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

F. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, with the exception of the investments with Florida PRIME, which are reported at amortized cost in accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. GASB Statement No. 79 establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. The City's investments in the Florida PRIME are similar to money market funds in which units are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from Florida PRIME; although in the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, the fund's executive director may limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund for a period of 48 hours.

G. Receivables

Property Taxes Receivable

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The laws of the State regulating tax assessments are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. State Statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills. The City's millage for the fiscal year 2021-2022 is 4.6253 mills. All real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable on the levy date of November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified by the Osceola County Property Appraiser (levy date). Osceola County mails to each property owner on the assessment roll a notice of the taxes due and the County also collects the taxes for the City. Taxes may be paid upon receipt of such notice from the County, with discounts at the rate of four percent (4%) if paid in the month of November, three percent (3%) if paid in the month of January, and one percent (1%) if paid in the month of February.

Taxes paid during the month of March are without discount and all unpaid taxes on real and tangible property become delinquent on April 1 (the lien date) of the year following the year in which taxes were assessed. Procedures for collecting delinquent taxes, including applicable tax certificate sales, are provided for by the Laws of Florida.

Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments receivable are recorded at the time the related project is completed and are secured by liens on the property benefited. Revenue in governmental funds is deferred until such time it becomes an available, spendable or appropriable resource. Special assessment revenues are recorded in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements when earned.

H. Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Prepaids represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit the City beyond September 30, 2022. These payments are recorded as expenditures or expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Restricted Assets

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of governmental funds arise from provisions within revenue bonds issued by the City and are so designated on the statement of net position and balance sheets of governmental funds.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment, intangibles, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Property, plant, equipment, and intangibles with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed one thousand dollars and estimated useful lives of over one year are recorded as capital assets. Infrastructure is capitalized when the initial costs equal or exceed \$25 and has an estimated useful life of more than one year. For lease right-to-use intangible assets, the City capitalizes when the lease asset is \$5 or greater. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Infrastructure capital assets are included in improvements other than buildings for financial statement classification.

Intangibles assets are amortized over their useful lives, when the length of their lives is limited by contractual or legal limitations. Buildings, improvements, infrastructure, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings	25
Improvements Other than Buildings	4-12
Infrastructure	20-50
Equipment and Intangibles	5-20

K. Bond/Note Issuance Costs

These costs are charged to current expenditures/expenses when bonds are issued.

L. Compensated Absences

City policy allows each employee to accumulate up to three times the accrual rate, ranging from 30 to 60 days of vacation leave. Time accrued beyond that is forfeited unless an exception is granted by the City Manager. The majority of employees utilize their annual accrual of vacation leave during the year accrued. Employees are allowed to accumulate up to 60 days of medical leave. Time accrued beyond that is paid to the employees every year at the rate of one-half their pay rate. The City records compensated absences in governmental funds, only if they have matured, as expenditures for the amount accrued during the year that would normally be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources. The City accrues compensated absences in the period they are earned in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements.

M. Total Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

The total OPEB liability of the City's Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (the OPEB Plan) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*. This includes for purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits, and OPEB expense. Current payroll costs are used as a basis to allocate deferred elements, total OPEB liability, and OPEB expense. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The plan is not administered through a trust.

N. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue in the governmental funds represent paving assessment receivables and grant receivables that are measurable, but the revenue was unearned.

O. Leases

The City enters into many noncancelable leases for the right to use land, facilities and equipment throughout its operations. When the City is the lessee, the contracts result in recognition of a right-to-use intangible asset that is offset by a corresponding lease liability. When the City is the lessor, the contracts result in recognition of a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources. Lease intangible assets are reported with capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

At commencement of a lease where the City is the lessee, the City initially measures the lease liability at present value of total payments over the lease term. The lease asset is measured as the value of the lease liability, adjusted for any prepayments, plus certain initial direct costs. At commencement of a lease when the City is the lessor, the City measures the lease receivable at present value of expected rental receipts over the lease term. The deferred inflow of resources is measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for prepayments received prior to the lease commencement.

Estimates and judgments are sometimes made when determining the discount rate and overall term of the leases. The City monitors its leases for significant changes in circumstances that warrant a remeasurement of the lease liability and associated intangible asset, and/or lease receivable and associated deferred inflow of resources.

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. In the statement of net position, the deferred outflow for pensions is an aggregate of items related to pensions and the deferred outflow for

OPEB is an aggregate of items related to OPEB. The deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as either expense or a reduction in the related liability in future reporting years. Details on the composition of the deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB are further discussed in the Notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In the statement of net position, the deferred inflow for pensions is an aggregate of items related to pensions and the deferred inflows for OPEB is an aggregate of items related to OPEB. The deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as reductions to expense in future reporting years. The deferred inflows related to leases will be recognized as lease revenues in future reporting years. Details on the composition of the deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB are further discussed in Notes 8 and 9.

The City also reports deferred inflows of resources on applicable governmental fund statements that represent revenues which are measurable but not available in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. These deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned or become available. The majority of these deferred inflows of resources represent lease revenues and grant reimbursements.

Q. Pensions/Net Pension Liability

In the government-wide financial statements and also the proprietary funds statements, net pension liability represents the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the cost-sharing and single employer pension plans to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total pension liability), less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Current contributions are used as a basis to allocate deferred elements, net pension liability, and pension expense.

R. Contributions

Contributions consist primarily of donations from federal and state aid programs. Contributions are recognized when earned or when legal title is transferred to the City for contributed capital assets.

S. Fund Balances

The City classified governmental fund balances as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> represents fund balance that is (a) not in a spendable form such as prepaid items or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as an endowment.
- <u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> consists of amounts that can be spent only on the specific purposes stipulated by law or by the external providers of those resources.
- <u>Committed Fund Balance</u> self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the fiscal period. These amounts can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Commission, which is the highest level of decision-making authority, and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint. The City Commission can establish, modify or rescind committed fund balance through the formal approval of an ordinance.
- <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the City Commission or by their designated body or official. The City

Manager was appointed with the authority to assign fund balance through the City Commission's approval of the City's fund balance policy. Formal action is *not* necessary to impose, remove, or modify a constraint in assigned fund balance. Additionally, this category is used to reflect the appropriation of a portion of existing fund balance to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent year's budget.

 <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - represents the residual classification or fund balance and includes all spendable amounts not contained within the other classifications of the General Fund. Unassigned fund balances may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes. Currently, the Victim of Crime Act, Neighborhood Stabilization and HOME, and Community Development Block Grant have negative unassigned fund balances.

T. Net Position Restricted by Enabling Legislation

In the government-wide financial statements, governmental activities report restricted net position of \$54,396, of which management has determined \$6,742 for building code enforcement is restricted by enabling legislation.

U. Tax Abatements

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, requires disclosure of tax abatement information about the City's tax abatement agreements and those entered by other governments that would reduce the City's tax revenues. The City has evaluated this statement and has determined no agreements meet the criteria to be disclosed.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Deposits consist of demand accounts (interest and non-interest bearing). All deposits with financial institutions were 100% insured by Federal depository insurance or by collateral pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the State of Florida. The bank balance of demand accounts was \$20,863. The carrying amount of the demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent, and cash on hand at September 30, 2022 was \$23,853 due to timing of transactions.

Investments

The City's investment policy is governed by local resolution and bond covenants. Allowable investments include: the SBA Florida PRIME; negotiable direct obligations, or obligations the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States government; bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by United States Government; bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by United States Government; bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by United States Government; bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by United States Government agencies which are not full faith and credit agencies; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances; commercial paper; state and/or local government taxable and tax-exempt debt; and fixed income mutual funds. In addition, the City's retirement plans may invest in corporate bonds and stocks as well as limited partnerships.

The City categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy has three levels based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. GASB 72 allows for the use of quoted prices provided by third parties. The City uses quoted prices provided by its third-party custodians for its pension trust funds.

The following is a summary of the City's pooled investments at September 30, 2022. The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is also presented.

			Weighted		
			Average		
Measured using the net asset value:	Fa	air Value	Maturity	Credit	Rating
FLGIT Day to Day Fund	\$	10,081	29 days	Fitch /	AAAm
FL FIT Cash Pool		23,307	12 days	Fitch A	AAf/S1
FL STAR		39,226	12 days	S&P	AAAm
Total fair value investments		72,614	_		
Measured at amortized cost:			_		
Florida PRIME		37,277	21 days	S&P	AAAm
Total City investments	\$	109,891	_		
			=		
			Unfunded		
Investments measured at NAV	Fa	air Value	Commitments	_	
FLGIT Day to Day Fund	\$	10,081	\$-		
FL FIT Cash Pool		23,307	-		
FL STAR		39,226	-		

For investments in the FL FIT, there is no limitation or restriction on participant withdrawals, and the Trust has not put in place a redemption gate. The FL FIT Cash Pool investments consist of money market mutual funds, FDIC deposits, U.S. treasury bonds, U.S. government agency bonds, commercial paper, and corporate bonds. Fair value of the investments is determined daily for calculation of the pool participants' net asset value.

For investments in the FLGIT Day to Day Fund, there is no limitation or restriction on participant withdrawals, and there is no redemption gate in place. The FLGIT investments consist primarily of U.S. treasury notes, U.S. Government agency notes, asset-backed securities, corporate bonds, and municipal bonds.

The following is a summary of the City's Pension Trust Funds at September 30, 2022.

General Employees' Pension					Police Officers' Pension				Firefighters' Pension				
C	Quoted	C	Observ	Un	observ	G	Quoted	С	bserv	G	Quoted	C	bserv
Prices		Input		Input		Prices		Input		Prices			Input
L	evel 1	L	evel 2	L	evel 3	L	Level 1		evel 2	evel 2 Level 1		L	evel 2
\$	12,484	\$	22,855	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,436	\$	-	\$	3,203
	75,070		218		-		11,556		15,059		11,027		8,886
	-		11,126		-		10,287		-		15,214		-
	-		-		6,613		3,150		9,435		-		1,962
\$	87,554	\$	34,199	\$	6,613	\$	24,993	\$	42,930	\$	26,241	\$	14,051
	1,861						2,001				655		
\$	130,227					\$	69,924	-		\$	40,947		
		Quoted Prices Level 1 \$ 12,484 75,070 - - \$ 87,554 1,861	Quoted C Prices L \$ 12,484 \$ 75,070 - - - \$ 87,554 \$ 1,861 -	Quoted Observ Prices Input Level 1 Level 2 \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 75,070 218 - 11,126 - - \$ 87,554 \$ 34,199 1,861 -	Quoted Observ Un Prices Input I Level 1 Level 2 L \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ 75,070 218 - - 11,126 - - - - \$ 87,554 \$ 34,199 \$ 1,861 - -	Quoted Observ Unobserv Prices Input Input Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - 75,070 218 - - 11,126 - - - 6,613 \$ 87,554 \$ 34,199 \$ 6,613 1,861 - -	Quoted Observ Unobserv C Prices Input Input Input I Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 L \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - \$ 75,070 218 - \$ - 11,126 - - - - 6,613 \$ \$ 87,554 \$ 34,199 \$ 6,613 \$	Quoted Observ Unobserv Quoted Prices Input Input Prices Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 1 \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - \$ - \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - \$ - \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - \$ - \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - \$ 11,556 - 11,126 - \$ 10,287 \$ 3,150 \$ 87,554 \$ 34,199 \$ 6,613 \$ 24,993 1,861 2,001 2,001	Quoted Observ Unobserv Quoted O Prices Input Input Prices Input Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 1 Level 1 Level 3 Level 1 Level 4 Level 3 Level 1 Level 4 Level 4 Level 4 Level 5 Level 1 Level 4 Level 5 Level 1 Level 4 Level 4 Level 4 Level 4 Level 4 Level 4 Level 5 Level 4 Level 5 Level 5 Level 4 Level 4 Level 5 Level 4 Level 4	Quoted Observ Unobserv Quoted Observ Prices Input Input Prices Input Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 1 Level 2 \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - \$ Level 1 Level 2 \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - \$ Level 1 Level 2 \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - \$ Level 1 Level 2 \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - \$ Input Level 2 \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - \$ Input Level 2 \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - \$ Input Input - 11,126 - 10,287 - \$ 9,435 \$ 87,554 \$ 34,199 \$ 6,613 \$ 24,993	Quoted Observ Unobserv Quoted Observ C Prices Input Input Prices Input Input <td>Quoted Observ Unobserv Quoted Observ Quoted Prices Input Input Prices Input Prices Input Prices Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 1 Level 2 Level 1 \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - \$ 18,436 \$ - 75,070 218 - \$ - \$ 18,436 \$ - 75,070 218 - \$ - \$ 18,436 \$ - - 11,126 - \$ 10,287 - \$ 15,214 - - 6,613 3,150 9,435 - \$ 87,554 \$ 34,199 \$ 6,613 \$ 24,993 \$ 42,930 \$ 26,241 1,861 - 2,001 - 2,001 - 655</td> <td>Quoted Observ Unobserv Quoted Observ Quoted Observ Quoted O Prices Input Input Prices Input Input Prices Input <th< td=""></th<></td>	Quoted Observ Unobserv Quoted Observ Quoted Prices Input Input Prices Input Prices Input Prices Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 1 Level 2 Level 1 \$ 12,484 \$ 22,855 \$ - \$ 18,436 \$ - 75,070 218 - \$ - \$ 18,436 \$ - 75,070 218 - \$ - \$ 18,436 \$ - - 11,126 - \$ 10,287 - \$ 15,214 - - 6,613 3,150 9,435 - \$ 87,554 \$ 34,199 \$ 6,613 \$ 24,993 \$ 42,930 \$ 26,241 1,861 - 2,001 - 2,001 - 655	Quoted Observ Unobserv Quoted Observ Quoted Observ Quoted O Prices Input Input Prices Input Input Prices Input Input <th< td=""></th<>

As mentioned previously, for the City's pension trust fund investments, quoted prices provided by its thirdparty custodians are used. Debt securities classified in Level 2 are valued using a matrix pricing model. Real estate investments in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques.

Interest Rate Risk - To mitigate interest rate risk, the City's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio structure maturities to meet the City's cash needs for ongoing operations and that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term securities. Of the City's investments outstanding at year-end, all of them have maturities less than three years. The City's policy requires that investments have maturities that match known cash needs and anticipated cash-flow requirements.

For the City's General Employees' Pension investments, the weighted average maturity (in years) for Eaton Vance is 5.56, Pimco Diversified Fund (PDIIX) is 9.14, and Vanguard Inflation Protected (VAIPX) is 7.20. For the City's Police Officers' Pension investments, the weighted average maturity (in years) for Galliard Intermediate Core is 5.98, Pimco Diversified Fund (PDIIX) is 9.14, and Vanguard Inflation Protected (VAIPX) is 7.20. For the City's Firefighters' Pension investments, the weighted average maturity (in years) for Galliard (VAIPX) is 7.20. For the City's Firefighters' Pension investments, the weighted average maturity (in years) for their collective portfolio is 7.66.

Credit Risk – To mitigate credit risk, the City's investment policy limits the minimum credit quality rating of investments, as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The City primarily invests in U.S. government securities, mutual funds, corporate stocks, corporate bonds, and overnight repurchase agreements. Money market accounts are held with qualified public depositories who meet the State of Florida requirements.

Custodial Risk – To mitigate custodial risk, broker/dealers must meet established capital requirements as set forth by the Securities Exchange Commission, be registered in the State of Florida, provide proof of registration, complete a broker/dealer questionnaire, certify understanding of the City's investment policy, and provide a copy of the most recent audit report. The City's investment policy does not place any limits on the amount allowed to be held by counterparties.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The City's investment policy requires that investments be diversified by security type and institution. No more than 50% of the City's funds will be invested with the same issuer, dealer or banking institution and no more than 20% of the City's funds will be invested beyond five years in any security with the same maturity date.

A reconciliation of the City's cash and investments to the financial statements is as follows:

	City
Cash in Bank and On Hand	\$ 23,853
Investments	109,891
	133,744
Financial Statements:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	79,348
Restricted Cash and Investments	54,396
	\$ 133,744

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES

The following is a detailed listing of receivables for the City's individual major funds and the aggregate of nonmajor funds at September 30, 2022. Special assessment receivables are secured by liens placed on benefited properties at the time of the original assessment.

					Nonmajor and Internal									
									Se	ervice	Pe	nsion		
Description	G	eneral	Stor	mw ater	Α	irport	Sar	nitation	F	unds	Fi	unds		Total
Accounts	\$	6,916	\$	411	\$	226	\$	560	\$	217	\$	-	\$	8,330
Interest		-		-		-		-		-		222		222
Special assessments		17		-		-		-		-		-		17
		6,933		411		226		560		217		222		8,569
Less: Allow ance for uncollectibles		(2,914)		-		-		-		-		-		(2,914)
	\$	4,019	\$	411	\$	226	\$	560	\$	217	\$	222	\$	5,655

The City is the lessor in contracts with outside parties for the right to use several facilities and infrastructure. The City entered into a 63-month lease agreement with the Central Florida Regional Transportation Authority for use of facility space and parking with a fixed monthly payment of \$8 at an interest rate of .632%. The City entered into a 24-month lease agreement with Terry's Electric for use of facility space with a fixed monthly payment of \$2 at an interest rate of .248%. At September 30, 2022, the City had outstanding lease receivables of \$418. During the fiscal year, the City recognized \$114 in lease revenue and \$3 in lease interest revenue.

The City is the lessor in sixteen agreements that qualify to be treated as regulated in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The City leases land and facilities for airport grounds, hangars, aeronautical-related storage and other facility use through 2042. The City received \$516 during the current fiscal year related to these leases. As of September 30, 2022, the remaining nominal amount of revenue that will be recognized over the lease term associated with these leases amounts to \$5,583 as outlined below.

Governmental Activities:				
Fiscal Year	Revenue			
2023	\$	549		
2024		487		
2025		467		
2026		437		
2027		437		
2028 - 2032		1,429		
2033 - 2037		1,119		
2038 - 2042		658		
Total	\$	5,583		

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND ACCOUNTS

Individual interfund receivables, payables and transfers with a description of their purpose at September 30, 2022 are:

	Due	From	Due To	Purpose
General Fund	\$	1,777	\$-	To cover negative pooled cash position of funds
Airport		-	1,131	Transfer for project expenditures
Nonmajor Funds:				
Special Revenue Funds		_	646	To cover negative pooled cash position of funds
	\$	1,777	<u>\$ 1,777</u>	
	Adv	ance To	Advance From	Purpose
Sanitation		-	3,640	To fund purchase of new Sanitation equipment
2022A Revenue Refunding Bond		3,640	-	from proceeds of governmental 2022A Revenue bond
	\$	3,640	\$ 3,640	
	Trai	nsfer In	Transfers Out	Purpose
General Fund	\$	1,381	\$ 5,297	Transfer to cover debt service payments
Local Option Sales Tax		2,323	4,400	Transfer for grant match funding and debt service
Stormw ater		-	354	Transfer to General Fund for PILOT
Airport		-	2	
Sanitation		-	308	Transfer to General Fund for PILOT
Nonmajor Funds:				
Special Revenue Funds		2,545	3,062	Transfer for grant match funding and debt service
Debt Service Funds		7,144	-	Transfer to cover debt service payments
Internal Service Funds		30		Building and softw are costs
	\$	13,423	\$ 13,423	

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Changes in Capital Assets

The following tables show the changes in capital assets by governmental activities and business-type activities. Also shown is a summary of depreciation and amortization expense by function:

Governmental Activities	Balance 10/01/2021 *	Increases	Decreases	Balance 9/30/2022	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 45,857	\$ 439	\$-	\$ 46,296	
Construction In Progress	47,637	2,487	(221)	49,903	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	93,494	2,926	(221)	96,199	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings					
Charter School	1,464	40	-	1,504	
Other City	17,061	52	-	17,113	
Improvements other than buildings					
Charter School	183	278	-	461	
Other City	204,695	1,998	-	206,693	
Parking Capacity					
Other City	15,502	-	-	15,502	
Softw are					
Charter School	59	-	-	59	
Other City	2,285	29	-	2,314	
Right-to-Use Equipment					
Other City	26	4,433	-	4,459	
Equipment					
Charter School	1,144	3	-	1,147	
Other City	38,641	2,588	(979)	40,250	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	281,060	9,421	(979)	289,502	

Governmental Activities	Balance 10/01/2021 *	Increases	Decreases	Balance 9/30/2022
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings				
Charter School	(685)	(82)	-	(767)
Other City	(9,336)	(241)	-	(9,577)
Improvements other than buildings				
Charter School	(133)	(22)	-	(155)
Other City	(57,771)	(5,728)	-	(63,499)
Parking Capacity				
Other City	(14,742)	-	-	(14,742)
Softw are				
Charter School	(59)	-	-	(59)
Other City	(1,257)	(774)	-	(2,031)
Right-to-Use Equipment				
Other City	-	(495)	-	(495)
Equipment				
Charter School	(1,045)	(36)	-	(1,081)
Other City	(25,507)	(3,986)	753	(28,740)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(110,535)	(11,364)	753	(121,146)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	170,525	(1,943)	(226)	168,356
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 264,019	<u>\$ 983</u>	<u>\$ (447</u>)	\$ 264,555

 * The beginning balance has been restated due to the effects of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases .

	Beginning Balance	g					Ending Balance		
Business-type Activities	10/1/2021	<u> </u>	Inc	reases	Dec	reases	9/	30/2022	
<u>Stormwater Fund</u>									
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:									
Land	\$ 1,5	583	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,583	
Construction In Progress	4	169	_	445		-	_	914	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:	2,0)52		445		-		2,497	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized:									
Buildings	5	509		-		-		509	
Improvements other than Buildings	30,2			-		-		30,242	
Software		57		-		-		57	
Equipment	6.5	584		169		(253)		6,500	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	37,3			169		(253)		37,308	
Loss Assumulated Depresention For:									
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings	()	106)		(720)				(1 1 1 1 1)	
•	·	739)		(738)		-		(1,144)	
Improvements other than Buildings Software	· ·	(20)		(21)		-		(7,760) (20)	
				-		- 252			
		952)		(608)		252		(4,308)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(12,1	<u> </u>		(1,367)				(13,232)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	25,2	275		(1,198)		(1)		24,076	
Stormw ater Fund Capital Assets, Net	\$ 27,3	327	\$	(753)	\$	(1)	\$	26,573	
Airport Fund									
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:									
Land	\$ 3	309	\$	-	\$	-	\$	309	
Construction In Progress	3,2	279		579		-		3,858	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	3,5	588		579				4,167	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized:									
Buildings	12,7	750		13		-		12,763	
Improvements other than Buildings	16,7	700		3,034		-		19,734	
Softw are	2	272		-		-		272	
Equipment	8	309		3		(36)		776	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	30,5	531		3,050		(36)		33,545	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
Buildings	(7,5	586)		(342)		-		(7,928)	
Improvements other than Buildings	(3,8	372)		(847)		-		(4,719)	
Softw are		(91)		(6)		-		(97)	
Equipment		685)		(20)		35		(670)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(12,2	234)		(1,215)		35		(13,414)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	18,2	297		1,835		(1)		20,131	

Sanitation Fund		ginning alance)/1/2021	Inc	reases	Dec	reases	Ending Balance 9/30/2022		
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:									
Construction In Progress	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		-		-	<u>.</u>	-		-	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:									
Buildings	\$	407	\$	-	\$	-	\$	407	
Improvements other than Buildings		205		-		-		205	
Equipment		5,657		1,160		(29)		6,788	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		6,269		1,160		(29)		7,400	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
Buildings		(330)		(29)		-		(359)	
Improvements other than Buildings		(117)		(15)		-		(132)	
Equipment		(3,346)		(651)		29		(3,968)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(3,793)		(695)		29		(4,459)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		2,476		465				2,941	
Sanitation Fund Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,476	\$	465	\$		\$	2,941	
Total Business-type Activities									
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:									
Land	\$	1,892	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,892	
Construction In Progress	Ŷ	3,748	Ψ	1,024	Ψ	-	Ψ	4,772	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		5,640		1,024				6,664	
		0,040		1,024		<u> </u>		0,004	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized:									
Buildings		13,666		13		-		13,679	
Improvements other than Buildings		47,147		3,034		-		50,181	
Softw are		329		-		-		329	
Equipment		13,050		1,332		(318)		14,064	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		74,192		4,379		(318)		78,253	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
Buildings		(8,322)		(1,109)		-		(9,431)	
Improvements other than Buildings		(11,728)		(883)		-		(12,611)	
Softw are		(111)		(6)		-		(117)	
Equipment		(7,983)		(1,279)		316		(8,946)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(28,144)		(3,277)		316		(31,105)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		46,048	. <u> </u>	1,102	. <u></u>	(2)		47,148	
Total Business-type Activities, Net	\$	51,688	\$	2,126	\$	(2)	\$	53,812	

Governmental Activities:	
Depreciation and Amortization Expense By Function	
General Government	\$ 2,435
Public Safety	3,458
Transportation	3,125
Culture/Recreation	1,877
Capital assets held by the City's internal service funds are charged	
to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	 469
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 11,364
Business-type Activities:	
Depreciation Expense By Function	
Stormw ater	\$ 1,367
Airport	1,215
Sanitation	 695
	\$ 3,277

B. Net Capital Assets

The following is a summary of net capital assets as shown on the government-wide statement of net position:

	vernmental Activities	ness-type ctivities	 Total
Land	\$ 46,296	\$ 1,892	\$ 48,188
Buildings	18,617	13,679	32,296
Improvements other than Buildings	207,154	50,181	257,335
Parking Capacity	15,502	-	15,502
Softw are	2,373	329	2,702
Right to Use Buildings	-	-	-
Right to Use Equipment	4,459	-	4,459
Equipment	41,397	14,064	55,461
Construction in Progress	 49,903	 4,772	 54,675
	385,701	84,917	470,618
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (121,146)	 (31,105)	 (152,251)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 264,555	\$ 53,812	\$ 318,367

C. Construction Commitments

The following is a schedule of significant capital construction projects with remaining commitment amounts of greater than \$1 million as of September 30, 2022:

Projects	Spent	-to-Date	Remaining Commitment		
Beaumont Project	\$	655	\$	5,506	
Taxiw ay E Improvement		-		5,275	
Woodside Drainage mitigation		-		3,400	
Lancaster Ranch Park		-		2,832	
Berlinsky Community House		-		2,178	
ROW Acquisitions for JYP @ Oak St Intersection		-		1,391	
Thacker Avenue/Patrick Street project		-		1,201	
Lakefront Park		-		1,186	
Total	\$	655	\$	22,969	

NOTE 6 – LEASES PAYABLE

The City is the lessee of equipment throughout its operations. The City leases an offsite technology data storage unit for 24 months with fixed monthly payments of \$1 at an interest rate of .248%. In March 2022, the City entered into a 60-month lease for traffic safety equipment with fixed monthly payments of \$75 at an interest rate of .632%. At September 30, 2002, the City's lease liability is \$4,009. Debt service requirements to maturity for the City's leases payable are as follows.

Governmental Activities:	Leases Payable								
Fiscal Year	Pri	ncipal	In	terest					
2023	\$	890	\$	23					
2024		884		18					
2025		889		12					
2026		894		6					
2027		452		1					
Total	\$	4,009	\$	60					

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Schedule of Changes in Long-term Liabilities

The City's outstanding long-term liabilities includes revenue bonds payable, notes from direct borrowings and direct placements, leases payable, financed purchases, claims payable, net pension liability, other postemployment benefits, and compensated absences. The following is a schedule of changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022:

		alance /01/21 *	Additions		Reductions		Balance 9/30/22		Due Within One Year		Long-term Portion	
Governmental Activities: Notes from Direct Borrowings and												
Direct Placements	\$	35,985	\$	-	\$	(19,450)	\$	16,535	\$	3,210	\$	13,325
Revenue Bonds		36,356		26,730		(1,563)		61,523		1,840		59,683
Bond Premium		4,033		-		(161)		3,872		-		3,872
subtotal Revenue Bonds		40,389		26,730		(1,724)		65,395		1,840		63,555
Financed Purchases		3,369		-		(568)		2,801		576		2,225
Leases Payable		26		4,433		(450)		4,009		890		3,119
Claims Payable		4,752		9,816		(9,937)		4,631		2,315		2,316
Net Pension Liability		21,031		51,234		-		72,265		-		72,265
Other Postemployment Benefits		6,534		756		(230)		7,060		308		6,752
Compensated Absences		2,662		2,729		(2,756)		2,635		527		2,108
Governmental Activity												
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 1	14,722	\$	95,698	\$	(35,115)	\$ ^	175,331	\$	9,666	\$	165,665
Business-type Activities:												
Net Pension Liability	\$	886	\$	4,047	\$	-	\$	4,933	\$	-	\$	4,933
Other Postemployment Benefits		710		44		-		754		-		754
Compensated Absences		208		305		(333)		180		36		144
Business-type Activity												
Long-term Liabilities	\$	1,804	\$	4,396	\$	(333)	\$	5,867	\$	36	\$	5,831

* The beginning balance has been restated due to the effects of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases .

Governmental activities' compensated absences, net pension liability and other postemployment benefits liability will be liquidated in future periods primarily by the General Fund and Central Services Fund.

B. Debt Service Requirements

The following are the debt service requirements to maturity on the City's outstanding revenue bonds and notes payable:

Notes from Direct						
Governmental Activities:	Borrowings a	nd Placements	Revenu	Revenue Bonds		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	\$ 3,210	\$ 483	\$ 1,840	\$ 2,625	\$ 8,158	
2024	2,385	385	1,255	2,576	6,601	
2025	2,475	313	1,310	2,521	6,619	
2026	1,050	239	1,370	2,464	5,123	
2027	1,140	209	1,100	2,404	4,853	
2028-2032	4,925	563	5,830	11,292	22,610	
2033-2037	1,350	58	8,945	9,771	20,124	
2038-2042	-	-	11,500	7,662	19,162	
2043-2047	-	-	14,470	4,694	19,164	
2048-2052			13,903	1,418	15,321	
Total	\$ 16,535	\$ 2,250	\$ 61,523	\$ 47,427	\$ 127,735	

C. Debt Defeasance and Refundings

The City refunds and/or defeases long-term debt primarily to reduce debt service requirements. Since U.S government securities are held in escrow for the payment of principal and interest on these bonds, they are not liabilities to the City and are not included in the City's financial statements. As of September 30, 2022, the City has no outstanding bonds issued by the City, which were funded in previous years by the placement of assets in an irrevocable trust to be used for satisfying debt service requirements. During the fiscal year, the City refinanced the 2021 commercial paper loan with the issuance of the 2022A revenue refunding bond in the amount of \$16,350 to pay off the loan. There was no material savings/loss on the refinancing.

D. Financed Purchases

The City has financed purchases outstanding at year-end. The gross cost of the equipment acquired with these agreements is \$4,123 for governmental activities. The following is a summary schedule of these finance obligations and their net present value.

	Gove	ernmental
Year Ending September 30	Ac	tivities
2023	\$	631
2024		631
2025		631
2026		582
2027	2027	
2028 - 2032		362
Total minimum payments		2,999
Less: amount representing interest		(198)
Present value of minimum payments	\$	2,801

E. Bonds and Notes Outstanding

The City has revenue bonds and notes outstanding at September 30, 2022. The revenue bonds and notes under governmental activities are secured by several pledged revenue sources. The following is a summary schedule of these long-term obligations of the City including purpose of issue, interest rate, debt maturity, and their impact on those present and future pledged revenue sources:

Maturity: 2023, Interest Rate: 2.61% Purpose: Refunding 2005 Series Notesales tax2010B Capital Improvement Revenue Note Maturity: 2025, Interest Rate: 2.79% Purpose: Road ImprovementsLocal option sales tax8,0002,1202,2406.9%7482010C Capital Improvement Revenue Note Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.69% Purpose: Road ImprovementsN/A4,0002,1202,388N/A2832010C Capital Improvement Revenue Note Purpose: Road ImprovementsN/A4,0002,1202,388N/A2832021 Commercial Paper Note Purpose: VariousN/A16,350N/A-2011B Capital Improvement Refunding Note Purpose: Road Improvement Refunding Note Purpose: Road Improvement Refunding Note Purpose: Road Improvement Refunding Note Sales taxLocal option sales tax9,1402,1902,3437.5%8112011B Capital Improvement Refunding Note Purpose: Road Improvement Refunding Note Purpose: Road ImprovementsLocal option sales tax9,6006,6958,0315.8%6232014A Capital Improvement Revenue Note Maturity: 2034, Interest Rate: 2.86% Purpose: Lakefront Park and Road ImprovementsLocal option sales tax9,6006,6958,0315.8%6232015B CRA Refunding Revenue Note Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.81%N/A3,8202,5002,845N/A281	Governmental Activities:	Revenue Pledged	Amount Issued	Principal Outstanding	Total Pledged <u>Revenue (1</u>)	Future Pledged Revenue Over Debt Service Required (2)	Current Year Debt Srvc Paid	Current Year Total <u>Revenue (3</u>)
Maturity: 2023, Interest Rate: 2.61% Purpose: Refunding 2005 Series Notesales tax2010B Capital Improvement Revenue Note Maturity: 2025, Interest Rate: 2.79% Purpose: Road ImprovementsLocal option sales tax8,0002,1202,2406.9%7482010C Capital Improvement Revenue Note Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.69% Purpose: Road ImprovementsNA4,0002,1202,388NA2832010C Capital Improvement Revenue Note Purpose: Road ImprovementsNA4,0002,1202,388NA2832021 Commercial Paper Note Purpose: VariousNA16,350NA-2011B Capital Improvement Refunding Note Purpose: Road Improvement Refunding Note Purpose: Road Improvement Refunding Note Purpose: Road Improvement Refunding Note Purpose: Lakefront Park and Road ImprovementsLocal option sales tax9,1402,1902,3437.5%8112011B Capital Improvement Revenue Note Maturity: 2025, Interest Rate: 2.86% Purpose: Road Improvement Revenue Note Auturity: 2034, Interest Rate: 2.86% Purpose: Lakefront Park and Road ImprovementsLocal option sales tax9,6006,6958,0315.8%6232015B CRA Refunding Revenue Note Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.81%NA3,8202,5002,845NA281	Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direc	tPlacements:						
Maturity: 2025, Interest Rate: 2.79% Purpose: Road Improvementssales tax2010C Capital Improvement Revenue Note Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.69% Purpose: Road ImprovementsN/A4,0002,1202,388N/A2832021 Commercial Paper Note Maturity: 2026, Interest Rate: 1.60% Purpose: VariousN/A16,350N/A-2011B Capital Improvement Refunding Note Purpose: Road Improvement Refunding Note Purpose: VariousLocal option sales tax9,1402,1902,3437.5%8112011A Capital Improvement Refunding Note Purpose: Road Improvement Refunding Note Purpose: Lakefront Park and Road ImprovementsLocal option sales tax9,6006,6958,0315.8%6232014A Capital Improvement Revenue Note Maturity: 2034, Interest Rate: 2.86%N/A3,8202,5002,845N/A2812015B CRA Refunding Revenue Note Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.81%N/A3,8202,5002,845N/A281	Maturity: 2023, Interest Rate: 2.61%		\$ 9,500	\$ 910	\$ 939	8.6%	\$ 932	\$ 10,783
Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.69% Purpose: Road Improvements2021 Commercial Paper NoteN/A16,350N/A-Maturity: 2026, Interest Rate: 1.60% Purpose: VariousN/A16,350N/A-2011B Capital Improvement Refunding Note Maturity: 2025, Interest Rate: 2.86% Purpose: Road ImprovementsLocal option sales tax9,1402,1902,3437.5%8112014A Capital Improvement Revenue Note Maturity: 2034, Interest Rate: 2.86% Purpose: Lakefront Park and Road ImprovementsLocal option sales tax9,6006,6958,0315.8%6232015B CRA Refunding Revenue Note Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.81%N/A3,8202,5002,845N/A281	Maturity: 2025, Interest Rate: 2.79%		8,000	2,120	2,240	6.9%	748	10,783
Maturity: 2026, Interest Rate: 1.60% Purpose: VariousLocal option sales tax9,1402,1902,3437.5%8112011B Capital Improvement Refunding Note Maturity: 2025, Interest Rate: 2.86% Purpose: Road ImprovementsLocal option sales tax9,1402,1902,3437.5%8112014A Capital Improvement Revenue Note Maturity: 2034, Interest Rate: 2.86% Purpose: Lakefront Park and Road ImprovementsLocal option sales tax9,6006,6958,0315.8%6232015B CRA Refunding Revenue Note Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.81%N/A3,8202,5002,845N/A281	Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.69%	N/A	4,000	2,120	2,388	N⁄A	283	N/A
Maturity: 2025, Interest Rate: 2.86% sales tax Purpose: Road Improvements 2014A Capital Improvement Revenue Note Local option 9,600 6,695 8,031 5.8% 623 Maturity: 2034, Interest Rate: 2.86% sales tax 9,600 6,695 8,031 5.8% 623 Purpose: Lakefront Park and Road Improvements N/A 3,820 2,500 2,845 N/A 281 Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.81% K K K K K K	Maturity: 2026, Interest Rate: 1.60%	N/A	16,350	-	-	N⁄A	-	N⁄A
Maturity: 2034, Interest Rate: 2.86% sales tax Purpose: Lakefront Park and Road Improvements 2015B CRA Refunding Revenue Note N/A 3,820 2,500 2,845 N/A 281 Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.81% VIA 3,820 2,500 2,845 N/A 281	Maturity: 2025, Interest Rate: 2.86%		9,140	2,190	2,343	7.5%	811	10,783
Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.81%	Maturity: 2034, Interest Rate: 2.86% Purpose: Lakefront Park and		9,600	6,695	8,031	5.8%	623	10,783
	2015B CRA Refunding Revenue Note	N/A	3,820	2,500	2,845	N/A	281	N/A
Total Revenue Notes 16,535	Maturity: 2030, Interest Rate: 2.81% Purpose: Refund 2009 CRA Note	Total Poyon	ue Notes	16 535				

Governmental Activities:	Revenue Pledged	Amount Issued	Principal Outstandin	Tot Pled g <u>Reven</u>	ged	Future Pledged Revenue Over Debt Service Required (2)	Curren Year Debt Srv Paid	с	Current Year Total venue (3)
Revenue Bonds:									
2016 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds Maturity: 2045, Interest Rate: 4.803% Purpose: Capital Improvements and Refunding	1/2 Cent Sales Tax, Public Serv & Comm Ta	\$42,930 axes	\$ 34,953	\$5	7,560	21.0%	\$ 2,94) \$	14,076
2022A Revenue Refunding Bonds Maturity: 2051, Interest Rate: 4.35% Purpose: Capital Improvements, Refunding	1/2 Cent Sales Tax, Public Serv & Comm Ta	23,950 axes	23,790	4	6,194	3.9%	540	3	14,076
2022B Revenue Refunding Bonds Maturity: 2045, Interest Rate: 4.84% Purpose: Capital Improvements	1/2 Cent Sales Tax, Public Serv & Comm Ta	2,780 axes	2,780		5,197	0.4%	52	2	14,076
Excise Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 1982 Maturity: 2022, Interest Rate: 5.00% Purpose: Refunding	Occupational License Tax Total Revenue	500 Bonds	61,523		-	14.6%	29)	198
Total Revenue Notes and Bonds - Governmer		Bonds	61,523 \$ 78,058						

(1) Total pledged revenue is the total outstanding principal and interest.

(2) Future pledged revenue over debt service required is calculated using the current year total revenues for the remaining years of debt service.

(3) Total pledged revenue for each outstanding debt issue is calculated based on its proportionate share of total annual debt service paid.

The City's revenue bonds and notes from direct borrowings and direct placements contain remedies for events of default that are dependent upon judicial actions that may be limited. For most of the City's debt, in the event a default is longer than 30 days after notice to the City, the registered owners of not less than 25% in aggregate principal of the individual outstanding debt instruments shall be entitled to the appointment of a receiver of the pledged revenues. The receiver shall be entitled to take possession of various funds and accounts established by the City upon issuance of that debt, and shall collect all pledged revenues to apply towards satisfaction of the outstanding principal and interest.

In the event of default under the City's line of credit, the bank shall have the right to declare all outstanding loan balances immediately due and payable or take legal action as necessary to collect the amounts then due.

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The City administers three public employee retirement systems for all full-time employees. The employees of the Tohopekaliga Water Authority (TWA) also participate in the general employees' retirement plan.

Actuarial studies were conducted on all three plans as of October 1, 2021. None of the three plans issue audited GAAP-basis stand-alone reports. All required disclosures and financial data are contained in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

A. Description of Plans

The City administers the general employees', municipal police officers', and municipal firefighters' retirement plans. The general employees' retirement plan is a multi-employer cost sharing defined benefit plan while the municipal police officers' and municipal firefighters' retirement plans are both single employer defined benefit plans. All three plans are established by ordinance pursuant to Florida Statutes. These plans provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. All three plans may be amended by ordinances adopted by the City Commission for benefits, funding policies, contribution requirements, investment policies and other plan administration changes. However, the City must adhere to the restrictions and limitations set forth in Florida Statutes for the police officers' and firefighters' pension plans.

Each plan has a board of trustees that is responsible for the proper operation of the plan. The general employees' board consists of seven trustees, two of whom shall be appointed by the City Manager, two of whom shall be members of the system and who shall be elected by a majority of the general employees who are employed by the City and who are members of the system, one of whom shall be appointed by the TWA executive director and one of whom shall be a member of the system and elected by a majority of the general employees who are employeed by TWA and who are members of the system. The seventh trustee shall be chosen by a majority of the previous six.

The police officers' and firefighters' boards consist of five trustees each, two of whom, unless otherwise prohibited by law, shall be legal residents of the City, who shall be appointed by the City Commission and two of whom shall be members of the system, who shall be elected by a majority of the police officers/firefighters who are members of the system. The fifth trustee shall be selected by a majority of the previous four trustees, and such person's name shall be submitted to the City Commission. Upon receipt of the fifth person's name, the City Commission shall, as a ministerial duty, appoint such person to the board of trustees as its fifth trustee.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – The pension trust fund financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to each plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contribution (i.e., the annual budget process). Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. Costs of administering the plans are charged to the pension trust fund and factored into the City's contribution rate. Total net position in all three pension trust funds are held in trust for plan benefits.

<u>Method Used to Value Investments</u> – Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at amortized cost. Each pension plan board of trustees has the authority to establish and amend its investment policy. There were no investments in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of plan total assets in any of the pension trust funds.

C. Membership and Contribution Information

Membership of each plan consisted of the following at October 1, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuations:

_		Pension Plans	
	General	Police	
_	Employees'	Officers'	Firefighters'
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently			
Receiving Benefits	356	132	79
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but Not Yet			
Receiving Benefits	112	26	29
Active Plan Members	424	134	97
Total	892	292	205

The City's contributions to the plans are actuarially determined and during fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 the City contributed \$3,811 to the General Employees Plan, \$3,196 to the Police Officers Plan, and \$3,082 to the Firefighters Plan. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the following plan provisions are listed below:

		Pension Plans	
	General	Police	
	Employees'	Officers'	Firefighters'
Required Plan Member Contribution	3.69% Tier 1	3.70% 1	1.00% 2
	7.50% Tier 2		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Dollar, closed	Level % of pay, closed	Level % of pay, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	11 Years	25 Years	25 Years
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference	4 yr geometric average	5 yr smooth mkt
	betw een FMV and	of market value returns	
	expected actuarial value	9	
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Investment rate of return	6.80%	7.20%	7.20%
Projected salary increases	3.40% to 6.50%	Service based	Service based
Post retirement benefit increases	3.00%	3.50%	3.50%
Inflation and payroll grow th	2.25%	2.5%, 0%	2.7%, 0%
Cost-of-living adjustments	None	1% per year	None
		age 55 to 65	
¹ 5.00% for Members hired after May 6, 2014			

2 3.00% for Members hired after December 31, 2012

D. Benefits Provided

General Employees'

Retirement Age

Normal: A member may retire following age 60 with 10 years of credited service. Early: A member may elect to retire early upon the attainment of age 55 with 10 years of credited service.

Retirement Benefits

Normal: Tier 1 Members: 2.8% of Average Final Compensation (AFC) multiplied by years of credited service up to a maximum of 30 years. Tier 2 Members: 3% of AFC multiplied by years of credited service up to a maximum of 30 years.

Early: The normal retirement benefit is reduced by 2% for each year before normal retirement. Delayed: Benefit continues to accrue.

Termination Benefits

Less than five years of credited service-return of employee contributions. five years or more receive vested portion of accrued pension payable at age 60 or earlier, if contributions are left in the fund, or refund of contributions with interest, when applicable. Vested portion is as follows:

Service	Vested %
5 years	25%
6	40
7	55
8	70
9	85
10	100

Disability

Any member with two or more years of service is eligible for service connected disability with a benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited until the date of disability with a minimum equal to 42% of AFC. Any member with two or more years of service is eligible for a non-service connected disability with a benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited until the date of disability with a benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited until the date of disability with a benefit taking into account compensation earned and service credited until the date of disability with a minimum equal to 25% of AFC.

Death Benefits (Pre-Retirement)

Upon the death of a member with at least five years of credited service before early or normal retirement date, beneficiary will receive monthly income, payable in the form of a 10 year certain and life annuity, which can be provided by (a) or (b), whichever is greater, where: (a) is the single-sum value of the member's accrued pension, and (b) is the smaller of 24 times average compensation or 100 times the anticipated monthly normal retirement benefit.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment

There is no cost-of-living adjustment.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Members who continue in employment past normal retirement date may either accrue larger pensions or freeze their accrued benefit and enter the DROP. Each participant in the DROP has an account credited with benefits not received and investment earnings. The DROP period is 60 months, but no more than five years from the date of eligibility. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2022 is \$2,821.

Police Officers'

Retirement Age

Normal: Earlier of 1) Age 50 with 10 years of credited service or 2) the attainment of 25 years of credited service, regardless of age.

Early: Age 40 and 10 years of credited service. Age 40 with 15 years of credited service for members hired after May 6, 2014.

Retirement Benefits

Normal: 3.5% of the AFC for each year of service subject to a maximum of 100% of AFC. For members hired after May 6, 2014, 3% of AFC for each year of service subject to a maximum of 100% of AFC. Early: Same as normal except reduced actuarially from Normal Retirement. Delayed: Benefit continues to accrue.

Termination Benefits

Less than five years of credited service-return of employee contributions with 4.5% interest. Five years or more receive vested portion of accrued pension payable at age 50 or earlier, if contributions are left in the fund, or refund of contributions with interest. Vested portion is as follows:

Service	Vested %
5 years	25%
6	30
7	35
8	40
9	45
10	100

Members' hired after May 6, 2014 are 100% vested upon the completion of 10 years of credited service.

Disability

All members are eligible for line of duty benefit; five years of credited service is needed for non-line of duty. Accrued pension benefit with a minimum of 42% of AFC if line of duty or 25% if non-line of duty. Under certain conditions, the minimum line of duty benefit is 80% of AFC.

Death Benefits (Pre-Retirement)

Upon the death of a member with at least five years of credited service before early or normal retirement date, beneficiary will receive monthly income, payable in the form of a 10 year certain and life annuity, which can be provided by (a) or (b), whichever is greater, where: (a) is the single-sum value of the member's accrued pension, and (b) is the smaller of 24 times average compensation or 100 times the anticipated monthly normal retirement benefit.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

Each retiree, beneficiary and disability retiree will receive a 1% increase in benefits each year on October 1st from age 55 to age 65. Member who retire prior to normal retirement date are not eligible for COLA.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Members who continue in employment past normal retirement date may either accrue larger pensions or freeze their accrued benefit and enter the DROP. Each participant in the DROP has an account credited with benefits not received and investment earnings. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2022 is \$739.

Firefighters'

Retirement Age

Normal: Earlier of 1) age 55 with 10 years of credited service, 2) age 52 with 25 years credited service or 3) the attainment of 30 years of credited service, regardless of age. For members hired prior to January 1, 2013, the normal retirement date is the earlier of 1) age 50 and 10 years of credited service and 2) the completion of 25 years of credited service, regardless of age.

Early: Age 50 and 10 years of credited service. Age 40 with 10 years of credited service for members hired prior to January 1, 2013.

Retirement Benefits

Normal: 3% of the AFC for each year of service, up to 30 years, and 2% for each year in excess of 30 years, subject to a maximum of 100% of AFC. Members hired prior to January 1, 2013, 3.23% of AFC for the first 30 years of credited service.

Early: Same as normal, reduced 3% per year for commencement within five years and reduced actuarially for commencement of benefits more than five years prior to the normal retirement date. Delayed: Benefit continues to accrue.

Termination Benefits

Less than 10 years of credited service-return of employee contributions with 4.5% interest. 10 years or more receive vested portion of accrued pension payable at age 50 or later, if contributions are left in the fund, or refund of contributions with interest. Vested portion is as follows:

Service	Vested %
5 years	25%
6	30
7	35
8	40
9	45
10	100

Disability

All members are eligible for service connected disability benefits; five years of credited service is needed for non-service. Accrued pension benefit with a minimum of 42% of AFC if service connected or 25% if non-service connected.

Death Benefits (Pre-Retirement)

Upon the death of a member with at least five years of credited service before early or normal retirement date, beneficiary will receive monthly income, payable in the form of a 10 year certain and life annuity, which can be provided by (a) or (b), whichever is greater, where: (a) is the single-sum value of the member's accrued pension, and (b) is the smaller of 24 times average compensation or 100 times the anticipated monthly normal retirement benefit.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment

There is no cost-of-living adjustment

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Members who continue in employment past normal retirement date may either accrue larger pensions or freeze their accrued benefit and enter the DROP. Each participant in the DROP has an account credited with benefits not received and investment earnings. The DROP period is 96 months, but no more than eight years from the date of eligibility. The DROP balance as of September 30, 2022 is \$1,000.

E. Net Pension Liability of the Sponsor

	Pension Plans					
		General* nployees'		Police Officers'		Firefighters'
Total Pension Liability	\$	170,693	\$	94,320	\$	64,955
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		130,354		69,999		40,997
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability		40,339		24,321		23,958
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of						
Total Pension Liability		76.37%		74.21%		63.12%

The components of the net pension liability of the sponsor as of September 30, 2022 were as follows:

* Information show n above is for the City and Toho combined

The total pension liability for all plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2021 using the following actuarial assumption applied to all measurement periods.

		Pension Plans	
	General	Police	
	Employees'	Officers'	Firefighters'
Inflation	2.25%	2.50%	2.70%
Salary Increases	3.40% to 6.50%	Service based	Service based
Investment Rate of Return	6.80%	7.20%	7.20%

Mortality rates for the General Employees' Fund were based on the PUB-2010 Mortality Table, projected to all future years after 2010 using scale MP-2018. Mortality rates for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Funds were based on the PubG.H-2010 and PubS.H-2010 mortality tables, projected generationally with mortality improvement scale MP-2018.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on all pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflations) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocations as of September 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

	Pension Plans							
	General E	mployees'	Police Officers'		Firefiç	ghters'		
-		Long-term		Long-term		Long-term		
		Expected		Expected		Expected		
	Target	Real Rate	Target	Real Rate	Target	Real Rate		
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return	Allocation	of Return	Allocation	of Return		
Domestic Equity	45%	7.5%	-	-	38%	7.1%		
International Equity	15%	8.5%	15%	8.5%	15%	3.1%		
All Cap Value Equity	-	-	20%	7.5%	-	-		
Broad Grow th Equity	-	-	20%	7.5%	-	-		
Domestic Fixed	20%	2.5%	5%	2.5%	-	-		
Broad Market Fixed	-	-	25%	2.5%	-	-		
Global Fixed	10%	6.2%	-	-	-	-		
Real Estate	10%	4.5%	10%	4.5%	5%	6.4%		
Private Equity	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Global Bond	-	3.5%	5%	3.5%	-	-		
Bonds	-	-	-	-	16%	2.0%		
Convertibles	-	-	-	-	10%	6.4%		
REITs	-	-	-	-	5%	6.9%		
Infrastructure	-	-	-	-	6%	5.6%		
Hedge Fund	-	-	-	-	5%	2.9%		

<u>Rate of Return</u> – The following is a schedule for the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of plan investment expense as of September 30, 2022:

	Pension Plans						
	General	Police					
Fiscal Year 2022	Employees'	Officers'	Firefighters'				
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return							
Net of Investment Expense	-14.35%	-15.70%	-16.37%				

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total General Employees' pension liability was 6.80%, the total Police Officers' pension liability was 7.20%, and the total Firefighters' pension liability was 7.20%. In the development of a single discount rate for the General Employees' pension liability, a long-term municipal bond rate of 4.40% was used based on the Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO Bond Index.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and the sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as shown in the table below.

	Current Discount							
	1%	Decrease		Rate	1% Increase			
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability	5.80%			6.80%		7.80%		
General Employees' Fund City and Toho	\$	60,520	\$	40,339	\$	23,414		
General Employees' Fund City only		43,387		28,919		16,78		
			Curre	ent Discount				
	1%	Decrease	Rate			1% Increase		
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability		6.20%		7.20%		8.20%		
Police Officers' Fund	\$	35,933	\$	24,321	\$	14,713		
			Curre	ent Discount				
	1%	Decrease		Rate		1% Increase		
		6.20%		7.20%		8.20%		
Sponsor's Net Pension Liability		0.2070						

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Genera	al Employees'	Polic	e Officers'	Firefighters'		
Total pension liability							
Service Cost	\$	2,435	\$	2,024	\$	1,405	
Interest	Ψ	8,023	Ψ	6,502	Ψ	4,337	
Change in Excess State Money		-		-		-	
Share Plan Allocation		-		_		-	
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-	
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience		(65)		(42)		1,848	
Change in Employer's Proportion		4,940		-		-	
Changes of Assumptions		2,597		-		-	
Contributions - Buy Back		-		-		26	
Benefit Payments		(5,591)		(4,885)		(2,987)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		12,339		3,599		4,629	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		110,031		90,721		60,326	
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	122,370	\$	94,320	\$	64,955	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - Employer	\$	3,811	\$	2,100	\$	2,509	
Contributions - State		-		1,096		573	
Contributions - Member		678		426		195	
Change in Employer's Proportion		4,746		-		-	
Net Investment Income		(15,894)		(13,211)		(8,097)	
Benefit Payments		(5,591)		(4,885)		(2,987)	
Administrative Expense		(55)		(61)		(67)	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(12,305)		(14,535)		(7,874)	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		105,756		84,534		48,871	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	93,451	\$	69,999	\$	40,997	
						- ,	
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)		28,919		24,321		23,958	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		76.37%		74.21%		63.12%	
Covered Payroll	\$	18,402	\$	9,896	\$	7,548	
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		157.15%		245.78%		317.41%	

* Information show n above for the General Employees' plan is for the City portion only.

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$17,084, and had ending balances of deferred outflows for pensions of \$37,729, net pension liability of \$77,198, and deferred inflows for pensions of \$487 for its activities in three pension plans. The City recognized a pension expense of \$6,500 related to the general employees' pension fund in 2022. The City's proportionate share of the total Plan's net position is 71.69%. Employer contributions were used as a basis to determine the allocation; the allocation increased 3.08% from the prior year allocation of 68.61%. The City also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the general employees' pension from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Net Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	133	\$	97	\$	36
Change in cost-sharing allocation percentage		540		-		540
Assumptions changes		2,604		-		2,604
Net Difference betw een projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		11,174		-		11,174
Total	\$	14,451	\$	97	\$	14,354

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources by year to be recognized in future pension expenses for the General Employees' Plan:

Year Ending September 30		Net Outflow s of Resources			
2023	\$	4,096			
2024		2,865			
2025		2,706			
2026	_	4,687			
Total	\$	14,354			

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized a pension expense of \$5,503 related to the police officers' pension fund. The City also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the police officers' pension from the following sources.

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences betw een expected and actual experience	\$	1,699	\$	52	\$	1,647
Change of assumptions		1,394		-		1,394
Net Difference betw een projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		9,854				9,854
Total	\$	12,947	\$	52	\$	12,895

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources by year to be recognized in future pension expenses for the Police Officers' Plan:

Year Ending	Ne	et Outflow s
September 30	of	Resources
2023	\$	3,312
2024		2,852
2025		2,890
2026		3,841
Total	\$	12,895

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized a pension expense of \$5,081 related to the firefighters' pension fund. The City also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the firefighters' pension from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflow s of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Net Deferred Inflov		
					of Resources		
Differences betw een expected and actual experience	\$	2,140	\$	338	\$	1,802	
Change of assumptions		2,073		-		2,073	
Net Difference betw een projected and actual							
earnings on pension plan investments		6,118		-		6,118	
Total	\$	10,331	\$	338	\$	9,993	

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources by year to be recognized in future pension expenses for the Firefighters' Plan:

Year Ending September 30	Outflow s Resources
2023	\$ 2,581
2024	2,348
2025	2,370
2026	 2,694
Total	\$ 9,993

F. Combining Statements of the Pension Trust Funds

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

General

U U	eneral						
Em	ployees'	Police	e Officers'	Fire	fighters'		
P	Pension		Pension		Pension		Totals
\$	1,861	\$	2,001	\$	655	\$	4,517
	127		75		20		222
	127		75		20		222
	35,339		18,437		3,720		57,496
	75,288		26,615		18,113		120,016
	17,739		10,287		11,422		39,448
	-		12,584		7,037		19,621
	128,366		67,923		40,292		236,581
	130,354		69,999		40,967		241,320
\$	130,354	\$	69,999	\$	40,967	\$	241,320
	Em 	\$ 1,861 <u>127</u> 127 127 35,339 75,288 17,739 <u>128,366</u> 130,354	Employees' Police Pension Pension \$ 1,861 \$ 1,861 \$ \$ 127 127 \$ 35,339 75,288 \$ 17,739 128,366 \$	Employees' Pension Police Officers' Pension \$ 1,861 \$ 2,001 \$ 1,861 \$ 2,001 127 75 127 75 127 75 127 75 127 75 127 75 127 75 127 75 127 75 127 75 127 75 128,366 67,923 130,354 69,999	Employees' Police Officers' Fire Pension Pension P \$ 1,861 \$ 2,001 \$ 127 75 - 127 75 - 35,339 18,437 - 75,288 26,615 - 17,739 10,287 - 128,366 67,923 - 130,354 69,999 -	Employees' Pension Police Officers' Pension Firefighters' Pension \$ 1,861 \$ 2,001 \$ 655 1,861 \$ 2,001 \$ 655 127 75 20 127 75 20 35,339 18,437 3,720 75,288 26,615 18,113 17,739 10,287 11,422 - 12,584 7,037 128,366 67,923 40,292 130,354 69,999 40,967	Employees' PensionPolice Officers' PensionFirefighters' Pension\$ 1,861\$ 2,001\$ 655\$ 127 752012775201277520127751035,33918,4373,72075,28826,61518,11317,73910,28711,422-12,5847,037128,36667,92340,292130,35469,99940,967

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

General

	General							
	Em	ployees'	Polic	ce Officers'	Fire	fighters'		
	F	Pension		Pension		Pension		Totals
ADDITIONS								
Contributions:								
Employer	\$	3,811	\$	2,101	\$	2,509	\$	8,421
Plan Members		946		426		195		1,567
State		-		1,096		573		1,669
Total Contributions		4,757		3,623		3,277		11,657
Investment earnings:								
Net increase (decrease) in fair value								
of investments		(26,338)		(15,006)		(8,992)		(50,336)
Interest and dividends		5,004		2,173		1,166		8,343
Total investment earnings (losses)		(21,334)		(12,833)		(7,826)		(41,993)
Less investment expense		859		379		301		1,539
Net investment earnings (losses)		(22,193)		(13,212)		(8,127)		(43,532)
Other contributions (Toho Water Authority)		1,504		-		_		1,504
Total Additions		(15,932)		(9,589)		(4,850)		(30,371)
DEDUCTIONS								
Benefits		7,799		4,885		2,987		15,671
Administrative Expense		55		61		67		183
Total Deductions		7,854		4,946		3,054		15,854
Change in Net Position		(23,786)		(14,535)		(7,904)		(46,225)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		154,140		84,534		48,871		287,545
Net Position - End of Year	\$	130,354	\$	69,999	\$	40,967	\$	241,320

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description, Benefit Terms and Contribution Requirements

The Other Postemployment Benefit Plan ("OPEB Plan") is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the City. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected. However, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. Since the older retirees actually have higher costs, it means that the City is subsidizing the cost of the retiree coverage because it pays all or a significant portion of that premium on behalf of the active employees. GASB Statement No.75 calls this the "implicit rate subsidy".

Retirees and their dependents are permitted to remain covered under the City's respective medical and insurance plans as long as they pay a full premium applicable to coverage elected. This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Ch. 112.08, F.S. The City Commission has the authority to amend the benefits of the OPEB Plan. The OPEB Plan does not issue a audited GAAP-basis stand-alone report. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

At measurement date September 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	23
Active employees	617
	640

Contributions (benefit payment reductions) to the OPEB Plan are shared by the retiree and the City. OPEB Plan participants must reimburse the City for the City's average blended cost. Contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended through action by the City Commission.

B. Total OPEB Liability and Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The measurement date for the City's total/net OPEB liability was September 30, 2021, one year prior to the City's fiscal reporting date of September 30, 2022. The measurement period for OPEB cost was October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021. The components of the changes in the total OPEB liability are as follows:

	Fise	cal Year
Total OPEB Liability	2	2022
Service cost	\$	477
Interest		183
Change in benefit terms		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		-
Change of assumptions and other inputs		176
Benefit payments		(266)
Net change in total OPEB liability		570
Total OPEB liability - beginning		7,244
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	7,814

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.41% at the beginning of the measurement period to 2.19% as of September 30, 2021.

C. Actuarial Assumptions and Total OPEB Liability Sensitivity to Healthcare Trend Rate

The total OPEB liability reported at September 30, 2022 was based on an actuarial valuation dated September 30, 2020 rolled forward to September 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.25% per annum
Discount rate	2.19%
Salary increases	Rates used in Oct 1, 2020 valuations of City pension plans
Mortality rates	Tables used in July 1, 2020 valuation of the Florida Retirement
	System (based on results of statewide experience study covering
	period 2013 through 2018)
Healthcare trend	Trend starting at 6.25% for claims costs and 15.07% for
	premiums, and thereafter trends based on Getzen
	model, with trend rate of 6.00% (effective Jan 2022)
	and gradually decreasing to ultimate trend rate of 3.99%

The development of per capita costs included aging factors based on the 2013 Society of Actuaries Study "Healthcare Costs – From Birth to Death". There have been no significant changes (other than premium rate increases) in any health benefits or life insurance benefits between September 30, 2021 and September 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of OPEB liability to healthcare cost trend rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate.

	Current							
	1%	Decrease	Tre	nd Rate	d Rate 1% Incre			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	6,816	\$	7,814	\$	9,016		

D. Discount Rate and Total OPEB Liability Sensitivity to Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability reported as of September 30, 2022 was 2.19%. Because the City's OPEB costs are essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate was used to determine the total OPEB liability for the OPEB Plan. Fidelity's 20-Year Municipal G.O. AA Index daily rate closest but not after the measurement date was used for this purpose.

Sensitivity of OPEB liability to discount rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate.

				Current			
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	Increase	
		1.19%		2.19%	3.19%		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	8,687	\$	7,814	\$	7,054	

E. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$475. At September 30, 2022, the City had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred Itflows esources	lr	eferred nflows esources
Difference between expected and				
actual experience	\$	332	\$	129
Change of assumptions		646		1,680
Transactions after measurement				
date		308		
	\$	1,286	\$	1,809

Deferred outflows of resources of \$308 are reported by the City for employer benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Deferred inflows of resources shown above will be recognized in OPEB expense in the following years.

	Net
Fiscal Year Ending	 Inflows
2023	\$ (184)
2024	(184)
2025	(174)
2026	(149)
2027	(22)
Thereafter	 (118)
	\$ (831)

NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City has a risk management program accounted for in two internal service funds. The funds are used to account for the costs of employee health, workers' compensation, automobile, and general property and casualty programs. Other City funds are charged by this fund for policy premiums and claims for which the City is self-insured. The City maintains cash reserves in excess of \$1 million and carries excess coverage for claims between \$100 thousand and \$5 million on all coverage except criminal liability. Criminal liability excess coverage is carried for claims between \$50 thousand and \$250 thousand. During 2022, there were no reductions in insurance coverage, and over the past three years there were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage. As of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the total outstanding unpaid claims were \$4,752 which includes an estimate for incurred but not reported claims. Insurance premiums paid out of the funds totaled \$9,937 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The change in the claims liability for the past two years is as follows:

	Ba	Balance at		Current Year Claims		Current Year Claims		
	Beg	jinning of	and Changes in		Payments or Other		Balanc	e at End of
	Fis	cal Year	Estimates		Adjustments		Fiscal Year	
2021-2022	\$	4,752	\$	9,816	\$	(9,937)	\$	4,631
2020-2021		4,510		9,300		(9,058)		4,752

NOTE 11 - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS CALCULATION

The elements for the calculation of this component of net position are as follows:

	Governmental		Business-type			
	Activities			Activities	Total	
Capital Assets (Net)	\$	264,555	\$	53,812	\$	318,367
Debt Related to Capital Assets		(84,940)		-		(84,940)
Other Liabilities Related to Capital Assets		(141)		(3,906)		(4,047)
Unspent Proceeds of Capital-Related Debt		6,942		3,640		10,582
	\$	186,416	\$	53,546	\$	239,962

NOTE 12 - FUND BALANCE DEFICITS AND EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following funds have a deficit fund balance at September 30, 2022:

Fund Name	Deficit Amounts			
Deficit Fund Balances				
Nonmajor Funds:				
Special Revenue Fund:				
Justice Assistance Grant	\$	(49)		
Community Development Block Grant		(83)		

Deficits in the grant funds represent amounts spent on grant programs that will ultimately be reimbursed from federal and state grantor agencies, or transfers from City funds for City match requirements in the subsequent period.

The Victim of Crime Act, Justice Assistance Grant, Charter School, 2010A Refunding Revenue Note, and 2011B Capital Refunding Note funds had excess of expenditures over appropriations of \$52, \$387, \$380, \$10, and \$18, respectively. There were sufficient transfers in and available fund balance to cover the excesses.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS, RELATED PARTIES, AND CONTINGENCIES

Charter School - The City entered into an interlocal agreement with the Osceola County School Board to operate a charter elementary school within the City. Originally the City issued a tax-exempt note and built the school facilities. In 2011, the debt was refinanced at a fixed rate. The City entered into a contract with a management company to run the day-to-day operation of the school. The management company is required to report to the City Commission all activities and results of operations on a monthly and an annual basis. The City pays the management company based upon an approved operating budget. The City records revenue received from the Osceola County School Board, makes debt service payments on the notes, and pays the management company. The charter school is a separate legal entity. Financial activity for the revenues received and payments to the management company is reflected in the City's financial statements as part of the City's governmental funds.

Downtown Community Redevelopment Area Debt – The City issued the 2022 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds which included a portion used to finance the cost of land acquisition and various infrastructure improvements known as the Beaumont Development Site. This project is included in the Downtown Community Redevelopment Area (Downtown CRA) redevelopment plan. The Downtown CRA will provide reimbursement to the City for its portion of the annual debt service payments on these bonds. During fiscal year 2022, the Downtown CRA paid interest in the amount of \$428.

Kissimmee Utility Authority – The Kissimmee Utility Authority (KUA) provides a payment to the City's General Fund annually. The minimum payment is a charter requirement of KUA. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the payment made by KUA to the City was \$18.9 million. KUA's total operating revenues for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 were \$259.1 million. KUA also provides customer billing services to the City's Solid Waste and Stormwater Utility Funds.

Tohopekaliga Water Authority – The Tohopekaliga Water Authority (TWA) was created effective October 1, 2003. The TWA was created pursuant to a state legislative act. The City and Osceola County agreed to transfer all assets, liabilities and operations of their water and sewer systems to the TWA. The TWA issued in excess of \$100 million in revenue bonds to pay off the City's utility revenue bonds, other outstanding obligations, and to provide for new construction and system expansion. TWA provides a payment to the City's General Fund annually. The annual amount for 2022 was \$8.4 million and all future annual amounts will be calculated based on the gross annual revenues of the system for an additional eight years.

Intergovernmental Grants - Amounts received or receivable from grantors are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts to be immaterial. In September 2022, Hurricane Ian made landfall in the State of Florida and parts of the City experienced heavy wind and rain damage. The City is currently working with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) on reimbursements for hurricane preparedness and recovery efforts which may take several years to complete. The total cumulative cost of these efforts and reimbursement is still being compiled.

Litigation - Various suits and claims arising in the ordinary course of operations are pending against the City. While the ultimate effect of such litigation cannot be ascertained at this time, in the opinion of legal counsel, the City has sufficient insurance coverage to cover any claims and/or the liabilities that may arise from such action. The effect of such losses would not materially affect the financial position of the City or the results of its operations.

Contingency - In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. The outbreak of COVID-19 resulted in significant impacts on the US economy and the City. On September 8, 2021, the US Department of the Treasury, Coronavirus State and Local Government Fiscal Recovery Fund (CSLFRF) awarded the City \$18,070 as part of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). The total award was provided in two tranches, with the first portion of \$9,035 received in late fiscal year 2021 and the second in late fiscal year 2022. The City's planned use of the ARPA funds includes the standard allowance for revenue loss replacement and infrastructure initiatives to benefit the community.

NOTE 14 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

In fiscal year 2022, the City implemented a Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which resulted in a change in accounting principle for reporting certain leasing transactions including recognition of right-to-use intangible assets, lease receivables, lease liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The effect of this change in accounting principle resulted in a restatement of the City's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows; however, it did not result in a change to beginning net position or fund balance.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP BASIS):

- General Fund
- Major Special Revenue Fund:
 - $\circ~$ Local Option Sales Tax

City Retirement Plans Schedules and Notes:

- Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Actuarially Determined Contributions
- Plan Changes in Benefit Terms
- Change of Assumptions
- Methods and Assumptions used to Determine Contribution Rates
- Money-weighted Rate of Return

City Other Postemployment Benefits Plan Schedule:

• Schedule of Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts						Varian	ce with
				Actual			Budget -	
	O mininal			Final				•
	<u> </u>	riginal		Final	A	mounts		Under)
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES								
Taxes:								
Ad valorem	\$	19,085	\$	19,085	\$	19,326	\$	241
Utility taxes		7,405		7,405		7,459		54
Local business taxes		250		250		198		(52)
		26,740		26,740		26,983		243
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments:								
Franchise fees		200		200		230		30
Other permits and fees		2		2		7		5
		202		202		237		35
Intergovernmental Revenues:								
Federal grants		-		12		4,350		4,338
State grants		-		-		1		1
State revenue sharing		2,786		2,786		3,941		1,155
Half cent sales tax		5,706		5,706		6,618		912
Shared taxes and licenses		831		831		1,146		315
County shared revenue		2,649		2,649		2,732		83
Kissimmee Utility Authority		18,400		18,400		18,973		573
Tohopekaliga Water Authority		8,137		8,137		8,484		347
		38,509		38,521		46,245		7,724
Charges for Services:								
General government charges		639		639		803		164
Public safety charges		7,924		7,924		8,390		466
Physical environment charges		66		66		114		48
Transportation charges		312		312		284		(28)
Culture/recreation charges		1,030		1,030		1,035		5
		9,971		9,971		10,626		655
Fines and Forfeitures:								
Court fines and costs		257		257		655		398
Miscellaneous Revenue:								
Investment income		292		292		(240)		(532)
Rents		140		140		(240)		(12)
Other revenue		441		495		580		85
Sales of cemetery lots		214		214		398		184
		1,087		1,141		866		(275)
		1,007		1,171		000		(210)

Continued

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Budgete	d A	mounts		Variance with
				Actual	Final Budget -
	Original		Final	Amounts	Over (Under)
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES - Continue					
Transfers In:	4				
Stormwater Utility Fund	\$ 298	\$	298	\$ 304	\$6
Charter School	637	•	637	637	-
Airport	83		83	2	(81)
Sanitation Fund	306		306	279	(27)
Other Nonmajor Funds	159)	159	159	-
	1,483	}	1,483	1,381	(102)
Other Sources:					
Proceeds from Leases	-		-	4,433	4,433
	-		-	4,433	4,433
Total Revenues and Other Sources	78,249)	78,315	91,426	13,111
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER (USES)					
General Government:					
City Commission:	0.40		0.4.0		
Personal Services	312		313	308	(5)
Operating	614		966	521	(445)
	926)	1,279	829	(450)
City Manager:	4 704		4 740	4 000	(40)
Personal Services	1,721		1,746	1,698	(48)
Operating	682		14,577	712	(13,865)
Capital Outlay	156		221	96	(125)
	2,559)	16,544	2,506	(14,038)
Development Services:	4 500		4 500	4.040	00
Personal Services	1,568		1,589	1,612	23
Operating	687		1,752	1,016	(736)
Capital Outlay	3		176	62	(114)
	2,258	}	3,517	2,690	(827)
Legal:	0.50		000	007	(04)
Personal Services	659		668	637	(31)
Operating	302	_	470	115	(355)
Capital Outlay	-		9	9	-
	961		1,147	761	(386)

Continued

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONTINUED

GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

OriginalFinalAmountsOverEXPENDITURES AND OTHER (USES) - ContinuedGeneral Government:Finance: Personal Services\$ 1,290\$ 1,304\$ 1,302\$	Budget - • (Under) (2) (143)
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER (USES) - Continued General Government: Finance: Personal Services \$ 1,290 \$ 1,304 \$ 1,302 \$	(2)
General Government:Finance:Personal Services\$ 1,290 \$ 1,304 \$ 1,302 \$	
General Government:Finance:Personal Services\$ 1,290 \$ 1,304 \$ 1,302 \$	
Personal Services \$ 1,290 \$ 1,304 \$ 1,302 \$	
	(143)
Operating 295 463 320	
Capital Outlay 7 156 13	(143)
1,592 1,923 1,635	(288)
Personnel:	()
Personal Services 1,112 1,114 817	(297)
Operating 179 230 131	(99)
Capital Outlay <u>11 11 8</u>	(3)
1,302 1,355 956	(399)
Central Service and Self Insurance Charges: Operating 8,261 8,261 8,261	
8,261 8,261 8,261 8,261	<u> </u>
Total General Government 17,859 34,026 17,638	(16,388)
Public Safety:	
Police:	
Personal Services 23,477 23,502 22,770	(732)
Operating 3,308 3,528 2,877	(651)
Capital Outlay 1,020 1,372 1,041	(331)
27,805 28,402 26,688	(1,714)
Fire:	
Personal Services 14,187 14,178 14,003	(175)
Operating 2,479 2,465 2,222	(243)
Capital Outlay <u>449 944 643</u>	(301)
17,115 17,587 16,868	(719)
Total Public Safety 44,920 45,989 43,556	(2,433)
Transportation:	
Public Works:	
Personal Services 2,769 2,769 2,908	139
Operating 2,976 3,075 2,216	(859)
Capital Outlay 109 1,438 4,619	3,181
Total Transportation 5,854 7,282 9,743	2,461

Continued

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONTINUED

<u>GENERAL FUND</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	E	Budgeted	An	nounts		Var	iance with
					Actual	Fina	l Budget -
	0	riginal		Final	mounts		er (Under)
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER (USES) - Continu	ued						
Culture/Recreation							
Recreation:							
Personal Services	\$	5,840	\$	5,840	\$ 5,358	\$	(482)
Operating		1,840		1,986	1,610		(376)
Capital Outlay		374		1,033	477		(556)
Total Culture / Recreation		8,054		8,859	7,445		(1,414)
Non-Departmental							
Bad Debt		2,030		2,030	1,431		(599)
Capital Reserves		27,882		29,438	-		(29,438)
Operating Reserves		882		865	-		(865)
Principal Retirement		46		363	755		392
Debt Service Interest and Costs		40		40	42		2
Total Non-Departmental		30,880		32,736	2,228		(30,508)
Other (Uses)							
Transfers Out		2,932		5,261	5,297		36
Total Other (Uses)		2,932		5,261	5,297		36
Total Expenditures and Other (Uses)		110,499		134,153	85,907		(48,246)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures		(32,250)		(55,838)	5,519		61,357
and Other (Uses)		(02,200)		(00,000)	5,519		01,007
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		32,250		55,838	39,392		(16,446)
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 44,911	\$	44,911

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budgete	d An		 riance with	
	 Original		Final	Actual Amounts	al Budget - /er (Under)
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 9,073	\$	9,073	\$ 10,783	\$ 1,710
Charges for Services	-		-	169	169
Investment Income (Loss)	 20		20	68	 48
Total Revenues	 9,093		9,093	11,020	 1,927
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	570		1,031	289	742
Public Safety	695		3,308	224	3,084
Transportation	825		5,790	552	5,238
Culture/Recreation	190		1,138	102	1,036
Debt Service			0.55	054	101
Principal Retirement	389		355	251	104
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-		35	62	(27)
Capital Outlay	 5,482		7,786	-	 7,786
Total Expenditures	 8,151		19,443	1,480	 17,963
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	942		(10,350)	9,540	19,890
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	-		2,323	2,323	-
Transfers (Out)	(4,333)		(4,376)	(4,400)	(24)
Issuance of Leases	 -		2,320		 (2,320)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (4,333)		267	(2,077)	 (2,344)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,391)		(10,083)	7,463	17,546
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 3,391		10,083	6,652	 (3,431)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 14,115	\$ 14,115

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (General Employees')

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$ 3,397	\$ 3,023	\$ 2,765	\$ 2,651	\$ 2,535	\$ 2,440	\$ 2,437	\$ 2,362	\$ 2,383
Interest	11,191	11,086	10,588	10,108	9,687	9,095	8,589	8,227	7,758
Benefit changes	-	-	-	1,063	-	-	-	-	339
Assumption changes	3,622	1,414	1,632	-	1,492	1,397	-	-	-
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience	: (90)	(154)	938	(460)	(54)	595	919	(952)	(12)
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(7,799)	(7,675)	(7,116)	(6,865)	(5,822)	(5,592)	(4,857)	(4,902)	(3,483)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	10,321	7,694	8,807	6,497	7,838	7,935	7,088	4,735	6,985
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	160,372	152,678	143,871	137,374	129,536	121,601	114,513	109,778	102,793
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$170,693	\$160,372	\$152,678	\$143,871	\$137,374	\$ 129,536	\$121,601	\$114,513	\$109,778
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - Employer (from City and Toho)	\$ 5,315	\$ 4,825	\$ 4,361	\$ 4,338	\$ 4,119	\$ 3,851	\$ 3,579	\$ 3,587	\$ 3,135
Contributions - Member	946	942	939	875	880	849	856	841	844
Net Investment Income	(22,171)	27,623	10,509	4,225	7,866	12,906	8,257	1,129	7,817
Benefit Payments	(7,799)	(7,675)	(7,116)	(6,865)	(5,822)	(5,592)	(4,857)	(4,902)	(3,483)
Administrative Expense	(78)	(87)	(58)	(79)	(47)	(54)	(76)	(76)	(65)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(23,787)	25,628	8,635	2,494	6,996	11,960	7,759	579	8,248
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	154,141	128,513	119,878	117,384	110,388	98,428	90,669	90,090	81,842
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$130,354	\$154,141	\$128,513	\$119,878	\$117,384	\$110,388	\$ 98,428	\$ 90,669	\$ 90,090
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	40,339	6,231	24,165	23,993	19,990	19,148	23,173	23,844	19,688
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	76.37%	96.11%	84.17%	83.32%	85.45%	85.22%	80.94%	79.18%	82.07%
Covered Payroll	\$ 23,734	\$ 23,739	\$ 23,521	\$ 22,188	\$ 21,266	\$ 20,671	\$ 20,342	\$ 19,872	\$ 20,096
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	169.96%	26.25%	102.74%	108.14%	94.00%	92.63%	113.92%	119.99%	97.97%

This schedule represents entire plan with City and Toho combined.

This schedule is present to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which information is available is presented.

Notes to the Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (General Employees' City Only)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$ 2,435	\$ 2,074	\$ 1,860	\$ 1,654	\$ 1,594	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,442	\$ 1,378	\$ 1,390
Interest	8,023	7,606	7,123	6,308	6,090	5,535	5,084	4,798	4,524
Benefit Changes	-	-	-	664	-	-	-	-	198
Change in Employer's Proportion	4,940	2,047	6,991	(632)	2,605	2,030	997	-	-
Change in Assumptions	2,597	970	1,098	-	938	850	-	-	-
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience	(65)	(106)	631	(287)	(34)	362	544	(555)	(7)
Benefit Payments	(5,591)	(5,266)	(4,787)	(4,284)	(3,661)	(3,403)	(2,875)	(2,859)	(2,032)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	12,339	7,325	12,916	3,423	7,532	6,859	5,192	2,762	4,073
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	110,031	102,706	89,790	86,367	78,835	71,976	66,784	64,022	59,949
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$122,370	\$110,031	\$102,706	\$89,790	\$86,367	\$78,835	\$71,976	\$66,784	\$64,022
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - Employer	\$ 3,811	\$ 3,311	\$ 2,935	\$ 2,708	\$ 2,591	\$ 2,345	\$ 2,119	\$ 2,088	\$ 1,984
Contributions - Member	678	646	632	546	554	517	507	490	492
Change in Employer's Proportion	4,746	1,723	5,824	(541)	2,218	1,641	789	-	-
Net Investment Income	(15,894)	18,952	7,069	2,637	4,945	7,855	4,887	663	4,404
Benefit Payments	(5,591)	(5,266)	(4,787)	(4,284)	(3,661)	(3,403)	(2,875)	(2,859)	(2,032)
Administrative Expense	(55)	(60)	(39)	(49)	(30)	(33)	(45)	(44)	(38)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(12,305)	19,306	11,634	1,017	6,617	8,922	5,382	338	4,810
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	105,756	86,450	74,816	73,799	67,182	58,260	52,878	52,540	47,730
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 93,451	\$105,756	\$ 86,450	\$74,816	\$73,799	\$67,182	\$58,260	\$52,878	\$52,540
City's Proportionate % of Total Plan Net Position	71.69%	68.61%	72.11%	62.41%	62.87%	60.86%	59.19%	58.32%	58.32%
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	28,919	4,275	16,256	14,974	12,568	11,653	13,716	13,906	11,482
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	76.37%	96.11%	84.17%	83.32%	85.45%	85.22%	80.94%	79.18%	82.07%
Covered Payroll	\$ 18,402	\$ 18,002	\$ 17,506	\$16,032	\$14,740	\$13,947	\$13,653	\$12,852	\$12,758
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	157.15%	23.75%	92.86%	93.40%	85.26%	83.55%	100.46%	108.20%	90.00%

This schedule represents only the City's portion of the Net Pension Liability.

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years available is presented.

Notes to the Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues .

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Police Officers')

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$ 2,024	\$ 1,902	\$ 1,835	\$ 1,773	\$ 2,008	\$ 1,838	\$ 1,911	\$ 1,841	\$ 1,815
Interest	6,502	6,101	5,852	5,590	5,544	5,299	4,818	4,577	4,317
Change in Excess State Money	-	-	-	-	-	-	(328)	-	-
Share Plan Allocation	-	-	-	-	-	-	218	-	-
Change of Benefit Terms	-	-	616	-	-	-	(68)	-	-
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience	e (42)	2,364	702	(88)	953	(889)	1,136	(427)	-
Changes of Assumptions	-	1,985	508	-	861	-	1,127	-	-
Benefit Payments	(4,885)	(4,337)	(4,761)	(4,171)	(3,611)	(3,116)	(3,122)	(2,849)	(2,957)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	3,599	8,015	4,752	3,104	5,755	3,132	5,692	3,142	3,175
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	90,721	82,706	77,954	74,850	69,095	65,963	60,271	57,129	53,954
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$94,320	\$90,721	\$82,706	\$77,954	\$74,850	\$69,095	\$65,963	\$60,271	\$57,129
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - Employer	\$ 2,100	\$ 1,597	\$ 1,871	\$ 1,893	\$ 1,971	\$ 1,882	\$ 1,948	\$ 1,907	\$ 2,476
Contributions - State	1,096	951	1,081	799	747	655	582	521	501
Contributions - Member	426	397	378	366	321	295	275	270	253
Net Investment Income	(13,211)	14,352	6,349	2,480	6,229	5,845	4,519	1,144	4,412
Benefit Payments	(4,885)	(4,337)	(4,761)	(4,171)	(3,611)	(3,116)	(3,122)	(2,849)	(2,957)
Administrative Expense	(61)	(47)	(49)	(65)	(47)	(42)	(46)	(48)	(51)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(14,535)	12,913	4,869	1,302	5,610	5,519	4,156	945	4,634
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	84,534	71,621	66,752	65,450	59,840	54,321	50,165	49,220	44,586
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$69,999	\$84,534	\$71,621	\$66,752	\$65,450	\$59,840	\$54,321	\$50,165	\$49,220
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	24,321	6,187	11,085	11,202	9,400	9,255	11,642	10,106	7,909
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	74.21%	93.18%	86.60%	85.63%	87.44%	86.61%	82.35%	83.23%	86.16%
Covered Payroll	\$ 9,896	\$ 9,354	\$ 9,068	\$ 8,550	\$ 7,921	\$ 7,725	\$ 7,506	\$ 7,754	\$ 6,841
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	245.78%	66.15%	122.25%	131.03%	118.68%	119.81%	155.10%	130.33%	115.61%

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years available is presented.

Note to the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Police Officers')

Notes to the Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues, except for the 9/30/15 measurement period which includes DROP.

Changes of Benefit Terms:

For measurement date 09/30/20, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms was a result of the adoption of Ordinance No. 3027 amended for provisions for Pre-Retirement Death. An Actuarial Impact was issued for this change.

For measurement date 09/30/16, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms was a result of the adoption of Ordinance No. 2939 which made the following changes: - Resumption of prior graded vesting schedule for Members who were employed prior to 05/06/14.

- Allocation of a portion of the Excess State Monies Reserve necessary to cover the increase in the present value of benefits associated with the
- proposed vesting change described above. For purposes of this Impact Statement, \$110 is the increase in present value of benefits for the proposed vesting change. Accordingly, the Excess State Monies Reserve was diminished by this amount, leaving \$218 as allocation to Plan.
- Future share allocations once the annual State Monies exceed \$1,177.

Changes of Assumptions:

For measurement date 09/30/22, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.4% to 7.2% per year.

For measurement date 09/30/20, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System (FRS) for special risk employees.

For measurement date 09/30/18, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted from an experience study dated September 2018, and the Board approved changes in salary increases, retirement and withdrawal rates, and investment return.

For measurement date 09/30/16, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to assumptions used by FRS for special risk. The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.0% to 2.5%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Firefighters')

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$ 1,405	\$ 1,174	\$ 1,070	\$ 992	\$ 915	\$ 693	\$ 761	\$ 826	\$ 846
Interest	4,337	4,171	4,149	4,064	3,836	3,787	3,573	3,512	3,366
Change in Excess State Money	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(555)
Change in Benefit Terms	-	-	-	(31)	72	-	-	-	-
Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience	1,848	1,103	(560)	(567)	1,552	(920)	58	(606)	-
Changes of Assumptions	-	2,589	1,115	370	463	211	2,097	-	-
Contributions - Buy Back	26	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
Benefit Payments	(2,987)	(4,832)	(3,560)	(3,475)	(3,700)	(3,713)	(3,168)	(2,657)	(2,063)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	4,629	4,205	2,214	1,353	3,138	61	3,321	1,075	1,594
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	60,326	56,121	53,907	52,554	49,416	49,355	46,034	44,959	43,365
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$64,955	\$60,326	\$56,121	\$53,907	\$52,554	\$49,416	\$49,355	\$46,034	\$44,959
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - Employer	\$ 2,509	\$ 2,246	\$ 2,089	\$ 1,908	\$ 2,095	\$ 1,542	\$ 834	\$ 1,434	\$ 1,392
Contributions - State	573	452	401	368	377	370	337	385	417
Contributions - Member	195	165	142	136	117	104	74	63	68
Net Investment Income	(8,097)	8,460	3,723	1,671	2,986	3,709	2,985	(1,773)	4,343
Benefit Payments	(2,987)	(4,832)	(3,560)	(3,475)	(3,700)	(3,713)	(3,168)	(2,657)	(2,063)
Administrative Expense	(67)	(62)	(51)	(55)	(62)	(59)	(54)	(52)	(52)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(7,874)	6,429	2,744	553	1,813	1,953	1,008	(2,600)	4,105
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	48,871	42,442	39,698	39,145	37,332	35,379	34,371	36,971	32,866
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$40,997	\$48,871	\$42,442	\$39,698	\$39,145	\$37,332	\$35,379	\$34,371	\$36,971
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	23,958	11,455	13,679	14,209	13,409	12,084	13,976	11,663	7,988
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	63.12%	81.01%	75.63%	73.64%	74.49%	75.55%	71.68%	74.66%	82.23%
Covered Payroll	\$ 7,548	\$ 7,557	\$ 6,712	\$ 6,183	\$ 5,756	\$ 5,829	\$ 4,557	\$ 4,987	\$ 4,218
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	317.41%	151.58%	203.80%	229.81%	232.96%	207.33%	306.71%	233.87%	189.39%

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years available is presented.

Notes to the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Firefighters')

Notes to the Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*, except for the 9/30/15 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Changes of Benefit Terms:

For measurement date 9/30/19, changes of benefit terms resulted from provisions of Chapter 112.1816, Florida Statutes, regarding death or disability due to a diagnosis of cancer. The expected deaths and disabilities in line-of-duty were increased from 75% to 90%.

For measurement date 9/30/18, changes of benefit terms resulted from Ordinance 2986, adopted in 2018.

Changes of Assumptions:

For measurement date 09/30/21, the investment return was lowered from 7.60% to 7.20%.

For measurement date 09/30/20, as required by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality have been changed from to those used in the July 1, 2019 FRS valuation report for special risk employees. Additionally, the investment return was lowered from 7.80% to 7.60%, and rates for early retirement hired pre-01/01/13 have been reduced from 4.5% to 3.0%.

For measurement date 09/30/19, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following changes: The investment return has been reduced from 7.85% to 7.80%. Rates for early retirement for members pre-07/01/13 reduced from 6.0% to 4.5%.

For measurement date 09/30/18, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following changes: A 100% retirement probability for the addition of the Normal Retirement Date for members hired after December 31, 2012. The investment return has been reduced from 7.90% to 7.85%. The rates for early retirement members hired prio to January 2013 reduced from 9.0% to 6.0%.

For measurement date 09/30/17, as required by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality have been changed from those in the July 1, 2015 FRS valuation report to those used in the July 1, 2016 FRS valuation report. Additionally, the assumption of investment return was lowered from 7.95% to 7.90% compounded annually, net of investment related expense.

For measurement date 09/30/16, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following changes:

The investment return was lowered from 8.0% to 7.95%. This assumption rate will be reduced annually until it reaches an ultimate rate of 7.75% in the 10/1/20 actuarial valuation. The normal retirement and early retirement rates for members hired before 1/1/13 have been updated based on the experience study dated 10/28/16. The Tier 1 early retirement rates for ages 44 to 49 have been reduced to 9%, and will be reduced annually until it reaches an ultimate rate of 3% is reached in the 10/1/20 actuarial valuation. The termination and salary increase assumptions have been updated to better reflect anticipated future Plan experience. As a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the assumptions used by the Florida Retirement System for special risk employees. Also, the inflation rate was lowered from 3.0% to 2.7%.

For measurement date 09/30/15, the inflation assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 3.0%.

Schedule of Actuarially Determined Contributions (General Employees' City Only)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 3,811	\$ 3,311	\$ 2,927	\$ 2,707	\$ 2,590	\$ 2,344	\$ 2,119	\$ 2,160	\$ 1,980
Actuarially Determined Contributions	3,811	3,311	2,930	2,707	2,590	2,344	2,119	2,088	1,984
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-		(3)					72	(4)
		# 40.000	\$17 500	\$10,000		\$40.047	\$40.050	\$40.050	\$40.750
Covered Payroll	\$18,402	\$18,002	\$17,506	\$16,032	\$14,740	\$13,947	\$13,653	\$12,852	\$12,758
Contributions as a percentage of									
Covered Payroll	20.71%	18.39%	16.74%	16.88%	17.57%	16.81%	15.52%	16.25%	15.55%

This schedule is present to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. How ever, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which information is available is presented.

Notes to Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues .

Valuation Date: 10/1/21

General Employees' only includes the City portion.

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is 15 months prior to the expected contribution date.

Prepaid contributions were used to meet the remaining of the actuarially determined contribution for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method:	Level Dollar, closed
Remaining Amortization Period:	12 Years (as of 10/01/2020)
Asset Valuation Method:	20% of the difference between MV and expected actuarial asset
Inflation:	2.25%
Salary Increase:	3.40% to 6.50%
Interest Rate	7.0%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates specific to type of eligibility condition
Early Retirement	Age 55 and 10 years of service
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	None

Changes of Benefit Terms:

There have been no changes in benefits since the prior valuation.

Changes of Assumptions:

For 2021, there were no significant assumption changes to calculate the contribution.

Schedule of Actuarially Determined Contributions (Police Officers')

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 2,882	\$ 3,051	\$ 2,793	\$ 2,554	\$ 2,640	\$ 2,626	\$ 2,464	\$ 2,469	\$ 2,408
Actuarially Determined Contributions	3,196	2,548	2,951	2,693	2,717	2,537	2,530	2,428	2,977
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	(314)	503	(158)	(139)	(77)	89	(66)	41	(569)
Covered Payroll	\$ 9,896	\$ 9,354	\$ 9,068	\$ 8,550	\$ 7,921	\$ 7,725	\$ 7,506	\$ 7,754	\$ 6,841
Contributions as a percentage of									
Covered Payroll	32.30%	27.24%	32.54%	31.50%	34.30%	32.84%	33.71%	31.31%	43.52%

This schedule is present to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. How ever, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which information is available is presented.

Notes to Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*, except for the 09/30/15 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Valuation Date: 10/1/21

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method:	Level % of pay, closed
Remaining Amortization Period:	30 Years (as of 10/01/2021)
Asset Valuation Method:	4 Year geometric average of market value returns
Salary Increase:	Service based
Interest Rate	7.2%, net of investment related expenses
Mortality:	PubG.H-2010 and PubS.H-2010, separate assumptions for Healthy
	Active Lives, Healthy Inactive Lives, and Disabled Lives
Retirement Age	Age 50 and 25 years of credited service
Early Retirement	Subsidized benefit - 2% age 40-44, 10% age 45 and older
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	1% increase in benefits annually

Changes of Benefit Terms:

For measurement date 09/30/20, amounts reported as changes of benefit terms was a result of the adoption of Ordinance No. 3027 which made changes. Please see Required Supplementary Information Schedule "Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Police Officers" for details.

Changes of Assumptions:

For measurement dates 09/30/20, 09/30/18 and 09/30/16, the assumed rates of mortality were changed. Please see Required Supplementary Information Schedule "Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Police Officers" for details.

Schedule of Actuarially Determined Contributions (Firefighters')

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 3,527	\$ 2,962	\$ 2,647	\$ 2,450	\$ 2,286	\$ 2,465	\$ 1,880	\$ 1,774	\$ 1,851
Actuarially Determined Contributions	3,082	2,698	2,490	2,276	2,472	1,912	1,171	1,819	2,363
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	445	264	157	174	(186)	553	709	(45)	(512)
Covered Payroll	\$ 7,548	\$ 7,557	\$ 6,712	\$ 6,183	\$ 5,756	\$ 5,829	\$ 4,557	\$ 4,987	\$ 4,218
Contributions as a percentage of									
Covered Payroll	40.83%	35.70%	37.10%	36.81%	42.95%	32.80%	25.70%	36.47%	56.02%

This schedule is present to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. How ever, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for those years for which information is available is presented.

Notes to Schedule:

The covered payroll numbers presented are in compliance with GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*, except for the 09/30/15 measurement period which includes DROP payroll.

Valuation Date: 10/1/21

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method:	Level % of pay, closed
Remaining Amortization Period:	30 Years (as of 10/01/2021)
Asset Valuation Method:	5 Year Smooth
Salary Increase:	Service based
Inflation:	2.70%
Interest Rate	7.20%
Mortality:	PubG.H-2010 and PubS.H-2010, separate assumptions for Healthy Active Lives, Healthy Inactive Lives, and Disabled Lives
Retirement Age	Age 50 and 10 years of service, or any age with 25 years of credit service
Early Retirement	Age 40 with ten years service or age 50 - subsidized benefit at 10% per year
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	None

Changes in Benefit Terms:

For measurement date 9/30/19, changes of benefit terms resulted from provisions of Chapter 112.1816 F.S.

Changes of Assumptions:

For measurement dates 9/30/21, 9/30/20, 9/30/18, 9/30/17 and 9/30/16, several assumptions were changed. Please see Required Supplementary Information Schedule "Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Firefighters" for details.

Money-weighted Rate of Return

	General Employees'										
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return											
Net of Investment Expense	-14.35%	22.21%	8.06%	3.53%	7.04%	6.09%	6.09%	1.54%	11.45%		
				F	Police Officers	s'					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return											
Net of Investment Expense	-15.70%	20.17%	9.61%	3.82%	10.42%	10.74%	8.99%	2.29%	9.71%		
					Firefighters'						
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return											
Net of Investment Expense	-16.37%	20.18%	9.42%	4.27%	8.03%	10.75%	8.90%	-4.79%	13.20%		

This schedule is present to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. How ever, until full 10 year trend is compiled, information for those years for which information is available is presented.

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 477	\$ 518	\$ 402	\$ 531	\$ 544
Interest	183	226	267	271	233
Change of benefit terms	-	-	1	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	434	-	(255)	-
Change of assumptions and other inputs	176	(1,482)	772	(894)	(270)
Benefit payments	(266)	(318)	(278)	(323)	(234)
Net change in total OPEB liability	570	(622)	1,164	(670)	273
Total OPEB liability - beginning	7,244	7,866	6,702	7,372	7,099
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 7,814	\$ 7,244	\$ 7,866	\$ 6,702	\$ 7,372
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 37,040	\$ 34,141	\$ 30,714	\$ 28,415	\$ 26,226
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	21.10%	21.22%	25.61%	23.59%	28.11%

Fiscal year 2018 presents information on the Plan's measurement year ended September 30, 2017.

Notes to the Schedule:

Note 1: GASB 75 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City is presenting information for only those years for which information is available.
 Note 2: No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75.

Note 3: Significant assumption changes 2022: discount rate decreased to 2.19% from 2.41%.

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Non-Major Governmental Funds:

Combining Financial Statements for All Non-major Governmental Funds and Individual Budgetary Comparison Schedules (GAAP Basis) for All Budgeted Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The City has the following nonmajor special revenue funds:

Budgeted Special Revenue Funds (GAAP Basis)

Local Option Gas Tax

To account for the City's share of the six-cent local option gas tax revenues designated for road improvements and maintenance projects.

Recreation Impact Fee Fund

To account for impact fees collected and spent based on charges to new living units constructed. Revenue is restricted for park acquisition and improvements. Impact fees are assessed based upon City ordinance and adopted pursuant to Florida Law.

Community Redevelopment Agency Downtown

To account for the operations of the Downtown Community Redevelopment Agency. Costs are funded with restricted incremental tax increases of property located within the CRA.

Community Redevelopment Agency Vine Street

To account for the operations of the Vine Street Community Redevelopment Agency. Costs are funded with restricted incremental tax increases of property located within the CRA.

Building Division

To account for the collection of building permit revenues and payment of expenditures associated with providing inspection related services.

Federal Grants Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures related to several grant projects reimbursed by federal grantor agencies.

State Grants Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures related to several grant projects reimbursed by state grantor agencies.

Shingle Creek Regional Trail

To account for the revenues and expenditures related LAP agreements with the Florida Department of Transportation to provide for the construction of the Shingle Creek Regional Trail.

Mobility Fee Fund

To account for mobility fees collected and spent based on charges to new living units constructed. Revenue is restricted for transportation improvements. Mobility fees are assessed based upon City ordinance and replace the transportation impact fee program.

State Housing Initiative Program

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the State Housing Initiative Program with funding provided by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation. These funds are used to provide down payment assistance, housing rehabilitation, foreclosure prevention, and rental deposit assistance.

Victims of Crime Act Grant

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the U.S. DOJ grant established under the 1984 Victims of Crime Act awarded for the various prevention programs.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Justice Assistance Grant

To account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the U. S. Department of Justice (DOJ), Bureau of Justice Assistance, Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) program.

Paving Assessments

To account for the costs associated with paving projects. One-third of the project costs are paid by the Gas Tax Fund while the remaining two-thirds are assessed to property owners.

Charter School

To account for the funds received from the Osceola County School District and related expenditures to the management firm that operates the City's charter school.

Neighborhood Stabilization and HOME

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) housing assistance programs to qualifying low-income families.

Community Development Block Grant

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the U.S. Department of HUD Community Development Block Grant.

Non-Budgeted Special Revenue Funds

CARES Act Relief

To account for revenues and expenditures related to the U.S. Department of the Treasury COVID-19 assistance.

Section 8 HAPP

To account for expenditures associated with various housing related projects.

Police and Firefighters Premium Tax Trust

To account for excise tax imposed on homeowners' insurance premiums collected by the State of Florida Department of Revenue and remitted to the City. These tax revenues are to be used as retirement contributions to Police and Firefighters' Pension plans.

Supplementary Care

To account for revenue received from individuals buying supplementary care in the City cemetery. Interest can be transferred to the General Fund to defray the cost of cemetery operations and maintenance.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The City has the following nonmajor debt service funds:

Budgeted Debt Service Funds (GAAP Basis)

FmHA Bond

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 1980 and 1981 Excise Tax Revenue Bonds. Occupational license revenue is pledged for payment of these bonds. Transfers are made from the General Fund.

2015B Refunding Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2015B Refunding Note to refund the 2004 CRA Revenue Note. Tax increment financing revenues are used for annual debt service payments.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CONTINUED

2014A Revenue Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2014A Revenue Note. Monies from the one-cent sales tax are used for annual debt service payments.

2016 Revenue Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2016 Revenue Note. Monies from the one-cent sales tax are used for annual debt service payments.

2010A Refunding Revenue Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2010A Refunding Revenue Note to advance refund the 2005 Revenue Note. Monies from the one-cent sales tax are used for annual debt service payments.

2010B Refunding Revenue Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2010B Refunding Revenue Note. Monies from the Local Option sales tax are used for annual debt service payments.

2010C Refunding Revenue Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2010C Refunding Revenue Note. Monies from the Local Option gas tax are used for annual debt service payments.

2011B Capital Refunding Note

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2011B Capital Refunding Note. Revenue received from Local Option sales tax is used for annual debt service payments.

Non-Budgeted Debt Service Fund

2021 Line of Credit Debt

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2021 Line of Credit. Monies from the one-cent sales tax are used for annual debt service payments.

2022A Revenue Refunding Bond

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2022A Revenue Refunding Bond. Revenue received from half cent sales tax and communication service taxes is used for annual debt service payments.

2022B Revenue Refunding Bond

Accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the 2022B Revenue Refunding Bond. Revenue received from half cent sales tax and communication service taxes is used for annual debt service payments.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital outlay. The City has the following capital projects funds:

Budgeted Capital Projects Fund (GAAP Basis)

2016 Revenue Note Construction

To account for the proceeds of the 2016 Refunding Revenue Note to be used for capital improvement projects.

2018 Line of Credit

To account for the proceeds of the 2018 Line of Credit Direct Borrowing to be used for various improvement projects.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CONTINUED

2017 Note Capital Projects

To account for the proceeds of the 2017 Commercial Note to be used for various improvement projects.

2022 Bonds Capital Projects

To account for the proceeds of the 2022A and 2022B Revenue Refunding Bonds to be used for various improvement projects.

Non-Budgeted Capital Project Funds

2014A Note Capital Project

To account for the proceeds of the 2014A Revenue Note to be used for Lakefront Park and road improvement projects.

2010C Note Capital Project

To account for the proceeds of the 2010C Revenue Note to be used for road improvement projects.

Lakefront Sales Tax 2009A Capital Project Fund

To account for the proceeds of the 2009A Revenue Note to be used for the construction of projects in the Lakefront Restoration Project.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>COMBINING BALANCE SHEET</u> <u>ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	 Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	(Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable (net) Due from TWA Due from Other Governments Prepaid Items Advance to Other Funds	\$ 36,406 1,603 187 3 1,369 49 -	\$ 3,241 3,003 - - - 3,640	\$	- 8,371 - - - -	\$	39,647 12,977 187 3 1,369 49 3,640
Total Assets	\$ 39,617	\$ 9,884	\$	8,371	\$	57,872
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds	\$ 690 - 646	\$ - 6,148 -	\$	490 -	\$	1,180 6,148 646
Advanced Grants	 719	 -		-		719
Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Earned Revenues	 <u>2,055</u> 418	 6,148	_	490		<u>8,693</u> 418
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 418	 _				418
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Prepaids and Inventories Nonspendable Advances Nonspendable Supplementary Care Restricted for Transportation Projects Restricted for Public Safety Projects Restricted for Development Services Restricted for Economic Development Restricted for Recreation Projects Restricted for Charter School Restricted for Construction Projects Restricted for Other Capital Improvements Assigned for Debt Service Unassigned (Deficit) Total Fund Balances	49 1,209 13,054 2 6,742 7,299 2,723 2,948 3,250 (132) 37,144	 3,640 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - - 7,881 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		49 3,640 1,209 13,054 2 6,742 7,299 2,723 2,948 7,881 3,250 96 (132) 48,761
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund	 57,144	 5,750	_	7,001		-0,701
Balances	\$ 39,617	\$ 9,884	\$	8,371	\$	57,872

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes		\$-	\$-	\$ 2,968
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	5,438	-	-	5,438
Intergovernmental Revenues	13,335	-	-	13,335
Charges for Services Investment Income (Loss)	1,421 (150)	-	(33)	1,421 (183)
Miscellaneous Revenues	(150)	-	(33)	534
Total Revenues	23,546		(33)	23,513
EXPENDITURES	20,010		(00)	
Current:				
General Government	6,448	-	-	6,448
Public Safety	4,572	-	-	4,572
Transportation	2,559	-	-	2,559
Economic Environment	1,282	-	655	1,937
Culture/Recreation	220	-	-	220
Debt Service:				(
Principal Retirement	-	4,663	-	4,663
Interest and Fiscal Charges Professional Fees	-	2,641	-	2,641
Capital Outlay	-	360	- 18	360 18
	45.004	7.004		
Total Expenditures	15,081	7,664	673	23,418
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			()	
Over (Under) Expenditures	8,465	(7,664)	(706)	95
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES and (USES)				
Transfers In	2,545	7,144	-	9,689
Transfers (Out)	(3,062)	-	-	(3,062)
Issuance of Notes Payable/Refunded Notes		00 500	0.000	00 700
Payable	-	20,530 (16,350)	6,200	26,730
Payment to Refunded Notes Escrow Agent		(10,350)		(16,350)
Total Other Financing Sources and		44.004	0.000	47.007
(Uses)	(517)	11,324	6,200	17,007
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,948	3,660	5,494	17,102
Fund Balances - Beginning	29,196	76	2,387	31,659
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 37,144	\$ 3,736	\$ 7,881	\$ 48,761

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>COMBINING BALANCE SHEET</u> <u>NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u> September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	L	ocal Option Gas Tax		Recreation Impact Fee Fund	R	Community edevelopment Agency Downtown	R	Community Redevelopment Agency Vine Street
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,200	\$	2,723	\$	4,137	\$	2,956
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		-		-		-
Accounts Receivable (net) Due from TWA		- 3		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		275		-		-		-
Prepaid Items		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	5,478	\$	2,723	\$	4,137	\$	2,956
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	28	\$	-	\$	16	\$	-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Advanced Grants		-		-	-	-		-
Total Liabilities		28		-		16		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Earned Revenues		-		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)								
Nonspendable Prepaids and Inventories		-		-		-		-
Nonspendable Supplementary Care		-		-		-		-
Restricted for Transportation Projects		5,450		-		-		-
Restricted for Public Safety Projects		-		-		-		-
Restricted for Development Services Restricted for Economic Development		-		_		- 4,121		- 2,956
Restricted for Recreation Projects		-		2,723		-, 121		-
Restricted for Charter School		-		-		-		-
Restricted for Other Capital								
Improvements		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (Deficit)		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		5,450		2,723		4,121		2,956
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and	•		•	0 -00	•	4.46=	^	0.050
Fund Balances	\$	5,478	\$	2,723	\$	4,137	\$	2,956

 Building Division	Federal Grant Fund	:S	State Grants Fund	 Shingle Creek Regional Trail	 Mobility Fee Fund		State Housing Initiative Program	Victi	m of Crime Act
\$ 6,600	\$ 21	7\$	2,805	\$ 272	\$ 7,408	\$	1,049	\$	-
- 178		-	- 9	-	-		-		-
-	9	- B -	- 560 49	- 97 -	-		-		- 29 -
\$ 6,778	\$ 31	5 \$	3,423	\$ 369	\$ 7,408	\$	1,049	\$	29
\$ 36 - -	\$	- \$ -	183 - -	\$ 77 - -	\$ 1 - -	\$	6 110 719	\$	- 27 -
 36			183	 77	 1		835		27
-	9	8	158	97	-		-		-
 -	9	8	158	 97	 -		-		
-		-	49	-	-		-		-
-		-	-	195 -	7,407		-		- 2
6,742 - -		- -	-	-	-		- 214 -		-
-		-	-	-	-		-		-
-	21	7 -	3,033	-	-		-		-
 6,742	21	7	3,082	 195	 7,407	·	214		2
\$ 6,778	<u>\$</u> 31	<u>5 </u> \$	3,423	\$ 369	\$ 7,408	\$	1,049	\$	29

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>COMBINING BALANCE SHEET</u> <u>NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u> September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Justice Assistance Grant	 Paving Assessments	 Charter School	 CARES Act Relief
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 21	\$ 2	\$ 1,515	\$ 1
Restricted Cash and Investments	-	-	1,603	-
Accounts Receivable (net)	-	-	-	-
Due from TWA	-	-	-	-
Due from Other Governments	-	-	139	-
Prepaid Items	 -	 -	 -	 -
Total Assets	\$ 21	\$ 2	\$ 3,257	\$ 1
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 309	\$ -
Due to Other Funds	70	-	-	-
Advanced Grants	 -	 -	 -	 -
Total Liabilities	 70	 -	 309	 -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Earned Revenues	-	-	-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 -	 -	 -	 -
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	 			
Nonspendable Prepaids and Inventories	_	_	_	_
Nonspendable Supplementary Care	-	-	-	-
Restricted for Transportation Projects	-	2	-	-
Restricted for Public Safety Projects	-	-	-	-
Restricted for Development Services	-	-	-	-
Restricted for Economic Development	-	-	-	1
Restricted for Recreation Projects	-	-	-	-
Restricted for Charter School Restricted for Other Capital	-	-	2,948	-
Improvements	-	-	-	-
Unassigned (Deficit)	(49)	-	-	-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	(49)	2	2,948	1
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and	 	 	 	
Fund Balances	\$ 21	\$ 2	\$ 3,257	\$ 1

	leighborhood Stabilization and Home	De	ommunity velopment ock Grant		on 8 HAPP ⁻ und		Police and Firefighters Premium Tax Trust	Su	pplementary Care		al Nonmajor Special venue Funds
\$	94	\$	193	\$	4	\$	-	\$	1,209	\$	36,406
	-		-		-		-		-		1,603
	-		-		-		-		-		187
	-		-		-		-		-		3
	26		145		-		-		-		1,369
	-		-		-		-		-		49
\$	120	\$	338	\$	4	\$	-	\$	1,209	\$	39,617
\$	-	\$	34	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	690
,	117	•	322	•	-	,	-	,	-	•	646
	-		-		-		-		-		719
	117		356		-		-		-		2,055
	-		65		-		-		-		418
	-		65		-		-		-		418
	-		-		-		-		-		49
	-		-		-		-		1,209		1,209
	-		-		-		-		-		13,054
	-		-		-		-		-		2
	-		-		-		-		-		6,742
	3		-		4		-		-		7,299
	-		-		-		-		-		2,723
	-		-		-		-		-		2,948
	-		-		-		-		-		3,250
	-		(83)		-		-		-		(132)
	3		(83)		4		-		1,209		37,144
\$	120	\$	338	\$	4	\$		\$	1,209	\$	39,617

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,</u> <u>AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES</u> <u>NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

Charges for Services 1 1,184 - Investment Income (Loss) (17) (10) (7) Miscellaneous Revenues 1 - 255 Total Revenues 2,953 1,174 1,676 55 EXPENDITURES Current: 594 1	ty nent ne
Permits, Fees and Special AssessmentsIntergovernmental Revenues1,42855Charges for Services11,184-Investment Income (Loss)(17)(10)(7)Miscellaneous Revenues1-255Total Revenues2,9531,1741,676EXPENDITURESCurrent:-594	
Intergovernmental Revenues1,42855Charges for Services11,184-Investment Income (Loss)(17)(10)(7)Miscellaneous Revenues1-255Total Revenues2,9531,1741,676EXPENDITURESCurrent:-594	-
Charges for Services 1 1,184 - Investment Income (Loss) (17) (10) (7) Miscellaneous Revenues 1 - 255 Total Revenues 2,953 1,174 1,676 5 EXPENDITURES Current: 594 1	- 587
Miscellaneous Revenues1-255Total Revenues2,9531,1741,67655EXPENDITURES Current: General Government5941	-
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government - - 594 1	(2) -
Current: General Government 594 1	585
General Government 594 1	
Public Safety	171
Transportation 1,165	-
Economic Environment	-
Culture/Recreation - 208 -	
Total Expenditures 1,165 208 594 1	171
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 1,788 966 1,082 4	114
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES and (USES)	
	550
Transfers (Out) (962) (38) (925)	
Total Other Financing	0
Sources and (Uses) (335) (38) 61 5	550
Net Change in Fund Balances 1,453 928 1,143 9	964
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning 3,997 1,795 2,978 1,9	992
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Ending \$ 5,450 \$ 2,723 \$ 4,121 \$ 2,9	956

	Building Division	Federal Grants Fund	State Grants Fund	Shingle Creek Regional Trail	Mobility Fee Fund	State Housing Initiative Program	Victim of Crime Act
\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-
	4,274	-	- 1,921	- 162	1,129	- 294	- 63
	236	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(41)	(1)	-	-	(38)	(4)	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	4,469	(1)	1,921	162	1,091	290	63
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2,446	-	9	-	-	-	54
	-	-	1,218	168	8	- 294	-
	-	-	- 12	-	-	- 294	-
_	2,446	-	1,239	168	8	294	54
	2,023	(1)	682	(6)	1,083	(4)	9_
	5	-	116	-	-	-	-
	-			(23)	(443)		
	5		116	(23)	(443)		
	2,028	(1)	798	(29)	640	(4)	9
	4,714	218	2,284	224	6,767	218	(7)
\$	6,742	\$ 217	\$ 3,082	\$ 195	\$ 7,407	\$ 214	
Cont	tinued		·				

Continued

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,</u> <u>AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES</u> <u>NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Justice Assistance Grant	Paving Assessments	Charter School	CARES Act Relief
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$-	\$	\$-	\$-
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments Intergovernmental Revenues	- 77	35	- 6,375	-
Charges for Services	-	-	0,375	-
Investment Income (Loss)	-	-	(20)	(3)
Miscellaneous Revenues	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	77	35	6,355	(3)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General Government	-	-	5,683	-
Public Safety	395	-	-	-
Transportation Economic Environment	-	-	-	-
Culture/Recreation	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	395		5,683	
•	000_		0,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(318)	35	672	(3)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES and (USES)				
Transfers In	261	-	-	-
Transfers (Out)		(34)	(637)	
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	261	(34)	(637)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(57)	1	35	(3)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning	8	1	2,913	4
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Ending	\$ (49)	\$ 2	\$ 2,948	<u>\$ 1</u>

 Neighborhood Stabilization and Home	Community Development Block Grant	Firefi t Section 8 HAPP Premi		Police and Firefighters Premium Tax Trust	_	Supplementary Care	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,968
-	-	-		-		-	5,438
-	760	-		1,668		-	13,335
-	-	-		-		(7)	1,421 (150)
- 197	-	-		-		(7) 81	534
 197	760			1,668	_	74	 23,546
-	-	-		-		-	6,448
-	-	-		1,668		-	4,572 2,559
- 164	- 824	-		-		-	1,282
-	-	-		-		-	220
 164	824		_	1,668	_	-	 15,081
 33_	(64)					74	 8,465
_	_	_		_		_	2,545
 							 (3,062)
 -				-		-	 (517)
33	(64)	-		-		74	7,948
 (30)	(19)	4				1,135	 29,196
\$ 3	<u>\$ (83)</u>	<u>\$4</u>	\$	-	\$	1,209	\$ 37,144

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>LOCAL OPTION GAS TAX</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	 riance with dget - Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 2,731	\$ 2,968	\$ 237
Charges for Services	3	1	(2)
Investment Income (Loss)	15	(17)	(32)
Miscellaneous Revenues	 1	 1	 -
Total Revenues	 2,750	 2,953	 203
EXPENDITURES			
Transportation	4,171	1,165	3,006
Capital Outlay	 2,014	 -	 2,014
Total Expenditures	 6,185	 1,165	 5,020
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (3,435)	 1,788	 5,223
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)			
Transfers In	598	627	29
Transfers (Out)	 (959)	 (962)	 (3)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 (361)	 (335)	 26
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,796)	1,453	5,249
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 3,796	 3,997	 201
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ 5,450	\$ 5,450

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>RECREATION IMPACT FEE FUND</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)	
REVENUES				
Charges for Services	\$ 250	\$ 1,184	\$ 934	
Investment Income (Loss)	5	(10)	(15))
Miscellaneous Revenues	 -	 -	-	_
Total Revenues	 255	 1,174	919	_
EXPENDITURES				
Culture/Recreation	969	208	761	
Capital Outlay	 730	 -	730	_
Total Expenditures	 1,699	 208	1,491	_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (1,444)	 966	2,410	_
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)				
Transfers (Out)	 (38)	 (38)	-	_
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 (38)	 (38)	-	_
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,482)	928	2,410	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 1,482	 1,795	313	_
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ 2,723	\$ 2,723	_

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DOWNTOWN</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	-	/ariance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 1,392	\$ 1,428	\$	36
Investment Income (Loss)	15	(7)		(22)
Miscellaneous Revenues	 253	 255		2
Total Revenues	 1,660	 1,676		16
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	2,401	594		1,807
Capital Outlay	 1,399	 -		1,399
Total Expenditures	 3,800	 594		3,206
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (2,140)	 1,082		3,222
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)				
Transfers In	961	986		25
Transfers (Out)	 (763)	 (925)		(162)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 198	 61		(137)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,942)	1,143		3,085
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 1,942	 2,978		1,036
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ 4,121	\$	4,121

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY VINE STREET</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget		Actual Amounts	Bu	riance with dget - Over (Under)
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 546	\$	587	\$	41
Investment Income (Loss)	5		(2)		(7)
Miscellaneous Revenues	 -		-		-
Total Revenues	 551		585		34
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	1,229		171		1,058
Capital Outlay	 1,568		-		1,568
Total Expenditures	 2,797		171		2,626
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (2,246)		414		2,660
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)					
Transfers In	 511		550		39
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 511		550		39
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,735)		964		2,699
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 1,735	·	1,992		257
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$	2,956	\$	2,956

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>BUILDING DIVISION</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Bud	iance with Iget - Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$ 2,025	\$ 4,274	\$	2,249
Charges for Services	80	236		156
Investment Income (Loss)	10	(41)		(51)
Miscellaneous Revenues	 -	 -		-
Total Revenues	 2,115	 4,469		2,354
EXPENDITURES				
Public Safety	5,525	2,446		3,079
Capital Outlay	1,201	 -		1,201
Total Expenditures	 6,726	 2,446		4,280
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,611)	2,023		6,634
	 (4,011)	 2,025		0,004
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)				
Transfers In	 5	 5		-
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 5	 5		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,606)	2,028		6,634
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 4,606	 4,714		108
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ 6,742	\$	6,742

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>FEDERAL GRANTS FUND</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	riance with dget - Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investment Income (Loss)	-	(1)	(1)
Miscellaneous Revenues	 -	 -	 -
Total Revenues	 -	 (1)	 (1)
EXPENDITURES			
General Government	18	-	18
Economic Environment	 398	 -	 398
Total Expenditures	 416	 -	 416
Net Change in Fund Balance	(416)	(1)	415
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 416	 218	 (198)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ 217	\$ 217

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>STATE GRANTS FUND</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	 riance with dget - Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 9,584	\$ 1,921	\$ (7,663)
Miscellaneous Revenues	 -	 -	 -
Total Revenues	 9,584	 1,921	 (7,663)
EXPENDITURES			
Public Safety	25	9	16
Transportation	8,293	1,218	7,075
Culture/Recreation	 3,295	 12	 3,283
Total Expenditures	 11,613	 1,239	 10,374
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (2,029)	 682	 2,711
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)			
Transfers In	 116	 116	 -
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 116	 116	 -
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,913)	798	2,711
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 1,913	 2,284	 371
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ 3,082	\$ 3,082

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>SHINGLE CREEK REGIONAL TRAIL</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$-	\$ 162	\$ 162
Miscellaneous Revenues	-		•
Total Revenues		162	162
EXPENDITURES			
Transportation	734	168	566
Total Expenditures	734	168	566
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(734)	(6)	728
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)			
Transfers (Out)	(23)	(23)	-
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(23)	(23)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(757)	(29)	728
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	757	224	(533)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 195</u>	<u>\$ 195</u>

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>MOBILITY FEE FUND</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Bud	iance with Iget - Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$ 5,885	\$ 1,129	\$	(4,756)
Investment Income (Loss)	25	(38)		(63)
Miscellaneous Revenues	 -	 -		-
Total Revenues	 5,910	 1,091		(4,819)
EXPENDITURES				
Transportation	3,687	8		3,679
Capital Outlay	 8,277	 		8,277
Total Expenditures	 11,964	 8		11,956
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (6,054)	 1,083		7,137
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)				
Transfers (Out)	 (443)	 (443)		-
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 (443)	 (443)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,497)	640		7,137
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 6,497	 6,767		270
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 	\$ 7,407	\$	7,407

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>STATE HOUSING INITIATIVE PROGRAM</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 516	\$ 294	\$ (222)
Investment Income (Loss)	-	(4)	(4)
Miscellaneous Revenues	 -	 -	 -
Total Revenues	 516	 290	 (226)
EXPENDITURES			
Economic Environment	 913	 294	 619
Total Expenditures	 913	 294	 619
Net Change in Fund Balance	(397)	(4)	393
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 397	 218	 (179)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ 214	\$ 214

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>VICTIM OF CRIME ACT</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 85	\$ 63	\$ (22)
Total Revenues	 85	 63	 (22)
EXPENDITURES			
Public Safety	 85	 54	 31
Total Expenditures	 85	 54	 31
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	9	9
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 	 (7)	 (7)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ 2

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>JUSTICE ASSISTANCE GRANT</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 45	\$	77	\$ 32
Total Revenues	45		77	32
EXPENDITURES				
Public Safety	306		395	(89)
Total Expenditures	306		395	(89)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(261)	(318)	(57)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Transfers In	261		261	-
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	261		261	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		(57)	(57)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning			8	8_
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$	\$	(49)	\$ (49)

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>PAVING ASSESSMENTS</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	B	udget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Permits, Fees and Special Assessments	\$	10	\$ 35	\$ 25
Investment Income (Loss)		-		-
Total Revenues		10	35	25
EXPENDITURES				
Transportation		5		5_
Total Expenditures		5		5
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		5	35	30
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)				
Transfers (Out)		(5)	(34)	(29)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(5)	(34)	(29)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	1	1
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning		-	1	1
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$	-	<u>\$2</u>	<u>\$</u> 2

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>CHARTER SCHOOL</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Variance w Budget - Ov (Under)	
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 5,800	\$ 6,375	\$5	575
Investment Income (Loss)	15	(20)	(35)
Miscellaneous Revenues	 -	 -		-
Total Revenues	 5,815	 6,355	5	640
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	5,303	5,683	(3	80)
Capital Outlay	 2,597	 -	2,5	597 [°]
Total Expenditures	 7,900	 5,683	2,2	217
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (2,085)	 672	2,7	57
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)				
Transfers (Out)	 (637)	 (637)		-
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 (637)	 (637)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,722)	35	2,7	57
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 2,722	 2,913	1	91
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ 2,948	\$ 2,9	948

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>NEIGHBORHOOD STABILIZATION AND HOME</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	-	Actual mounts	Buc	iance with Iget - Over (Under)
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Miscellaneous Revenues	 336		197		(139)
Total Revenues	 336		197		(139)
EXPENDITURES					
Economic Environment	 1,114		164		950
Total Expenditures	 1,114		164		950
Net Change in Fund Balance	(778)		33		811
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 778		(30)		(808)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$	3	\$	3

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	 Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental Revenues Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 769 -	\$ 760	\$ (9)
Total Revenues	 769	 760	 (9)
EXPENDITURES			
Economic Environment	 2,441	 824	 1,617
Total Expenditures	 2,441	 824	 1,617
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,672)	(64)	1,608
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning	 1,672	 (19)	 (1,691)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending	\$ -	\$ (83)	\$ (83)

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>COMBINING BALANCE SHEET</u> <u>NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS</u> September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	FmHA Bond	 2015B Refunding Note	 2014A Revenue Note	 2016 Revenue Note	 Series 2017 Revenue Note
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Investments Advance to Other Funds	\$ 42	\$ - 243 -	\$ 522 -	\$ 17 2,162 -	\$ -
Total Assets	\$ 42	\$ 243	\$ 522	\$ 2,179	\$ -
LIABILITIES Accrued Liabilities	\$ -	\$ 243	\$ 522	\$ 2,162	\$ -
Total Liabilities	 -	 243	 522	 2,162	 -
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Advances Assigned for Debt Service	- 42	-	-	- 17	-
Total Fund Balances	 42	 -	 -	 17	 -
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 42	\$ 243	\$ 522	\$ 2,179	\$

_	2010A Refunding Revenue Note	 2010B Refunding Revenue Note		2010C Refunding Revenue Note		2011B Capital Refunding Note	 2021 Line of Credit Debt	 2022A Revenue Refunding Bond Debt	 2022B Revenue Refunding Bond Debt	 Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
\$	903 - -	\$ 709 - -	\$	251 - -	\$	760 - -	\$ 17 - -	\$ 15 546 3,640	\$ 5 52 -	\$ 3,241 3,003 3,640
\$	903	\$ 709	\$	251	\$	760	\$ 17	\$ 4,201	\$ 57	\$ 9,884
\$	903 903	\$ 709 709	<u> </u>	251 251	\$	760 760	\$ 	\$ 546 546	\$ <u>52</u> 52	\$ 6,148 6,148
_	- - -	 	_	- - -	_	- - -	 - 17 17	 3,640 15 3,655	 - 5 5	 3,640 96 3,736
\$	903	\$ 709	\$	251	\$	760	\$ 17	\$ 4,201	\$ 57	\$ 9,884

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

	FmHA Bond	2015B Refunding Note	2014A Revenue Note	2016 Revenue Note	2010A Refunding Revenue Note
REVENUES	•	•	•	•	•
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$-	<u>\$</u> -
Total Revenues	-	-			
EXPENDITURES Debt Service Principal Retirement	28	205	420	1.375	875
Interest and Fiscal Charges	20	203 76	203	1,574	57
Professional Fees	-	-			-
Total Expenditures	29	281	623	2,949	932
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(29)	(281)	(623)	(2,949)	(932)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) Transfers In Issuance of Notes Payable/Refunded Notes	29	281	623	2,949	932
Payable	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to Refunded Notes Escrow Agent				-	-
Total Other Financing Sources And (Uses)	29	281	623	2,949	932
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances - Beginning	42			17	
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 42</u>	\$	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17</u>	<u>\$</u> -

2010B Refunding Revenue Note	2010C Refunding Revenue Note	2011B Capital Refunding Note	2021 Line of Credit Debt	2022A Revenue Refunding Bond Debt	2022B Revenue Refunding Bond Debt	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
<u>\$</u> -	\$-	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -
						<u> </u>
670 78 - 748	220 63 	710 101 811	- 118 - 118	160 318 <u>325</u> 803	52 	4,663 2,641 <u>360</u> 7,664
(748)	(283)	(811)	(118)	(803)	(87)	(7,664)
748	283	811	118	318 17,750	52 2,780 (2,740)	7,144
				(13,610)	(2,740)	(16,350)
748	283	811	118	4,458	92	11,324
-	-	-	-	3,655	5	3,660
			17			76
\$-	\$	\$	\$ 17	\$ 3,655	\$5	\$ 3,736

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>FmHA BOND</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Bu	dget	Act Amo		ce with : - Over der)
REVENUES					
Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Total Revenues		-		-	 -
EXPENDITURES General Government Debt Service		-		-	-
Principal Retirement		28		28	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges Capital Outlay		1 42		1	 - 42
Total Expenditures		71		29	 42
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(71)		(29)	 42
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In		29		29	 -
Total Other Financing Sources		29		29	 -
Net Change in Fund Balance		(42)		-	42
Fund Balance - Beginning		42		42	 -
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$	42	\$ 42

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>2015B REFUNDING NOTE</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	I	Budget		tual ounts	Varianc Budget (Unc	- Over
REVENUES	<u>^</u>		<u>^</u>		•	
Investment Income (Loss)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Revenues		-		-		-
EXPENDITURES Debt Service						
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges		205 76		205 76		-
Total Expenditures		281		281		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(281)		(281)		_
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In		281		281		-
Total Other Financing Sources		281		281		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning				-		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$	-	\$	-

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>2014A REVENUE NOTE</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES	•	•	<u>^</u>
Investment Income (Loss)	<u>\$</u> -		<u>\$</u>
Total Revenues	-		
EXPENDITURES Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	420	420	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	203	203	
Total Expenditures	623	623	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(623)	(623)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	623	623	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources	623	623	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$-	<u>\$</u> -	\$

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>2016 REVENUE NOTE</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

		Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES Miscellaneous Revenues	¢		¢	¢
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$	- <u>\$ -</u>
EXPENDITURES Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges Capital Outlay		1,375 1,574 17	1,375 1,574	
Total Expenditures		2,966	2,949) 17
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,966)	(2,949) 17
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In		2,949	2,949	
Total Other Financing Sources Net Change in Fund Balance		2,949 (17)	2,94	- 17
Fund Balance - Beginning		17	17	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	<u>\$ 17</u>	<u> </u>

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>2010A REFUNDING REVENUE NOTE</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES Investment Income (Loss)	\$-	\$-	\$ -
Total Revenues	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	875 47	875 57	(10)
Total Expenditures	922	932	(10)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(922)	(932)	(10)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	922	932	10
Total Other Financing Sources	922	932	10
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning		-	
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>2010B REFUNDING REVENUE NOTE</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES	¢	¢	¢
Investment Income (Loss) Total Revenues	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>
EXPENDITURES Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	670 78	670 78	-
Total Expenditures	748	748	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(748)	(748)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	748	748	
Total Other Financing Sources	748	748	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning			
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>2010C REFUNDING REVENUE NOTE</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES Investment Income (Loss)	\$-	\$-	\$-
Total Revenues	-		-
EXPENDITURES Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	220 63	220 63	-
Total Expenditures	283	283	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(283)	(283)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	283	283	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources	283	283	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning			
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 2011B CAPITAL REFUNDING NOTE For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES Investment Income (Loss)	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
Total Revenues	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES Debt Service Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	710 83	710 101	(18)
Total Expenditures	793	811	(18)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(793)	(811)	(18)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	793	811	18
Total Other Financing Sources	793	811	18
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning			
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>COMBINING BALANCE SHEET</u> <u>NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS</u> September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

		2014A Note Capital Project		2010C Note Capital Project		2016 Revenue Note Construction		Lakefront Sales Tax 2009A Capital Project		2018 Line of Credit
ASSETS	^	4.40	•		•	704	^	0	•	000
Restricted Cash and Investments	\$	148	\$	14	\$	721	\$	2	\$	626
Total Assets	\$	148	\$	14	\$	721	\$	2	\$	626
	\$		¢		\$		¢		۴	
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for Construction Projects		148		14	_	721		2	_	626
Total Fund Balances		148		14		721		2		626
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	148	\$	14	\$	721	\$	2	\$	626

 2017 Note Capital Project	 2022 Bonds Capital Projects	 Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
\$ 825	\$ 6,035	\$ 8,371
\$ 825	\$ 6,035	\$ 8,371
\$ -	\$ 490	\$ 490
 -	 490	 490
 825	5,545	 7,881
 825	 5,545	 7,881
\$ 825	\$ 6,035	\$ 8,371

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

	2014A Note Capital Project	2010C Note Capital Project	2016 Revenue Note Construction	Lakefront Sales Tax 2009A Capital Project	2018 Line of Credit
	¢ (4)	¢	¢ (04)	¢	<u>۴</u>
Investment Income (Loss)	<u>\$ (1)</u>	\$-	\$ (21)	<u></u> > -	\$ (5)
Total Revenues	(1)		(21)	-	(5)
EXPENDITURES Economic Environment Capital Outlay	-	-	- 18	-	
Total Expenditures			18		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1)		(39)		(5)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of Notes Payable/Refunded Notes Payable					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1)	-	(39)	-	(5)
Fund Balances - Beginning	149	14	760	2	631
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 148	<u>\$</u> 14	\$ 721	\$ 2	\$ 626

2017 Note Capital Project	2022 Bonds Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
\$ (6)	\$-	\$ (33)
(6)		(33)
	655	655 18
	655	673
(6)	(655)	(706)
	6,200	6,200
	6,200	6,200
(6)	5,545	5,494
831		2,387
<u>\$ 825</u>	\$ 5,545	\$ 7,881

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 2016 REVENUE NOTE CONSTRUCTION For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)		
REVENUES Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ -	\$ (21)	\$	(21)	
Total Revenues	 -	 (21)		(21)	
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay	 737	 18		719	
Total Expenditures	 737	 18		719	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(737)	(39)		698	
Fund Balance - Beginning	 737	 760		23	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 721	\$	721	

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE</u> <u>2018 LINE OF CREDIT</u> For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)		
REVENUES Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ -	\$ (5)	\$	(5)	
Total Revenues	 -	 (5)		(5)	
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay	 613	 		613	
Total Expenditures	 613	 -		613	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(613)	(5)		608	
Fund Balance - Beginning	 613	 631		18	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 626	\$	626	

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 2017 NOTE CAPITAL PROJECTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Over (Under)		
REVENUES Investment Income (Loss) Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ -	\$ (6)	\$	(6)	
Total Revenues	 -	 (6)		(6)	
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay	 344	 		344	
Total Expenditures	 344	 -		344	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(344)	(6)		338	
Fund Balance - Beginning	 344	 831		487	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 825	\$	825	

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 2022 BONDS CAPITAL PROJECTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

	 Budget	 Actual Amounts	 ariance with udget - Over (Under)
EXPENDITURES			
Economic Environment	\$ 6,200	\$ 655	\$ 5,545
Total Expenditures	 6,200	 655	 5,545
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (6,200)	 (655)	 5,545
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of Notes Payable/Refunded Notes Payable	 6,200	 6,200	 -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 6,200	 6,200	 -
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	5,545	5,545
Fund Balance - Beginning	 -	 	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 5,545	\$ 5,545

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The City has three internal service funds. These funds are used to accumulate costs related to various activities and charge them back to user departments. They are as follows:

Central Services

This fund accounts for costs associated with central services which include information technology, purchasing, warehouse, garage, building maintenance, and printing. Charges for services to other departments are based on actual costs incurred.

Health Insurance

This fund accounts for the City's self-funded employee health insurance plan. Costs include insurance costs, self-insurance claims expenses, and administrative costs. Charges for services are made to other departments based on estimated premiums.

Risk Management

This fund accounts for the City's risk management program. Costs include all insurance costs, selfinsurance claims expenses, and administrative costs. Charges for services are made to other departments based on estimated premiums.

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u> <u>INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS</u> September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

		Central Services		Health Insurance	Risk Management		Total
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,318	\$	1,350	\$ 6,201	\$	8,869
Accounts Receivable (net)		19		11	-		30
Due from Other Governments		571		-	-		571
Due from KUA		25		-	-		25
Due from TWA		554		42	416		1,012
Inventories		75		-	-		75
Leases Receivable		399		-	-		399
Total Current Assets		2,961		1,403	6,617		10,981
Capital Assets:							
Buildings		289		-	-		289
Improvements Other Than Buildings		4,346		91	538		4,975
Software, Net		27		-	-		27
Right-to-Use Equipment, Net of Amortization		13		-	-		13
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles		2,848		40	171		3,059
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(5,440)		(44)	(298)	_	(5,782)
Total Capital Assets		2,083		87	411		2,581
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		· · · ·				-	· · · · ·
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		74		-	_		74
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		1,554		-	_		1,554
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,628			·		1,628
LIABILITIES		1,020					1,020
-							
Current liabilities:		704					704
Accounts Payable		784		-	-		784
Due to KUA		1 36		-	-		1 36
Compensated Absences Payable Estimated Claims Payable		30		- 392	- 1,923		
Total current liabilities		821		392	1,923		2,315 3,136
Noncurrent liabilities:		021		592	1,925		3,130
Compensated Absences Payable		146		_	_		146
Other Postemployment Benefits		447		-	_		447
Net Pension Liability		3,058		_	_		3,058
Lease Liability		14		-	_		14
Estimated Claims Payable		-		393	1,923		2,316
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		3,665		393	1,923		5,981
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		0,000			.,020		0,001
Deferred Inflows Related to Leases		396		-	_		396
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		103		-	_		103
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		20		-	_		20
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		519		-	-		519
NET POSITION		0.0					0.0
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,069		87	411		2,567
Unrestricted		(402)		618	2,771		2,567 2,987
Total Net Position	¢	· · ·	¢			¢	
I Utal NEL FUSILIUN	\$	1,667	\$	705	\$ 3,182	\$	5,554

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

(In Thousands)

	 Central Services	 Health Insurance	 Risk Management	 Total
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 10,185 83	\$ 10,164 57	\$ 2,775	\$ 23,124 140
Total Operating Revenues	 10,268	 10,221	 2,775	 23,264
Operating Expenses: Personal Services Contracted Services Supplies and Materials Repairs and Maintenance Other Services and Charges Depreciation Claims/Premium Expense	3,739 709 109 2,778 1,757 432 135	2 1,921 - 13 8 7,601	- 6 138 255 29 2,967	3,741 2,636 188 2,916 2,025 469 10,703
Total Operating Expenses	 9,659	 9,622	 3,397	 22,678
Operating Income (Loss)	 609	599	(622)	 586
Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses: Investment Income Lease Revenues Insurance Recoveries Gain or (Loss) from Sale of Capital Assets	(9) 99 - 15	4 - - -	(46) - 483 (1)	(51) 99 483 14
Total Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses	 105	 4	 436	 545
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers Transfers In	714	 603 30	 (186)	1,131 30
Change in Net Position	 714	 633	 (186)	 1,161
Total Net Position - Beginning Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 953 1,667	\$ 72 705	\$ <u>3,368</u> 3,182	\$ 4,393 5,554

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS</u> <u>INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS</u> For The Year Ended September 30, 2022 (In Thousands)

		entral ervices		Health surance		Risk agement		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers	\$	9,702 (5,213)	\$	10,228 (9,678)	\$	3,096 (3,427)	\$	23,026 (18,318)
Payments to Employees		(3,465)		(2)		-		(3,467)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		1,024		548		(331)		1,241
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities								
Transfers in Transfers (out)		-		30		-		30
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital								
Financing Activities		-		30		-		30
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Acquisition/Construction of Capital Assets		(469)		(2)		(6)		(477)
Proceeds from Leasing Activities Lease Payable Principal Payments		96 (12)		-		-		96 (12)
Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets		21		-		-		21
Proceeds from Insurance Recoveries		-		-		483		483
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital								
and Related Financing Activities		(364)		(2)		477		111
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		(-)						
Income (Loss) on Investments		(9)		4		(46)		(51)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		(9)		4		(46)		(51)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		651		580		100		1,331
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		667		770		6,101		7,538
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	1,318	\$	1,350	\$	6,201	\$	8,869
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	¢	600	¢	500	¢	(000)	¢	500
Operating Income (Loss) Depreciation	\$	609 432	\$	599 8	\$	(622) 29	\$	586 469
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Due from TWA		(280)		16		321		57
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(5)		(9)		-		(14)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		2		-		-		2
(Increase) Decrease in Due From Other Governments (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows OPEB		(281) (3)		-		-		(281) (3)
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows Of ED		(1,303)		-		-		(1,303)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		273		-		(4)		269
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		-		(66)		(55)		(121)
Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		33 (25)		-		-		33 (25)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		2,616		-		-		2,616
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows OPEB		(20)		-		-		(20)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows Pensions		(1,024)		-		-		(1,024)
Total Adjustments		415		(51)		291		655
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	1,024	\$	548	\$	(331)	\$	1,241

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City of Kissimmee, Florida <u>Statistical Section</u> September 30, 2022

This part of the City of Kissimmee, Florida's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs

<u>Sources</u>: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant years.

Schedule 1 City of Kissimmee, Florida

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (accrual basis of accounting) (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental activities										
Net investment			A 400 450	A 450 505	A 171 000		A 400 700		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
in capital assets	\$ 137,945	\$ 148,239	\$ 163,458	\$ 159,525	\$ 171,862	\$ 160,750	\$ 168,706	\$ 178,154	\$ 184,731	\$ 186,416
Restricted	14,019	12,220	16,865	20,474	21,469	26,878	32,621 125	33,231	40,052	54,396
Unrestricted	19,796	25,233	(5,079)	(3,698)	(2,528)	(4,692)	125	(3,503)	2,108	1,634
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 171,760	\$ 185,692	\$ 175,244	\$ 176,301	\$ 190,803	\$ 182,936	\$ 201,452	\$ 207,882	\$ 226,891	\$ 242,446
activities her position	\$ 171,700	\$ 165,092	\$ 175,244	\$ 170,301	\$ 190,603	φ 162,930	\$ 201,452	\$ 207,002	\$ 220,691	φ 242,440
Business-type activities Net investment										
in capital assets	\$ 37,374	\$ 41.655	\$ 42.959	\$ 42,126	\$ 43,725	\$ 49.095	\$ 49,355	\$ 49,204	\$ 51,601	\$ 53,546
Restricted	388	φ 41,000 12	φ 4 2,355 488	φ 4 2,120 24	φ =0,720	φ 4 0,000 36	φ 4 3,333 73	φ 4 3,204 69	φ 51,001	φ 33,340
Unrestricted	3,549	4,509	1,858	2,996	1,879	1,874	3,277	4,273	2,845	4,809
Total business-type										
activities net position	\$ 41,311	\$ 46,176	\$ 45,305	\$ 45,146	\$ 45,604	\$ 51,005	\$ 52,705	\$ 53,546	\$ 54,446	\$ 58,355
Primary government										
Net investment										
in capital assets	\$ 175,319	\$ 189,894	\$ 206,417	\$ 201,651	\$ 215,587	\$ 209,845	\$ 218,061	\$ 227,358	\$ 236,332	\$ 239,962
Restricted	14,407	12,232	17,353	20,498	21,469	26,914	32,694	33,300	40,052	54,396
Unrestricted	23,345	29,742	(3,221)	(702)	(649)	(2,818)	3,402	770	4,953	6,443
Total primary government										
net position	\$ 213,071	\$ 231,868	\$ 220,549	\$ 221,447	\$ 236,407	\$ 233,941	\$ 254,157	\$ 261,428	\$ 281,337	\$ 300,801

Schedule 2 City of Kissimmee, Florida

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (accrual basis of accounting) (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 32,203	\$ 34,892	\$ 32,649	\$ 38,386	\$ 37,622	\$ 38,402	\$ 41,436	\$ 48,354	\$ 46,066	\$ 50,392
Public safety	31,600	32,134	33,644	36,631	40,187	39,039	42,946	45,599	44,709	50,259
Physical environment	-	-			-			-	-	
Transportation	6.559	7.738	8.437	18.435	6.651	10.834	13.908	8.049	9.079	14.312
Economic environment	1,526	1,053	962	389	1,103	1,944	1,302	997	1,468	1,228
Culture/Recreation	5,430	5,499	4,255	8,360	7,534	7,659	3,940	8,110	8,183	9,211
Interest on long-term debt	1,332	1,352	1,499	3,028	2,620	2,791	2,854	2,644	2,495	2,944
Total governmental										
activities expenses	\$ 78,650	\$ 82,668	\$ 81,446	\$ 105,229	\$ 95,717	\$ 100,669	\$ 106,386	\$ 113,753	\$ 112,000	\$ 128,346
Business-type activities:										
Stormwater	\$ 3,409	\$ 3,546	\$ 3,725	\$ 4,029	\$ 3,998	\$ 4,633	\$ 4,941	\$ 4,885	\$ 5,363	\$ 5,258
Airport	1,248	1,231	1,425	2,160	2,497	1,564	1,707	1,640	1,751	2,423
Solid waste	3,773	4,107	4,288	4,436	4,497	4,559	5,131	5,335	5,489	6,020
Total business-type										
activities expenses	\$ 8,430	\$ 8,884	\$ 9,438	\$ 10,625	\$ 10,992	\$ 10,756	\$ 11,779	\$ 11,860	\$ 12,603	\$ 13,701
Total primary government										
net expenses	\$ 87,080	\$ 91,552	\$ 90,884	\$ 115,854	\$ 106,709	\$ 111,425	\$ 118,165	\$ 125,613	\$ 124,603	\$ 142,047
Program revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services -										
general government	\$ 18,661	\$ 21,352	\$ 21,837	\$ 21,855	\$ 22,162	\$ 22,737	\$ 25,376	\$ 26,837	\$ 28,541	\$ 30,526
Charges for services - public safety	10,255	8,136	6,567	8,373	8,574	10,223	11,071	9,077	8,776	13,321
Charges for services - all others	1,956	2,030	2,454	2,064	1,981	2,094	1,928	824	1,247	1,620
Operating grants and contributions	1,039	894	594	951	1,374	1,296	2,900	1,236	2,400	5,646
Capital grants and contributions	1,988	7,455	7,040	11,361	5,322	10,921	7,545	5,815	9,125	4,589
Total governmental activities										
program revenues	\$ 33,899	\$ 39,867	\$ 38,492	\$ 44,604	\$ 39,413	\$ 47,271	\$ 48,820	\$ 43,789	\$ 50,089	\$ 55,702
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services - stormwater	\$ 4,399	\$ 4,432	\$ 4,659	\$ 4,732	\$ 5,105	\$ 5,188	\$ 5,561	\$ 5,786	\$ 5,860	\$ 6,088
Charges for services - airport	824	925	844	856	868	932	875	828	956	1,185
Charges for services - solid waste	4,608	4,822	4,773	4,772	5,066	5,010	5,362	5,844	5,938	6,229
Operating grants and contributions			-		-			157	254	312
Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities	1,749	3,890	934	1,007	651	2,615	2,022	580	1,007	2,879
program revenues	\$ 11,580	\$ 14,069	\$ 11,210	\$ 11,367	\$ 11,690	\$ 13,745	\$ 13,820	\$ 13,195	\$ 14,015	\$ 16,693
Total primary government										
program revenues	\$ 45,479	\$ 53,936	\$ 49,702	\$ 55,971	\$ 51,103	\$ 61,016	\$ 62,640	\$ 56,984	\$ 64,104	\$ 72,395
<u>Net (expense) / revenue</u>										
Governmental activities	\$ (44,751)		\$ (42,954)	\$ (60,625)	\$ (56,304)	\$ (53,398)	\$ (57,566)	\$ (69,964)	\$ (61,911)	\$ (72,644)
Business-type activities	3,150	5,185	1,772	742	698	2,989	2,041	1,335	1,412	2,992
Total primary government	• (11 • • •		A (11 100)		A (55 065)	A (50 400)	. (FF FC-)	A (00.055)		* (00.055)
net expense	\$ (41,601)	\$ (37,616)	\$ (41,182)	\$ (59,883)	\$ (55,606)	\$ (50,409)	\$ (55,525)	\$ (68,629)	\$ (60,499)	\$ (69,652)

Continued next page

Schedule 2 City of Kissimmee, Florida

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (accrual basis of accounting) (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
General revenues and other																				
changes in net position																				
Governmental activities:																				
Property tax	\$	11,085	\$	11,456	\$	11,756	\$	11,620	\$	12,275	\$	13,228	\$	14,608	\$	16,382	\$	17,739	\$	19,326
Sales tax		9,601		10,420		11,106		11,885		12,412		5,318		5,434		4,567		5,460		6,618
Public service tax		6,389		6,572		6,556		6,703		6,892		6,979		7,024		7,141		7,233		7,459
Gas tax		2,634		2,581		2,582		2,773		2,657		2,811		2,831		2,525		2,767		2,968
Local option discretionary tax		-		-		-		-		-		7,986		8,144		7,048		8,555		10,783
State revenue sharing		1,838		2,517		2,564		2,339		2,579		2,735		2,914		2,654		3,178		3,941
Other Locally Assessed Utility Tax		-				-		-		-		-		1,650		1,664		1,727		1,838
Other taxes		2,389		2,032		2,257		2,738		2,872		3,109		1,914		2,397		3,629		2,327
Franchise fees (1)		141		140		159		165		154		179		184		177		197		230
Unrestricted intergovernmental																				
revenues		15,000		19,616		21,069		23,911		23,371		25,531		25,546		25,641		27,090		30,159
Investment income (loss)		178		138		233		418		688		881		2,448		1,816		(71)		(406)
Miscellaneous revenues		1,116		765		1,095		1,385		1,092		1,201		2,557		1,708		1,916		2,292
Gain on sale of capital assets		202		171		-		-		168		26		127		2,062		942		-
Transfers in (out)		566		325		651		780		1,212		669		701		612		558		664
							_												_	
Total governmental activities	\$	51,139	\$	56,733	\$	60,028	\$	64,717	\$	66,372	\$	70,653	\$	76,082	\$	76,394	\$	80,920	\$	88,199
Business-type activities:																				
Investment income (loss)	\$	14	\$	5	\$	17	\$	24	\$	29	\$	45	\$	143	\$	105	\$	5	\$	(19)
Miscellaneous revenues		-	·	-		-		-		-	·	37		48	·	7		4		3
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		48		27		52		169		6		37		1,597
Transfers in (out)		(566)		(325)		(651)		(780)		(1,212)		(669)		(701)		(612)		(558)		(664)
		(/		(0-0)		(10.1)	-	()		(.,/		(000)		()		(=/		(000)		(***)
Total business-type activities	\$	(552)	\$	(320)	\$	(634)	\$	(708)	\$	(1,156)	\$	(535)	\$	(341)	\$	(494)	\$	(512)	\$	917
Total primary government	\$	50,587	\$	56,413	\$	59,394	\$	64,009	\$	65,216	\$	70,118	\$	75,741	\$	75,900	\$	80.408	\$	89,116
rotal printary government	Ψ	00,001	Ψ	00,410	Ψ	00,004	Ψ	04,000	Ψ	00,210	Ψ	70,110	Ψ	10,141	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	00,400	Ψ	00,110
Change in net position																				
Governmental activities	\$	6,388	\$	13,932	\$	17.074	\$	4,092	\$	10.068	\$	17,255	\$	18,516	\$	6,430	\$	19.009	\$	15,555
Business-type activities	+	2,598	+	4,865	+	1,138	-	34	Ŧ	(458)	+	2,454	Ŧ	1,700	+	841	+	900	Ŧ	3,909
		_,000		.,500		.,100		01		(100)		_, .0 .		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		0		500		2,500
	\$	8,986	\$	18,797	\$	18,212	\$	4,126	\$	9,610	\$	19,709	\$	20,216	\$	7,271	\$	19,909	\$	19,464
			_		_		_				_		_		_				_	

(1) Franchise fees reported in charges for services in 2007 and 2008; however, clarification determined classification proper as general revenues in 2009;
 (2) During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented resulting in adjustments to beginning net position. Periods prior to that fiscal year were not adjusted for these changes.
 (3) During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, a restatement of net position for governmental activities was reported due to changes in accounting principles and prior period adjustments. Periods prior to September 30, 2014 were not adjusted for these changes.
 (4) During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented resulting in adjustments to beginning net position. Periods prior to that fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented resulting in adjustments to beginning net position. Periods prior to that fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented resulting in adjustments to beginning net position. Periods prior to that fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented resulting in adjustments to beginning net position. Periods prior to that fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented resulting in adjustments to beginning net position.

year were not adjusted for these changes.

Schedule 3 City of Kissimmee, Florida

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (modified accrual basis of accounting) (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

	 2013	2014	2015		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	202	2
<u>General fund</u> Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$ 378 599 1,614 19,724	\$ 199 1,355 1,695 21,729	\$ 199 \$ 1,347 990 23,023	6	330 1,287 2,188 23,449	\$ 339 930 1,814 25,435	\$ 334 \$ 634 1,971 28,350	361 667 736 31,723	\$ 318 479 3,768 30,432	\$ 317 \$ 560 3,448 35,067		317 803 7,203 5,588
Total general fund	\$ 22,315	\$ 24,978	\$ 25,559 \$	6	27,254	\$ 28,518	\$ 31,289 \$	33,487	\$ 34,997	\$ 39,392 \$	44	1,911
All other governmental funds Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$ 739 15,199 42 (1,435)	\$ 762 15,863 42 (527)	\$ 802 \$ 20,123 86 (1,005)	6	839 52,800 103 (1,397)	\$ 883 48,117 59 (816)	\$ 1,033 \$ 45,341 59 (400)	995 40,641 59 (981)	\$ 1,059 31,640 59 (1,460)	\$ 1,135 \$ 37,156 76 (56)		4,898 3,014 96 (132)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 14,545	\$ 16,140	\$ 20,006 \$	6	52,345	\$ 48,243	\$ 46,033 \$	40,714	\$ 31,298	\$ 38,311 \$	62	2,876
Total fund balances all governmental funds	\$ 36,860	\$ 41,118	\$ 45,565 \$	6	79,599	\$ 76,761	\$ 77,322 \$	74,201	\$ 66,295	\$ 77,703 \$	107	7,787

Schedule 4 City of Kissimmee, Florida

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Barcenues \$ 2.5,967 \$ 27,032 \$ 26,866 \$ 28,398 \$ 29,524 \$ 31,276 \$ 32,873 \$ 33,367 \$ 36,579 \$ 40,734 Permis, fees and special assessments 4,218 2,276 \$ 3,702 \$ 3,452 \$ 5,252 \$ 5,674 \$ 5,167 \$ 3,213 \$ 2,027 \$ 5,675 \$ Intergovernmental revenues 30,014 \$ 39,955 \$ 41,969 \$ 42,524 \$ 5,838 \$ 10,050 \$ 8,811 \$ 10,027 \$ 12,216 \$ Prices and (offeitures s) 917 \$ 1,567 \$ 572 \$ 463 \$ 9,881 \$ 10,050 \$ 8,659 \$ 4,610 \$ 100,277 \$ 12,016 \$ Wiscelareoux revenues 540 50 \$ 722 766 7 743 \$ 810 \$ 106,397 \$ 120,145 \$ Endemard government \$ 16,136 \$ 16,524 \$ 22,976 \$ 21,181 \$ 24,413 \$ 26,866 \$ 24,340 \$ 25,806 \$ Public alrely 33,003 \$ 31,708 \$ 3,833 \$ 3,945 \$ 7,321 \$ 6,956 \$ 7,434 \$ 1,926 \$ 7,423 \$ 16,891 \$			2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	2019		2020		2021		2022
Permits, fees and special assessments 4.218 2.276 3.402 3.452 5.252 5.674 5.167 3.213 2.027 5.675 Intergovernmental revenues 30.014 39.955 41.566 41.969 42.524 45.836 48.997 47.542 57.318 59.580 Charges for services 910 1.561 572 455 607 3.87 10.090 8.811 10.090 8.811 10.090 8.811 10.090 8.811 10.090 8.811 10.090 8.811 10.090 8.811 10.090 8.811 10.090 8.811 10.090 8.811 10.090 8.71 10.627 12.216 10.090 8.71 10.627 12.216 10.090 8.71 10.627 12.216 10.090 8.71 10.627 12.216 10.090 8.71 10.691 13.991 44.549 49.929 48.352 16.136 8.1633 3.830 3.9433 43.991 44.549 49.929 48.952 17.739 120.145 120.145 120.145 120.145 120.145 120.143 120.143 120.143																				
special assessments 4.218 2.276 3.702 3.452 5.252 5.674 5.167 3.213 2.027 5.675 Intergovernmental revenues 30.014 33.955 41.566 41.999 42.524 45.836 48.997 7.542 59.580 Charges for services 8.288 8.397 7.930 8.689 8.483 9.881 10.090 8.71 10.627 12.216 Investment income (loss) 157 137 211 390 643 823 2.277 1.669 (53) (355) Investment income (loss) 157 137 211 390 643 823 2.277 1.669 (53) (355) General government 5 16.136 \$ 18.438 \$ 16.524 \$ 22.951 \$ 23.576 \$ 24.413 \$ 26.866 24.430 \$ 25.806 Public safety 33.003 37.067 757 429 899 1.943 1.302 997 1.468 1.937 Charling certain 1.322 1.067 7		\$	25,967	\$	27,032	\$	26,866	\$	28,398	\$	29,524	\$	31,276 \$	32,873	\$	33,367	\$	36,579	\$	40,734
Intergovermmental revenues 30.014 39.955 41.566 41.969 42.524 45.836 44.997 47.542 57.318 50.580 Charges for services 910 1.561 57.2 455 697 387 923 403 326 655 Investment income (loss) 157 137 211 390 643 823 2.277 1.669 (53) (55) Miscellaneous revenues 540 592 72.2 766 743 810 1.901 999 1.573 1.640 Total revenues 540 16.136 \$ 16.438 \$ 16.924 2.277 2.666 \$ 24.413 \$ 2.6866 \$ 24.430 \$ 2.5806 Ceneral government \$ 16.136 \$ 18.438 \$ 6.957 7.249 8.99 1.943 3.26.86 \$.24.413 \$ 2.6866 \$ 2.4.30 \$ 2.5.806 Contrace rowroment 1.1520 6.686			1 218		2 276		3 702		3 152		5 252		5 674	5 167		3 213		2 0 2 7		5 675
Charges for services 8,288 8,397 7,330 8,689 8,483 9,881 10,090 8,871 10,627 12,216 Fines and forefutures 157 137 211 390 643 823 2,277 1,669 (53) (355) Misceliancous revenues 5 70,094 \$ 79,950 \$ 81,169 \$ 81,066 \$ 94,687 \$ 102,228 \$ 96,064 \$ 108,397 \$ 120,145 Expenditures 5 70,094 \$ 79,950 \$ 81,569 \$ 23,576 \$ 21,181 \$ 24,413 \$ 26,866 \$ 24,340 \$ 25,806 Culture Recreation 1,13 16,124 13,239 10,003 10,017 10,081 11,972 9,823 11,689 1,837 Culture Recreation 1,150 6,866 7,048 7,249 899 1,943 1,002 97,743 7,127 7,436 7,767 </td <td></td>																				
Fines and forfeitures 910 1.561 572 455 697 587 923 403 326 655 Musestment income (loss) 157 137 211 390 643 823 2.277 1.669 (53) (355) Miscellaneous revenues \$ 70,094 \$ 79,950 \$ 81,669 \$ 94,887 \$ 102,228 \$ 96,064 \$ 108,037 \$ 120,145 Expenditures \$ 16,136 \$ 18,438 \$ 16,524 \$ 22,951 \$ 23,576 \$ 21,181 \$ 24,413 \$ 26,866 \$ 24,340 \$ 25,806 General government 1,322 1,067 757 429 899 1,943 1,302 997 1,468 1,937 Culture/Recreation 11,500 6,668 7,744 2,939 2,991 2,782 2,620 2,715 Principal retirement 3,661 3,906																				
Investment income (loss) 157 137 211 390 643 823 2,277 1,669 (53) (355) Miscellaneous revenues \$ 70,094 \$ 79,950 \$ 81,569 \$ 81,569 \$ 91,664 \$ 102,228 \$ 96,064 \$ 108,397 \$ 120,145 Expanditures \$ 16,136 \$ 18,438 \$ 122,251 \$ 24,413 \$ 26,866 \$ 24,430 \$ 25,806 Expanditures \$ 16,136 \$ 18,438 \$ 12,229 10,063 37,393 39,453 43,991 44,549 49,929 48,352 Transportation \$ 1131 16,186 7,048 7,754 7,231 6,956 7,543 7,127 7,486 1,837 Culture/Recreation 1,500 6,666 7,048 3,303 3,832 4,144 4,088 4,226 4,969 5,669 Profcesional f																				
Miscellaneous revenues 540 592 722 766 743 810 1,901 999 1,573 1,640 Total revenues \$ 70,094 \$ 79,950 \$ 81,569 \$ 81,866 \$ 94,687 \$ 102,228 \$ 96,064 \$ 108,397 \$ 120,145 Expenditures General government 33,003 31,708 33,638 33,906 37,393 39,453 43,991 44,549 49,929 44,354 52,806 Public safety 33,003 31,708 33,638 33,906 37,393 39,453 43,991 44,549 49,929 44,354 1,937 Clutture/Recreation 1,322 1,067 757 429 899 1,943 1,302 997 1,468 1,937 Clutture/Recreation 1,522 1,498 2,246 2,764 2,399 2,911 2,782 2,620 2,715 Professional fees																				
Total revenues \$ 70,094 \$ 79,950 \$ 81,569 \$ 84,119 \$ 87,866 \$ 94,687 \$ 102,228 \$ 96,064 \$ 108,397 \$ 120,145 Expenditures General government \$ 16,136 \$ 18,438 \$ 16,524 \$ 22,951 \$ 23,576 \$ 21,181 \$ 24,413 \$ 26,866 \$ 24,340 \$ 25,806 Public safety 33,003 31,708 33,638 33,906 37,393 39,453 43,991 44,549 49,929 48,352 Transportation 8,113 16,184 13,239 10,803 10,017 10,691 11,972 9,923 11,689 12,854 Culture/Recreation 11,500 6,686 7,048 7,546 7,221 6,956 7,543 7,127 7,436 7,767 Debt service: -																				
General government \$ 16,136 \$ 16,848 \$ 26,521 \$ 23,576 \$ 21,111 \$ 24,413 \$ 26,866 \$ 24,340 \$ 25,806 Public safety 33,003 31,708 33,663 33,906 37,393 39,453 43,991 44,549 49,292 48,352 Transportation 1,1322 1,067 757 429 899 1,943 1,302 997 1,468 1,937 Debt service: 7 7,433 7,267 429 899 1,943 1,302 997 1,468 1,937 Debt service: 7 7,432 1,488 2,276 2,291 2,782 2,620 2,777 Debt service: 7 13.32 1,352 1,498 2,246 2,764 2,939 2,991 2,782 2,620 2,776 CuturerReverse 7,762 8 86,125 7,807 88,855 96,838 101,378 111,715 <th< td=""><td>Total revenues</td><td>\$</td><td>70,094</td><td>\$</td><td>79,950</td><td>\$</td><td>81,569</td><td>\$</td><td>84,119</td><td>\$</td><td>87,866</td><td>\$</td><td>94,687 \$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td>96,064</td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td></th<>	Total revenues	\$	70,094	\$	79,950	\$	81,569	\$	84,119	\$	87,866	\$	94,687 \$		\$	96,064	\$		\$	
General government \$ 16,136 \$ 16,848 \$ 26,521 \$ 23,576 \$ 21,111 \$ 24,413 \$ 26,866 \$ 24,340 \$ 25,806 Public safety 33,003 31,708 33,663 33,906 37,393 39,453 43,991 44,549 49,292 48,352 Transportation 1,1322 1,067 757 429 899 1,943 1,302 997 1,468 1,937 Debt service: 7 7,433 7,267 429 899 1,943 1,302 997 1,468 1,937 Debt service: 7 7,432 1,488 2,276 2,291 2,782 2,620 2,777 Debt service: 7 13.32 1,352 1,498 2,246 2,764 2,939 2,991 2,782 2,620 2,776 CuturerReverse 7,762 8 86,125 7,807 88,855 96,838 101,378 111,715 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>																				
Public safety 33,003 31,708 33,638 33,906 37,393 39,453 43,991 44,549 49,929 48,352 Transportation 8,113 16,184 13,239 10,007 10,691 11,972 9,923 11,689 12,854 Culture/Recreation 1,500 6,686 7,048 7,546 7,231 6,956 7,543 7,127 7,436 7,767 Debt service: 7 757 429 899 1,443 4,088 4,226 4,969 5,669 Interest and fiscal charges 1,332 1,352 1,498 2,246 2,764 7,231 8,991 2,4762 2,620 2,715 Professional fees 2,615 6,784 1,450 6,504 10,778 14,058 15,391 10,444 43 38 16,508 101,378 111,715 102,530 \$ 105,508 Excess of revenues 7,7682 \$ 8,6155 78,007 \$ 8,8555 96,838 101,378 111,715 10,2730 \$ 102,530 \$ 105,508 Sources (usede) 7,7682 \$ 8,6157																				
Transportation 8,113 16,184 13,239 10,803 10,017 10,691 11,972 9,923 11,689 12,854 Economic environment 1,322 1,067 757 429 899 1,943 1,302 997 1,468 1,937 Debt service: Principal retirement 3,661 3,906 3,853 3,832 4,163 4,144 4,088 4,226 4,969 5,669 Interest and fiscal charges 1,332 1,352 1,498 2,246 2,764 2,939 2,991 2,782 2,620 2,715 Professional fees - - - - 438 17 13 24 23 36 390 Capital Outlay 2,615 6,784 1,450 6,604 10,778 14,058 111,175 106,937 102,530 \$ 105,508 Excess of revenues \$ (7,588) \$ (6,175) \$ 3,562 \$ (4,536) \$ (8,972) \$ (6,691) \$ (9,487) \$ (10,673) \$ 5,867 \$ 14,637 Other financing \$ 9,381 \$ 7,218		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$			\$		\$		\$	
Economic environment 1,322 1,067 757 429 899 1,943 1,302 997 1,468 1,937 Culture/Recreation 11,500 6,666 7,048 7,546 7,231 6,956 7,543 7,127 7,436 7,767 Debt service: - - - 4,163 4,144 4,088 4,226 4,969 5,669 Interest and fiscal charges 1,332 1,352 1,498 2,246 2,764 2,993 2,911 2,782 2,620 2,715 Professional fees 2 - - - 438 17 13 24 23 36 390 Capital Outlay 2.615 6,784 1,450 6,504 10,778 14,058 15,391 10,444 43 18 Excess of revenues \$ 7,7.682 \$ 86,655 \$ 9,683 \$ 101,378 \$ 10,776 14,057 Other financing \$ 9,381 \$ 7,218 \$ 12,419 \$ 51,835 \$ 11,511 <					- /															
Culture/Recreation 11,500 6,686 7,048 7,546 7,231 6,956 7,543 7,127 7,436 7,767 Debt service: nnoipal retirement 3,661 3,906 3,853 3,832 4,163 4,144 4,088 4,226 4,969 5,669 Interest and fiscal charges 1,332 1,352 1,498 2,246 2,764 2,939 2,991 2,782 2,620 2,715 Capital Outlay 2,615 6,784 1,450 6,504 10,778 14,058 15,391 10,444 43 18 Total expenditures \$ 77,682 \$ 86,125 \$ 78,007 \$ 88,655 96,838 \$ 101,378 \$ 111,715 \$ 106,937 \$ 102,530 \$ 105,508 Excess of revenues cver (under) expenditures \$ (7,588) \$ (6,175) \$ 3,562 \$ (4,536) \$ (8,972) \$ (6,691) \$ (10,873) \$ 5,867 \$ 14,637 Defter financing sources (uses) Transfers (out) \$ 9,381 \$ 7,218 \$ 12,419 \$ 51,835 \$ 11,351 \$ 10,224 \$ 10,909 \$ 10,796 \$ 11,0																				
Debt service: Principal retirement 3,601 3,900 3,853 3,832 4,163 4,144 4,088 4,226 4,969 5,669 Principal retirement 1,322 1,352 1,498 2,246 2,764 2,939 2,991 2,782 2,620 2,715 Professional fees - - - 438 17 13 24 23 36 390 Capital Outlay 2,615 6,784 1,450 6,504 10,778 14,058 15,391 10,444 43 18 Total expenditures \$ 7,7682 \$ 86,125 \$ 78,007 \$ 88,655 \$ 96,838 \$ 101,378 111,715 \$ 102,530 \$ 102,530 \$ 105,508 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (7,588) \$ (6,175) \$ 3,562 \$ (4,536) \$ (8,972) \$ (0,691) \$ (10,873) \$ 5,867 \$ 14,637 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in \$ 9,381 \$ 7,218 \$ 12,419 \$ 51,835 \$ 11,351 \$ 10,224 \$ 10,909 \$ 10,796 \$ 11,001 \$ 13,393																				
Principal retirement 3,661 3,906 3,853 3,832 4,163 4,144 4,088 4,226 4,969 5,669 Interest and fiscal charges 1,332 1,352 1,498 2,246 2,764 2,939 2,991 2,782 2,600 2,715 Professional fees			11,500		6,686		7,048		7,546		7,231		6,956	7,543		7,127		7,436		7,767
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			0.004		0.000		0.050		0.000		4 4 6 9			4 000		1 000		4 000		5 000
Professional fees Capital Outlay 2.615 6.784 1.450 6.504 $10,778$ 14.058 15.391 10.444 43 18 Total expenditures $\frac{5}{5}$ 77.682 $\frac{5}{8}$ 86.125 5 78.007 $\frac{5}{88.655}$ 96.838 $\frac{5}{101,378}$ 111.715 10.6937 $\frac{5}{106.937}$ $\frac{5}{102,530}$ $\frac{5}{105,508}$ Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures $\frac{5}{5}$ (7.588) $\frac{5}{5}$ (6.175) $\frac{3.562}{5}$ (4.536) $\frac{5}{8.972}$ (6.691) $\frac{5}{5}$ (10.873) $\frac{5}{5.867}$ $\frac{14.637}{5.867}$ Other financing sources (uses) Transfers (out) 9.381 7.218 12.419 $\frac{5}{51.835}$ 11.351 10.224 10.909 $\frac{5}{2}$ 11.001 $\frac{5}{2}$ 13.393 Transfers (out) (8.772) (6.893) (11.751) (50.716) (10.112) (9.537) (10.162) (10.184) (10.472) (12.759) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 202 508 110 147 165 126 219 2.355 1.108 $-$ Issuance of leases 1.891 $ 219$ $ 3.904$ 4.433 Issuance of leases 1.891 $ -$ Payment to bond escrow agent $ -$																				
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Total expenditures \$ 77,682 \$ 86,125 \$ 78,007 \$ 88,655 \$ 96,838 \$ 101,378 \$ 111,715 \$ 106,937 \$ 102,530 \$ 105,508 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (7,588) \$ (6,175) \$ 3,562 \$ (4,536) \$ (8,972) \$ (6,691) \$ (9,487) \$ (10,873) \$ 5,867 \$ 14,637 Other financing sources (uses) \$ (7,588) \$ (6,175) \$ 3,562 \$ (4,536) \$ (8,972) \$ (6,691) \$ (9,487) \$ (10,873) \$ 5,867 \$ 14,637 Other financing sources (uses) \$ (7,588) \$ (6,175) \$ 3,562 \$ (4,536) \$ (8,972) \$ (6,691) \$ (9,487) \$ (10,873) \$ 5,867 \$ 14,637 Other financing sources (uses) \$ 9,381 \$ 7,218 \$ 12,419 \$ 51,835 \$ 11,351 \$ 10,224 \$ 10,909 \$ 10,796 \$ 11,001 \$ 13,393 Transfers in \$ 9,381 \$ 7,218 \$ 12,419 \$ 51,835 \$ 11,351 \$ 10,224 \$ 10,909 \$ 10,796 \$ 11,001 \$ 13,393 Transfers (out) (8,772) (6,893) (11,751) (50,716) (10,112) (9,537) (10,162) (10,184) (10,472) (12,759) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 202 508 110 147 165 126 219 2,355 1,108 - Issuance of notes payable - 9,600 3,875 42,930 4,730 6,220 5,400 - - 16,350 26,730 Issuance of leases 1,891 - - 4,838 -			2 6 1 5		6 78/		1 4 5 0													
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (7,588) \$ (6,175) \$ 3,562 \$ (4,536) \$ (8,972) \$ (6,691) \$ (9,487) \$ (10,873) \$ 5,867 \$ 14,637 Other financing sources (uses) * 9,381 \$ 7,218 \$ 12,419 \$ 51,835 \$ 11,351 \$ 10,224 \$ 10,909 \$ 10,796 \$ 11,001 \$ 13,393 Transfers in Issuance of notes payable 202 508 110 147 165 126 219 2,355 1,108 - Issuance of notes payable - <		¢		¢		¢		¢		¢		¢			¢		¢	-	¢	
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over (under) expenditures \$ (7,588) \$ (6,175) \$ 3,562 \$ (4,536) \$ (8,972) \$ (6,691) \$ (9,487) \$ (10,873) \$ 5,867 \$ 14,637 Other financing sources (uses) * 9,381 \$ 7,218 \$ 12,419 \$ 51,835 \$ 11,351 \$ 10,224 \$ 10,909 \$ 10,796 \$ 11,001 \$ 13,393 Transfers in Proceeds from sale of capital assets 202 508 110 147 165 126 219 2,355 1,108 - - 6,350 26,730 42,930 4,730 6,220 5,400 - 16,350 26,730 28,730 4,433 Issuance of leases 1,891 - - - 219 - - 3,904 4,433 Issuance of leases 1,891 -	Excess of revenues																			
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Transfers (out) (8,772) (6,893) (11,751) (50,716) (10,112) (9,537) (10,162) (10,184) (10,472) (12,759) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 202 508 110 147 165 126 219 2,355 1,108 - Issuance of notes payable - 9,600 3,875 42,930 4,730 6,220 5,400 - 16,350 26,730 Issuance of leases 1,891 - - - 219 - - 3,904 4,433 Issuance premium - - - 4,838 -																				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 202 508 110 147 165 126 219 2,355 1,108 - Issuance of notes payable - 9,600 3,875 42,930 4,730 6,220 5,400 - 16,350 26,730 Issuance of notes payable - 9,600 3,875 42,930 4,730 6,220 5,400 - 16,350 26,730 Issuance of leases 1,891 - - - 219 - - 3,904 4,433 Issuance premium - - - - 219 - - 3,904 4,433 Payment to bond escrow agent -		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$					\$		\$		\$	
Issuance of notes payable - 9,600 3,875 42,930 4,730 6,220 5,400 - 16,350 26,730 Issuance of leases 1,891 - - - 219 - - 3,904 4,433 Issuance premium - - 4,838 - - - 3,904 4,433 Payment to bond escrow agent - - (10,464) - - - (16,350) (16,350) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 2,702 \$ 10,433 \$ 885 \$ 38,570 \$ 6,134 \$ 7,252 \$ 6,366 \$ 2,967 \$ 5,541 \$ 15,447 Net change in fund balances \$ (4,886) \$ 4,447 \$ 34,034 \$ (2,838) \$ 561 \$ (3,121) \$ (7,906) \$ 11,408 \$ 30,084 Debt service as a percentage of - - - - - - - - - - - -																				(12,759)
Issuance of leases 1,891 - - 219 - - 3,904 4,433 Issuance premium - - 4,838 - - - - 3,904 4,433 Payment to bond escrow agent - - - 4,838 -			202													2,355				
Issuance premium - - 4,838 -			-		9,600		3,875		42,930		4,730			5,400		-				
Payment to bond escrow agent - - (3,768) (10,464) - - - (16,350) (16,350) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 2,702 \$ 10,433 \$ 885 \$ 38,570 \$ 6,134 \$ 7,252 \$ 6,366 \$ 2,967 \$ 5,541 \$ 15,447 Net change in fund balances \$ (4,886) \$ 4,447 \$ 34,034 \$ (2,838) \$ 561 \$ (3,121) \$ (7,906) \$ 11,408 \$ 30,084 Debt service as a percentage of			1,891		-		-		-		-		219	-		-		3,904		4,433
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 2,702 \$ 10,433 \$ 885 \$ 38,570 \$ 6,134 \$ 7,252 \$ 6,366 \$ 2,967 \$ 5,541 \$ 15,447 Net change in fund balances \$ (4,886) \$ 4,258 \$ 4,447 \$ 34,034 \$ (2,838) \$ 561 \$ (3,121) \$ (7,906) \$ 11,408 \$ 30,084 Debt service as a percentage of			-		-		-				-		-	-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances \$ (4,886) \$ 4,258 \$ 4,447 \$ 34,034 \$ (2,838) \$ 561 \$ (3,121) \$ (7,906) \$ 11,408 \$ 30,084 Debt service as a percentage of		-	-		-	-					-	•		-	•	-				
Debt service as a percentage of	I otal other financing sources (uses)	\$	2,702	\$	10,433	\$	885	\$	38,570	\$	6,134	\$	7,252 \$	6,366	\$	2,967	\$	5,541	\$	15,447
	Net change in fund balances	\$	(4,886)	\$	4,258	\$	4,447	\$	34,034	\$	(2,838)	\$	561 \$	(3,121)	\$	(7,906)	\$	11,408	\$	30,084
	Debt service as a percentage of																			
			8.4%		7.1%		8.3%		9.0%		9.4%		9.2%	8.9%		8.1%		8.6%		9.2%

Schedule 5 City of Kissimmee, Florida

ASSESSED AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

	A	ssessed Values	<u> </u>					
Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Total	Less: Tax Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2013	2,776,988	469,255	3,246,243	1,071,233	2,175,010	4.6253	2,175,010	149.252%
2014	2,894,416	423,367	3,317,783	1,051,534	2,266,249	4.6253	2,266,249	146.400%
2015	3,046,246	430,402	3,476,648	1,057,067	2,419,581	4.6253	2,419,581	143.688%
2016	3,221,933	432,684	3,654,617	1,051,050	2,603,567	4.6253	2,603,567	140.370%
2017	3,672,184	565,323	4,237,507	1,261,016	2,976,491	4.6253	2,976,491	142.366%
2018	4,096,454	545,629	4,642,083	1,355,470	3,286,613	4.6253	3,286,613	141.242%
2019	4,576,175	657,682	5,233,857	1,555,998	3,677,859	4.6253	3,677,859	142.307%
2020	4,942,470	668,059	5,610,529	1,622,804	3,987,725	4.6253	3,987,725	140.695%
2021	5,349,402	741,001	6,090,403	1,743,350	4,347,053	4.6253	4,347,053	140.104%
2022	5,995,371	756,969	6,752,340	1,355,470	5,396,870	4.6253	5,396,870	125.116%

Source: Osceola County Property Appraiser's Office.

Note: Property is reassessed each year by the Osceola County Property Appraiser. Property is assessed at actual value, therefore the assessed values are equal to the actual values. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

Schedule 6 City of Kissimmee, Florida

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years (per \$1,000 of Assessed Taxable Value)

		Oso	ceola County				
Fiscal Year	City of Kissimmee Florida	Covernment	Libron	School	Okeechobee and Everglades Basins	South Florida Water Mgmt. Dist.	Total
		Government	Library	Board			
2013	4.625	6.700	0.257	7.454	0.253	0.176	19.465
2014	4.625	6.700	0.257	7.375	0.243	0.169	19.369
2015	4.625	6.700	0.257	7.261	0.227	0.158	19.228
2016	4.625	6.700	0.257	6.905	0.195	0.136	18.818
2017	4.625	6.700	0.257	6.905	0.195	0.136	18.818
2018	4.625	6.700	0.300	6.411	0.173	0.129	18.338
2019	4.625	6.700	0.300	6.240	0.164	0.115	18.144
2020	4.625	6.700	0.300	6.026	0.157	0.110	17.918
2021	4.625	6.700	0.300	5.897	0.151	0.133	17.806
2022	4.625	6.700	0.300	5.516	0.135	0.095	17.371

Source: Osceola County Tax Collector's Office.

Schedule 7 City of Kissimmee, Florida

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	т	otal Tax Levy	Current Tax Ilections	Percent of Levy Collected	nquent Tax ections	otal Tax llections	Total Collections as a Percent of Current Levy
2013	\$	10,060	\$ 9,357	93.0%	\$ 394	\$ 9,751	96.9%
2014		10,496	9,629	91.7%	516	10,145	96.7%
2015		11,191	10,470	93.6%	419	10,889	97.3%
2016		12,048	11,191	92.9%	429	11,620	96.4%
2017		12,732	11,937	93.8%	338	12,275	96.4%
2018		13,720	12,617	92.0%	611	13,228	96.4%
2019		15,143	14,140	93.4%	467	14,607	96.5%
2020		16,999	15,780	92.8%	604	16,384	96.4%
2021		18,411	17,279	93.9%	459	17,738	96.3%
2022		20,081	18,943	94.3%	383	19,326	96.2%

Souce: Osceola County Tax Collector's Office.

Schedule 8 City of Kissimmee, Florida

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS **Current Year and Nine Years Ago** (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

	-		 Fiscal Ye	ar 2021 / 2022 (a)	 Fiscal Yea	r 2012 / 2013 (b)
Property Description	Use	Taxpayer	Taxable Value	Percent of Total Taxable Value	Rank	Taxable Value	Percent of Total Taxable Value	Rank
Local hospital	Medical care	Osceola Regional Hospital, Inc.	\$ 129,884	24.61%	1	\$ 62,205	26.22%	1
Apartment complex	Rentals	CLPF Sonceto (Kissimmee) Owner	63,339	12.00%	2	-	-	
Apartment complex	Rentals	LLC	60,280	11.42%	3	-	-	
Apartment complex	Rentals	BMF IV FL Lake Tivoli	46,929	8.89%	4	-	-	
Apartment complex	Rentals	Continental 330 Fund LLC	42,892	8.13%	5	-	-	
Apartment complex	Rentals	FL Arrow Ridge Apts	38,924	7.38%	6	-	-	
Retail store	Merchandising	Loop West LLC	37,728	7.15%	7	29,635	12.49%	3
Apartment complex	Rentals	Kissimmee Lakes Owner	37,314	7.07%	8	-	-	
Retail store	Merchandising	PR Kissimmee Active Adult	35,474	6.72%	9	-	-	
Apartment complex	Rentals	1880 Destiny Blvd	34,977	6.63%	10	-	-	
Retail store	Merchandising	Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	-	-		20,746	8.75%	5
Condominiums	Rentals	G&I Vineyards LLC	-	-		29,928	12.62%	2
Condominiums	Timeshare sales	Oak Plantation Realty Partners	-	-		35,418	10.71%	4
Apartment complex	Rentals	Alliance HTFL Ltd Partnership	-	-		18,603	7.84%	6
Apartment complex	Rentals	Fountainhead Phase I, Inc.	-	-		18,471	7.79%	7
Apartment complex	Rentals	Dalcor Reef Club Apartments	-	-		16,305	6.87%	8
Apartment complex	Rentals	MPG Osceola Ltd	-	-		14,612	6.16%	9
Apartment complex	Rentals	Grande Court Associates	 			 1,296	0.55%	10
		Totals	\$ 527,741	100.00%		\$ 247,219	100.00%	

(a) The fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 tax levy is based on the 2021 taxable value.(b) The fiscal year ended September 30, 2013 tax levy is based on the 2012 taxable value.

Source: Osceola County Property Appraiser's Office.

Schedule 9 City of Kissimmee, Florida

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollar amounts of debt are expressed in thousands)

									-		I	Business-type					
			Govern	me	ntal Activitie	es					_	Activities	_				
Fiscal Year	ا 	Tax Revenue Bonds	Sales Tax Revenue Notes	C	Commercial Notes		Covenant Revenue Notes	eases ayable		Financed Purchases		Financed Purchases		Total Primary Government	City of Kissimmee Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2013	\$	287	\$ 22,935	\$	-	\$	20,378	\$ -	\$	1,707	\$	441	\$	45,748	\$ 1,799,661	2.5%	0.72
2014		256	30,835		-		18,928	-		1,338		292		51,649	1,874,438	2.8%	0.80
2015		224	28,780		-		17,882	-		963		141		47,990	1,958,685	2.5%	0.72
2016		47,508	26,630		-		6,945	-		582		-		81,665	2,032,013	3.8%	1.14
2017		46,161	24,390		4,730		6,595	-		195		-		82,071	2,092,934	3.5%	1.04
2018		44,778	22,065		10,950		6,235	-		177		-		84,205	2,141,987	3.9%	1.18
2019		43,358	19,655		16,350		5,855	-		138		-		85,356	2,232,608	3.6%	1.09
2020		41,902	17,170		16,350		5,455	-		92		-		80,969	2,221,354	3.6%	1.11
2021		40,389	14,590		16,350		5,045	-		3,369		-		79,743	2,437,132	3.3%	1.01
2022		65,395	11,915		-		4,620	4,009		2,802		-		88,741	2,460,697	3.4%	1.01

Sources: Population and personal income data from University of Florida, Bureau of Economics and Business Research. Annual increases for CPI of 3%.

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt limitation: There are no legal debt limits for Florida municipalities.

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Schedule 10 City of Kissimmee, Florida

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL DEBT

September 30, 2022

(dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

Taxing District		et Debt standing	Estimated Overlapping (1)	City	's Share of Debt
Osceola County School District State School Bonds:					
State School Bonds. Series 2011ARFD	\$	165	11.0%	\$	18
Series 2011ARFD Series 2014A	φ	559	11.0%	φ	61
Series 2014A Series 2017ARFD		536	11.0%		59
District Revenue Bonds:		550	11.070		59
		10 500	11.0%		1 404
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015		13,582	11.0%		1,494 636
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017		5,785	11.0%		030
Capital Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017		<u> </u>	11.0%		7 000
		66,575	11.0%		7,323
Capital Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series		CO 400	44.00/		7 500
2021 Cartificates of Dartisingtion		68,180	11.0%		7,500
Certificates of Participation:		0.000	44.00/		240
Series 2013A		2,820	11.0%		310
Series 2014A		3,605	11.0%		397
Series 2015A		2,990	11.0%		329
Series 2017A		38,335	11.0%		4,217
Series 2020A		3,190	11.0%		351
Series 2021A		20,885	11.0%		2,297
Qualified School Construction Bonds:					
Series 2010A		40,500	11.0%		4,455
Education Benefit Districts:					
Bellalago Benefit District		7,351	11.0%		809
Total Osceola County School District		275,058	11.0%		30,256
Osceola County Limited General Obligation Debt, Series 2006		4,285	12.3%		527
Environmental Land, Series 2010		7,680	12.3%		945
•		11,965	12.3%		1,472
Total Osceola County		11,905	12.3%		1,472
Total Overlapping Debt	\$	287,023		\$	31,728
Total Direct Governmental Activities Debt	\$	88,740	100.0%		88,740
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	375,763		\$	120,468

Sources: Osceola County Finance Department. City of Kissimmee Finance Department. Osceola County School Board Finance Department.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Kissimmee, Florida. This process recognizes that when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(1) Allocated on the basis of assessed values used for the purpose of ad valorem taxation.

Schedule 11 City of Kissimmee, Florida

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollar amounts are expressed in thousands)

	Exc	ise Tax	Revenu	e Bond	s			Sale	s Tax Rev	enue E	Bonds	
		Debt	Service	Requir	ements			Deb	ot Service	Requir	ements	
Fiscal Year	 ise Tax /enues	Prir	ncipal	Int	erest	Coverage	 les Tax venues	Pr	incipal	In	terest	Coverage
2013	\$ 166	\$	29	\$	16	3.69	\$ 4,759	\$	1,630	\$	676	2.06
2014	211		31		14	4.69	6,211		1,700		742	2.54
2015	176		32		13	3.91	6,642		2,055		859	2.28
2016	301		34		12	4.37	7,102		2,150		803	2.41
2017	292		36		10	6.35	7,408		2,240		743	2.48
2018	271		37		8	6.02	6,715		2,325		728	2.20
2019	266		39		6	5.91	8,144		2,410		671	2.64
2020	270		25		4	8.18	7,048		2,485		596	1.91
2021	286		26		3	8.67	8,555		2,580		519	2.76
2022	198		28		1	6.00	10,783		2,675		439	3.46

(1) Pledged revenues are half-cent sales tax, public service taxes, and communication services taxes; however, debt service paid from local option sales tax, CRA fund, Mobility Fund, and gas taxes.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Source: City of Kissimmee Finance Department.

Continued on next page

Тах	Revenue	Bonds ((1)	۱

Debt Service Requirements

Fiscal Year	Re	evenues (1)	Principal		Ir	nterest	Coverage		
2013	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-		
2014		-		-		-	-		
2015		-		-		-	-		
2016		11,487		450		1,199	6.97		
2017		11,897		1,150		1,813	4.02		
2018		12,297		1,185		1,779	4.15		
2019		12,458		1,220		1,739	4.21		
2020		11,708		1,270		1,691	3.95		
2021		12,692		1,325		1,640	4.28		
2022		14,076		1,535		2,012	3.97		

Schedule 12 City of Kissimmee, Florida

	Last Ten Fiscal Years										
Fiscal Population Year (1)		Per Capita Personal Income (2)			Personal Income (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)				
2013	63,662	\$	28,269	\$	1,799,661	57,639	6.6%				
2014	64,365		29,122		1,874,438	58,851	5.3%				
2015	66,592		29,413		1,958,685	64,689	5.5%				
2016	68,401		29,707		2,032,013	62,648	4.8%				
2017	69,962		29,915		2,092,934	65,179	3.6%				
2018	72,163		30,125		2,141,987	67,796	3.2%				
2019	74,800		30,336		2,232,608	69,114	3.2%				
2020	75,644		30,548		2,221,354	69,713	6.9%				
2021	79,226		30,762		2,437,132	75,343	4.5%				
2022	79,436		30,977		2,460,697	75,571	2.9%				

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Sources:

- (1) U.S. Census of Population and Housing. University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research, "Florida Statistical Abstract".
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Information System. The actual per capita personal income is for Osceola County. The per capita figures are multiplied by the population to determine the total personal income.
- (3) Osceola County School Board. (Enrollment is determined in February of each year at the conclusion of the full-time equivalent survey period) http://www.osceolaschools.net/departments/businessfiscalservices/budget/f_t e_enrollment/
- (4) Florida Agency for Workforce Innovation, Labor Market Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Orlando-Kissimmee (Lake, Orange, Osceola & Seminole) http://www.labormarketinfo.com/library/laus/MSAs/LFSoct2.xls

Schedule 13 City of Kissimmee, Florida

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS ¹ Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	_	Fiscal Y	ear 2021 / 2022	(1)	Fiscal	Year 2012 / 201	2013					
Employer	Business	Employees	Percent of Total City Employment	Rank	Employees	Percent of Total City Employment	Rank					
Osceola County School District	Education	7,900	9.61%	1	7,087	11.13%	1					
Walt Disney Company	Entertainment	3,400	4.14%	2	3,700	5.81%	2					
Adventist Health System	Healthcare	2,998	3.65%	3	-							
HCA Healthcare	Healthcare	2,190	2.67%	4	1,357	2.13%	5					
Osceola County Government	Government	1,410	1.72%	5	1,311	2.06%	6					
Buena Vista Construction	Construction	1,296	1.58%	6	-							
McLane/Suneast	Distribution	1,270	1.55%	7	900	1.41%	8					
Lowe's Distribution Center Jr. Davis Construction	Distribution	1,035	1.26%	8	-							
Company	Construction	928	1.13%	9	-							
Omni Orlando Resort	Hospitality	831	1.01%	10	900	1.41%	9					
Walmart Stores	Retail	-			2,730	4.29%	3					
Gaylord Palms	Hospitality	-			1,445	2.27%	4					
Publix Supermarket	Retail	-			1,350	2.12%	7					
City of Kissimmee	Government	-			684	1.07%	10					
Total		23,258	:		21,464	:						

Sources: (1) Osceola County Office of Economic Development

Schedule 14 City of Kissimmee, Florida

		Full-time Equivalent Employees as of September 30									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
<u>General government</u>											
Central Services	34	35	35	32	35	35	40	42	40	41	
City Attorney	3	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
City Commission	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
City Manager	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	14	14	16	
Finance	12	12	13	12	13	13	13	13	14	14	
Personnel	8	8	8	12	10	10	9	10	10	10	
Public safety											
Fire	105	105	105	106	112	112	113	111	112	113	
Police	199	201	204	208	208	210	227	230	233	236	
Law Enforcement Grant	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
School Crossing Guard	11	11	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Physical environment											
Public Works	38	40	40	40	39	40	41	45	40	36	
Sanitation	26	26	26	26	27	27	27	28	29	29	
Stormwater	30	34	33	34	34	36	36	37	37	35	
Transportation											
Airport	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Local Option Gas Tax	12	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	13	12	
Economic Environment											
Development Services	23	23	24	31	33	33	33	40	40	38	
Community Development											
Blk Grant	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	
Culture / Recreation											
Parks & Recreation	78	80	82	85	69	67	68	68	70	70	
Civic Center		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total	611	621	628	645	628	631	655	673	675	675	

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: City of Kissimmee Office of Management and Budget. Budgeted full-time equivalents.

Public Safety: Police - 20 auxillary officers (unpaid positions) have been excluded.

Schedule 15 City of Kissimmee, Florida

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Building Inspections Building permits issued	2,964	4,099	4,206	4,371	5,894	7,855	5,374	5,564	7,174	11,576
<u>Law Enforcement</u> Physical arrests Traffic and parking violations	2,221 14,499	2,498 11,613	1,964 11,390	1,848 9,603	2,022 11,225	2,160 7,449	2,262 7,083	1,870 4,536	2,241 9,907	2,255 12,265
Fire Emergency responses Fire incidents Emergency medical services incidents Fire safety inspections Fire plan reviews	11,273 257 9,553 740 760	11,875 244 9,863 995 871	12,191 226 10,194 888 1,065	12,879 274 10,547 968 1,041	13,394 334 10,988 1,326 1,002	13,322 273 10,562 1,345 889	13,817 231 11,113 1,193 853	12,131 269 9,699 680 719	14,542 276 11,654 1,054 897	15,041 294 12,041 1,619 1,087
<u>Other Public Works</u> Street resurfacing (tons of asphalt) Other street repairs (tons of asphalt) 1	3,013 40,104	3,582 193	5,134 109	- 175	1,524 107	3,067 96	1,524 119	2,589 558	- 296	-

Note: Indicators are not currently available for the general government and culture/recreation functions.

Source: Various City Departments.

(1) In FY 2012 and 2013, microsurfacing utilized sq. yd measurement replacing tons of asphalt measurement.

In FY 2016 and FY 2022, there was no street resurfacing done by the City. All resurfacing was done by the Florida Department of Transportation.

Schedule 16 City of Kissimmee, Florida

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Transportation										
Miles of streets (lane miles)	342	342	486	352	352	356	358	407	459	459
Refuse collection trucks	17	16	16	16	17	18	18	18	18	18
Other public works										
Traffic signals	52	52	52	52	52	52	50	51	42	42
Highways (miles)	17	17	15	8	8	8	8	8	10	10
Public Safety										
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units:										
Marked vehicles	126	131	118	120	127	140	147	147	124	136
Motorcycles	6	6	3	3	3	3	7	7	7	7
Parks and Recreation										
Park acreage	832	832	832	832	885	885	885	885	885	885
Number of regional parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of large urban parks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of community parks	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Number of neighborhood parks	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Number of special use parks	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: Various City Departments.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kissimmee, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that are not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as **2022-01 Period End Closing Routine for Financial Reporting** that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

City of Kissimmee, Florida's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis Gray

May 23, 2023 Ocala, Florida

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Kissimmee, Florida's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the Office of Management and Budget *Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material non-compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material non-compliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material non-compliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Non-compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis Gray

May 23, 2023 Ocala, Florida

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended September 30, 2022

Agency/Program	Assistance Listing #	Grant #	Federal Expenditures	Through to Subrecipients
FEDERAL AWARDS				
Clustered Child Nutrition Cluster <u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed through the Florida Dept of Agriculture and Consumer Ser School Broakfact Brogram	vices 10.553		\$ 99,846	\$ 99.846
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	10.555		۶ 99,640 417,660	۶ 99,840 417,660
Supply Chain Assistance Funding	10.555		<u>18,304</u> 435,964	18,304 435,964
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Clu	ster		535,810	535,810
Not Clustered <u>U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development</u> CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster				
Community Development Block Grant 2015	14.218	B-15-MC-12-0051	90,606	29,852
Community Development Block Grant 2018 Community Development Block Grant 2019	14.218 14.218	B-18-MC-12-0051 B-19-MC-12-0051	125,587 166,089	- 146,759
Community Development Block Grant 2020	14.218	B-20-MC-12-0051	38,359	35,892
Community Development Block Grant 2021	14.218	B-21-MC-12-0051	403,104	213,933
Subtotal			823,745	426,436
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.000	Link	101 100	
Home Investment Partnerships Program 2020 Subtotal	14.239	Unk	<u> </u>	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Developmen	nt		988,177	426,436
U.S. Department of Justice Passed through the Florida Office of the Attorney General Victims of Crime Act	16.575	VOCA2021-City of Kissimmee - 00575	58,331	
Bulletproof Vest Partnership	16.607	Unk	11,830	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Subtotal	16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738	2022-JAGC-OSCE-1-3B-150 2021-JAGC-OSCE-3-5R-147 2021-JAGC-OSCE-2-5R-149 2020-JAG-DJ-BX-0767	17,450 27,644 6,505 <u>26,121</u> 77,720	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			147,881	-
U.S. Department of Transportation Airport Improvement Program Airport Improvement Program - ARPA Airport Improvement Program Airport Improvement Program Subtotal	20.106 20.106 20.106 20.106	3-12-0038-040-2021 COVID-19 3-12-0038-041-2022 3-12-0038-42-2022 3-12-0038-037-2020	293,090 148,000 38,232 2,204,152 2,683,474	
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Passed through the Florida Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Subtotal	20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205	439084-1-58-01/G1W42 437472-2-38-01/G2473 434916-1-48-01/G0I40 430225-1-38-90/AQQ79	297,735 386,275 408,314 158,372 1,250,696	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			3,934,170	
<u>U.S. Department of the Treasury</u> Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Total U.S. Department of the Treasury	21.027	COVID-19 SLT-3338	4,327,825 4,327,825	-
U.S. Department of Homeland Security / FEMA Passed thru the Florida Department of Emergency Management Public Assistance - Hurricane Dorian	97.036	PA-00-06-59-01-064	1,835 *	
Passed thru the Florida Department of Emergency Management Homeland Security Grant Program Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	97.067	R0500	31,312 ** 33,147	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 9,967,010	<u>\$ 962,246</u>

Continued

CITY OF KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 Basis of Presentation

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Kissimmee, Florida, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 Indirect Cost Rate

The City of Kissimmee has elected not to use the de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the OMB Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 Differences between Timing of Expenditures and Reporting on SEFA

* Expenditures for Hurricane Dorian occurred in FY2019; however, project amounts were obligated and paid in FY22.

** Amount presented is value of equipment received from the sub-grantee, Orange County Sheriff's Office, during 2021.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS CITY OF KISSIMMEE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's Report Issued:	Unmodified
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	No Yes
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards	
Internal Control Over Major Programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	No None reported
Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance for Major Programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with CFR 200.516(A)	No
Identification of Major Programs:	
Federal Program	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Community Development Block Grant U.S. Department of Treasury	Assistance Listing No. 14.218
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	Assistance Listing No. 21.027
Dollar Threshold Used to Distinguish Between Type A and Type B Programs – Federal Programs	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee pursuant to the Uniform Guidance?	Yes

Other Issues

The following statement, as applicable to the situation, may be required in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs:

No summary schedule of prior audit findings is required because there were no prior audit findings related to Federal Programs.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS CITY OF KISSIMMEE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

1. <u>Findings Related to the Financial Statements Required to be Reported under Generally Accepted</u> <u>Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS)</u>

2022-01 Period End Closing Routine for Financial Reporting (significant deficiency) (Updated from previous year's 2021 recommendation).

For the past several years the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) has been issued subsequent to the March deadline, more than a full 6 months after year-end, which is an indication that the City's monthly and year-end closing routines are not functioning as intended. Accurate and timely financial reporting is dependent upon regular monthly and year-end closing routine procedures. This includes timely reconciliations and analysis of key financial statement accounts to facilitate interim and year-end financial reporting.

During our audit process, we identified several areas where reconciliations were incomplete, requiring journal entries to accurately report year-end financial information:

- Capital Assets
- GASB 87, Leases
- Allowance for Doubtful accounts
- Grant Reporting
- Investments

In summary, we recommend management review their monthly and year-end close processes for areas of improvement and all other areas to ensure timely and more frequent reporting and preparation of the year-end financial statements. After this initial review has been completed with changes implemented, we would expect these efforts to benefit the City for many years.

2. Findings and Questioned Costs for Major Federal Programs

Noted no current year recommendations.

PURVIS GRAY

MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Kissimmee, Florida (the City) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated May 23, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. See Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Current Year Finding #	2021-2022 FY Finding #	2019-2021 FY Finding #
2022-1	2021-1	2019-1

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City was established

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

in 1907 and incorporated in 1937, under the legal authority of the Laws of Florida 18623. The Kissimmee Community Redevelopment Agency is considered a blended component unit and was established pursuant to Chapter 163 of the Florida Statutes. The three pension plans are not considered component units since they are not legally separate entities.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. Please see Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for such recommendation.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal, state, and other granting agencies and pass-through entities, the Mayor and City Commission Members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Purvis Gray

May 23, 2023 Ocala, Florida

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES – INVESTMENT OF PUBLIC FUNDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Kissimmee Kissimmee, Florida

We have examined the City of Kissimmee, Florida's (the City) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, as required by Section 10.556 (10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies and pass-through entities, the Mayor and City Commission Members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Purvis Gray

May 23, 2023 Ocala, Florida

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FINANCE DEPARTMENT

101 CHURCH STREET - KISSIMMEE, FLORIDA 34741 - 407.518.2210

May 23, 2023

City of Kissimmee City Commission 101 Church Street Kissimmee, Florida 34741

Re: Response to Auditor's Management Letter Comment

Honorable Mayor and Commissioners,

The following is the response to the independent auditor's management letter comment: **2022-01 Period End Closing Routine for Financial Reporting (significant deficiency)**

Management's Response

The Finance Department has a new staff member in 10 of its 14 authorized positions. Most Finance Departments struggle to close on time even without the complications of losing a combined 60 years of institutional knowledge, implementing a full suite Enterprise Resource Planning system, and new GASB pronouncements all while trying to play catch up. In fully staffed years and absent all of the aforementioned complications, the City's closing routine was an issue of contention. Despite continuing to work through issues with the new software making routine transactions difficult and delayed, this past year an annual audit task list was used to guide the closing process. Timing this year was also exacerbated by scheduling and engagement management.

Finance agrees that accurate and timely financial reporting is dependent upon regular and monthly and year-end closing routine procedures. We have evaluated our period end closing routine process and implemented a monthly close process in conjunction with the year-end process incorporated this year. Furthermore, staff has already began catch up reconciliation efforts to ensure timely reporting despite tremendous setbacks.

Respectfully Submitted,

Steal no

Tavia Ritchie, CPA, CGFO Finance Director

Cc: Purvis Gray & Company Auditor General, State of Florida



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CITY OF KISSIMMEE

Finance Department

101 Church Street . Kissimmee, Florida 34741-5054 . Phone 407-518-2210 . FAX 407-518-2208

IMPACT FEE AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Tavia Ritchie, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer of City of Kissimmee which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida.
- 2. The governing body of City of Kissimmee adopted (Ordinance No. 1067 implementing an impact fee or authorized City of Kissimmee to receive and expend proceeds of an impact fee implemented by City of Kissimmee.
- 3. City of Kissimmee has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF OSCEOLA SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this 💥 day of 2nil___, 2023. NOTARY PUBLIC Print Name Debora Personally known _____ or produced identification ______ Type of identification produced: My Commission Expires: